

SESSION NO: 2

CLASS :IV

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 4

CHAPTER NAME : THE NORTHERN PLAINS

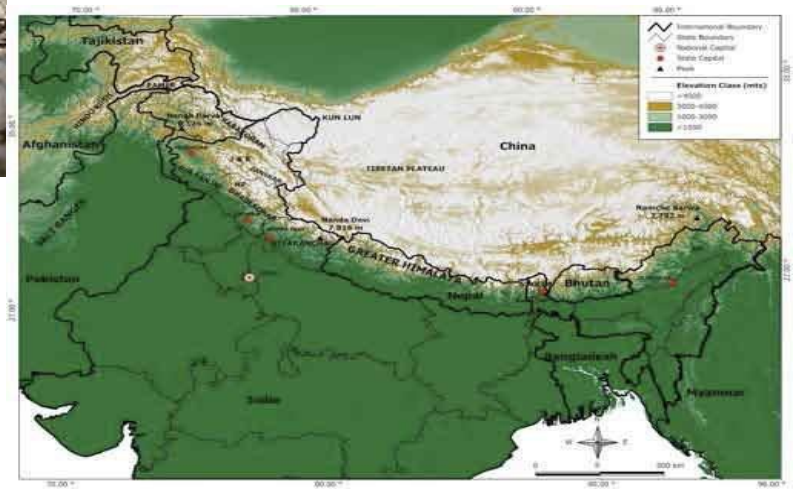
**SUBTOPIC : Life in the Northern Plains - Uttar Pradesh,
Bihar**

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Children will come to know about-

- Life lead by the people of Uttar Pradesh, Bihar
- Festivals belongs to the states.
- Occupations



Recapitulations:

Q. Punjab is fed by the _____, _____, _____ rivers.

Ans. Satluj, Ravi and Beas.

Q.The famous Golden Temple is situated in the city of _____.

Ans. Amritsar

Q. Name some main festivals celebrated in Punjab.

Ans. Gurburb, Baisakhi, Holi and Diwali.

Q. Where is Haryana situated?

Ans. Haryana is situated in the Satluj Basin.

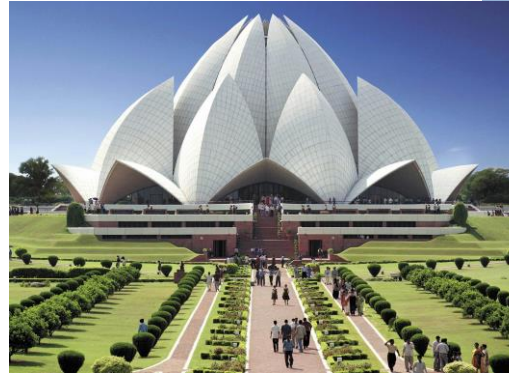
Delhi

- ❑ **Delhi is the capital of India.**
- ❑ **The offices of the President and Prime Minister of India, and all Central Government offices are located in New Delhi.**
- ❑ **The main languages spoken- Hindi, English, Punjabi and Urdu.**



There are many monuments of historical importance in Delhi

- Qutb Minar
- Red Fort
- Jama Masjid
- India Gate
- Jantar Mantar
- the Bahai or Lotus Temple.



Uttar Pradesh

Uttar Pradesh is a large and thickly populated state.

Its capital is Lucknow.

The land in Uttar Pradesh is very fertile, as the state is situated in the Ganga Basin.




Leather, metal and textiles are some of the major industries.




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- ❑ The main languages spoken are Hindi and Urdu.
- ❑ Diwali, Holi, Dusshera, Eid and Christmas are the main festivals.
- ❑ Allahabad (Prayagraj), Varanasi, Agra and Kanpur are some important cities.
- ❑ The rivers Ganga and Yamuna meet at the Sangam in Allahabad (Prayagraj).
- ❑ It is considered to be a holy place by the Hindus.



- ❑ Bihar is towards the east of Uttar Pradesh.
- ❑ It is also situated in the Ganga Basin and is a thickly populated state.
- ❑ Its capital is Patna.
- ❑ The soil of Bihar is extremely fertile which makes it ideal for agriculture.
- ❑ The main industries here are based on agriculture.



- ❑ **Hindi, Urdu and Maithili** are the main languages of the state.
- ❑ **Eid, Diwali and Dusshera** are the main festivals.
- ❑ **Chhatt** is an important traditional festival.
- ❑ **Nalanda** and **Bodh Gaya** are cities of historical importance in Bihar.



Answer the following questions:

Q 2. What makes the Northern Plains so fertile?

Ans. The rivers that flow down from the mountains bring fine Alluvial soil with them which makes Northern Plains so fertile.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Children will be able to -
- more about the life of the people of the
Northern Plains.

THANKING YOU
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