

SESSION : 1

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : ENGLISH GRAMMAR

CHAPTER NUMBER: 5

CHAPTER NAME : TRANSITIVE AND INTRANSITIVE VERBS

SUBTOPIC : INTRODUCTION, Q. 1

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

What's going on...???



The activities performed are called as **verbs**.

Types of verbs -



Let's read the following sentences

- 1. Sanjana likes**
- 2. Rohit wastes**
- 3. I love**
- 4. The Principal praised**

Are they giving a complete sense to the sentences??

Let's read again

1. Sanjana likes **mangoes**.
2. Rohit wastes **food**.
3. I love my **mother**.
4. The Principal praised **the child**.

The verbs in these sentences **require/needs objects to complete their sense**.

A verb that requires an object to complete its sense is called a **transitive verb**.

Points to remember and apply -

1. In a sentence there can be more than two objects.

Ex- Riya **gave** her friends a few books



transitive verb



object

gave what ? - **a few books** (object)

2. We can find the direct object by answering this question :

verb + what ? = direct object

Now let's look at these sentences

1. Manish walked.
2. The child cried
3. Kavita smiled
4. The river flowed

quite meaningful

The verbs in these sentences do not **require/needs** objects to complete their sense.

A verb that does not requires an object to complete its sense but makes good sense by itself is called an **intransitive verb**.

Transitive verbs need a direct object.

Example:

She wrote a letter.

↓
verb

↓
direct
object



Intransitive verbs
don't need a direct
object.

Example:

She wrote quickly.

↓
verb

1. Circle the transitive verbs and underline their objects in the following sentences.

- a. He opened the door.
- b. I submitted the assignment on time.
- c. He picked up the fruits.
- d. The naughty kids broke the window.
- e. They quickly crossed the street.
- f. I do not eat spicy food.
- g. He paints houses for a living.
- h. Kishore won a scholarship for a course in Sweden.

ANSWERS

- a. He opened the door.
- b. I submitted the assignment on time.
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- g. He paints houses for a living.
- h. Kishore won a scholarship for a course in Sweden.

Learning Outcome

Students recognize that

- A transitive verb, used with a direct object, transmits action to an object and may also have an indirect object, which indicates to or for whom the action is done.
- In contrast, an intransitive verb never takes an object.

THANK YOU

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