

SESSION NO: 5

CLASS :IV

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 4

CHAPTER NAME : THE NORTHERN PLAINS

SUBTOPIC : CLASS TEST, MAP WORK

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Children will come to know about-

- They will have a practice and idea for the class test.**
- They will come to know about the patterns.**

CLASS TEST

Fill in the blanks: (1X5=5)

1. The rivers bring with them fine soil is called _____.
2. The _____ dam has been built on the Satluj river.
3. The Brahmaputra river starts from the Tibet, where it is known as _____.
4. The famous Golden temple is situated in the city of _____.
5. _____ and Bodh gaya are cities of historical importance in Bihar.

Fill in the blanks:

1. The rivers bring with them fine soil is called _____.

Ans. alluvium

2. The _____ dam has been built on the Satluj river.

Ans. Bhakra nangal

3. The Brahmaputra river starts from the Tibet, where it is known as _____.

Ans. Tsangpo

4. The famous Golden temple is situated in the city of _____.

Ans. Amritsar

5. _____ and Bodh gaya are cities of historical importance in Bihar.

Ans. Nalanda

Answer the following questions: (2x5=10)

1. Define: Alluvium
2. What do you mean by a river basin ? Which river basins makes up the Northern Plains?
3. Why dams are very useful? (Any two)
4. Name five tributaries of the river Ganga.
5. Define Delta. Which is the largest delta in the world?

Answer the following questions:

1. Define: Alluvium

Ans. The fine soil brought by the rivers from mountains or hills.

2. What do you mean by a river basin ? Which river basins make up the Northern Plains.

Ans. An area watered by a river and its tributaries is called a basin.

The river basins which make up the northern plains are:

- The Satluj basin
- The Ganga basin
- The Brahmaputra basin.

Q3. Why dams are very useful?

Ans. Dams are very useful because:

- a. It is used for producing electricity.**
- b. Dams are usually constructed to store water.**
- C. used for irrigation.**
- d. flood control**

Q4.Name five tributaries of the river Ganga.

Ans. Five tributaries of the river Ganga are:

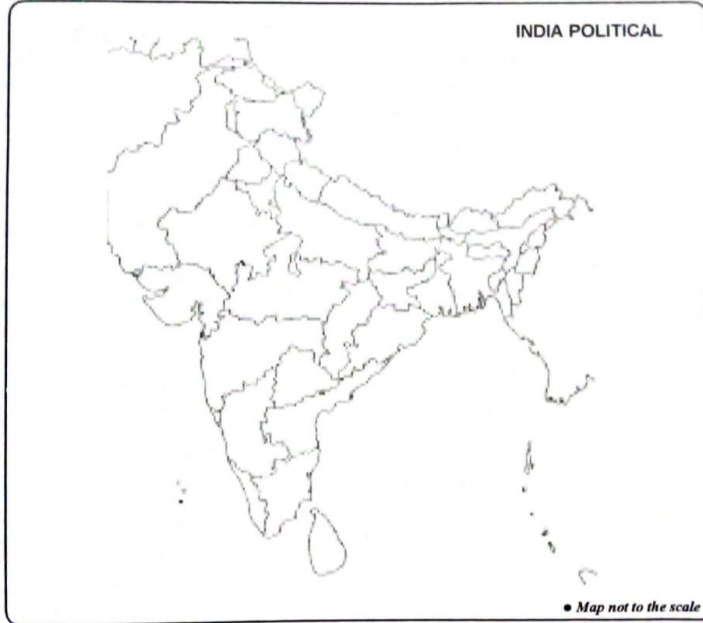
- Yamuna
- Gandak
- Ghagra
- Kosi
- Gomti

Q5. Define Delta. Which is the largest delta in the world?

Ans. Delta is a triangular-shaped landforms formed where a river flows into the sea.

The Sundarban Delta is the world's largest delta.

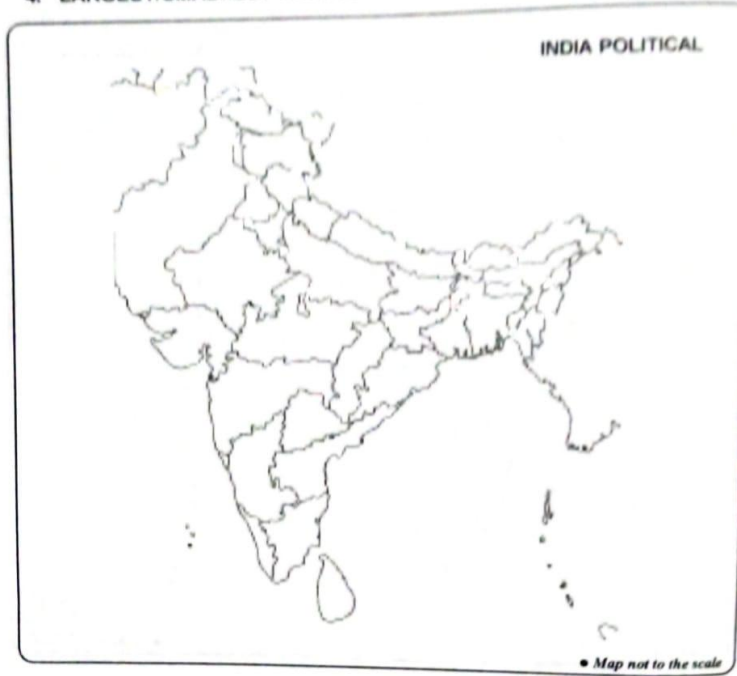
3. NEIGHBOURING STATES



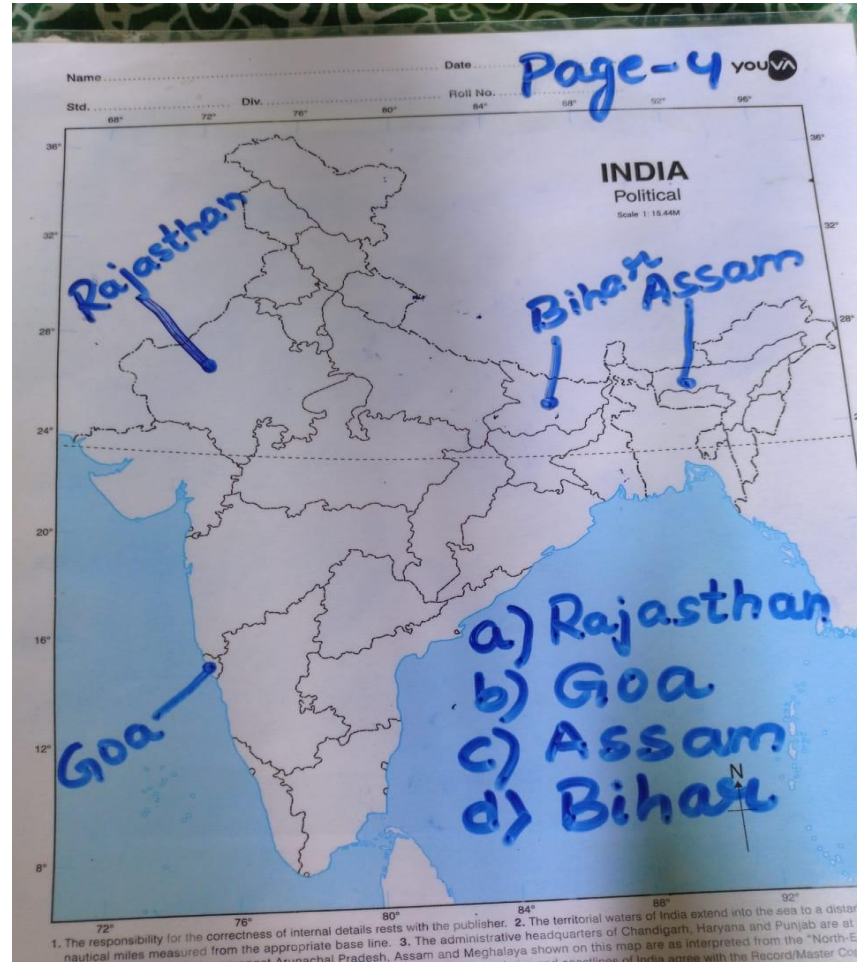
1. On the given outline map, locate/mention:
 - a) Neighbouring states of your Native state.
 - b) Neighbouring states of Madhya Pradesh.
 - c) Neighbouring states of West Bengal.



4. LARGEST/SMALLEST STATES



1. On the given outline map, locate:
 - a) The Largest State.
 - b) The Smallest State.
 - c) One N-Eastern State.
 - d) A state that shares boundary with Nepal.



1. The responsibility for the correctness of internal details rests with the publisher. 2. The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of 12 nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line. 3. The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are at Chandigarh. 4. The administrative headquarters of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 5. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 6. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 7. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 8. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 9. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India. 10. The boundaries of India shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-East India" map of the Survey of India.

<https://wordwall.net/resource/19946801>

LEARNING OUTCOME:

- Children will be able to -
- locate the state and its neighbouring state.
 - self evaluate

THANKING YOU
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