

MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER :~ 3

CHAPTER NAME :~ COORDINATE GEOMETRY

SUB TOPIC :~ PLOTTING POINTS IN THE CARTESIAN PLANE WHEN POINTS ARE GIVEN

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

PREVIOUS KNOWLEDGE TEST

1. Explain the key words of Cartesian system~

(a) origin

(b) quadrant

2. A point lies on x-axis at a distance of 9 units from y-axis . What are its co-ordinates ? What will be its coordinate if it lies on y-axis at a distance of —9units from x-axis ?

LEARNING OUTCOME:~

Students will learn to

Plot points in the Cartesian Plane when coordinates are given.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s7NKLWXkEEE>

“Coordinate geometry is the branch of mathematics which is a fusion of algebra and geometry. In the honour of Descartes, the subject is called cartesian geometry....”

~ Rene Descartes ...

Different Examples Of Plotting Points On Cartesian Plane~

$(0,0)$; $(1,4)$; $(9,0)$; $(0,9)$; $(-5,9)$; $(-2,-9)$

Evaluation:~

Locate the points

$(2,-3)$; $(3,2)$; $(2,2)$; $(0,2)$; $(2,0)$ on the Cartesian plane.

HOMEWORK:-

EXERCISE – 3.3

Question 1

In which quadrant or on which axis do each of the points $(-2, 4)$, $(3, -1)$, $(-1, 0)$, $(1, 2)$ and $(-3, -5)$ lie? Verify your answer by locating them on the Cartesian plane.

Solution:

The point $(-2, 4)$ is having negative abscissa and positive ordinate.

$\therefore (-2, 4)$ lies in the 2nd quadrant.

The point $(3, -1)$ is having positive abscissa and negative ordinate.

$\therefore (3, -1)$ lies in the 4th quadrant.

The point $(-1, 0)$ is having negative abscissa and zero ordinate.

\therefore The point $(-1, 0)$ lies on the negative x-axis.

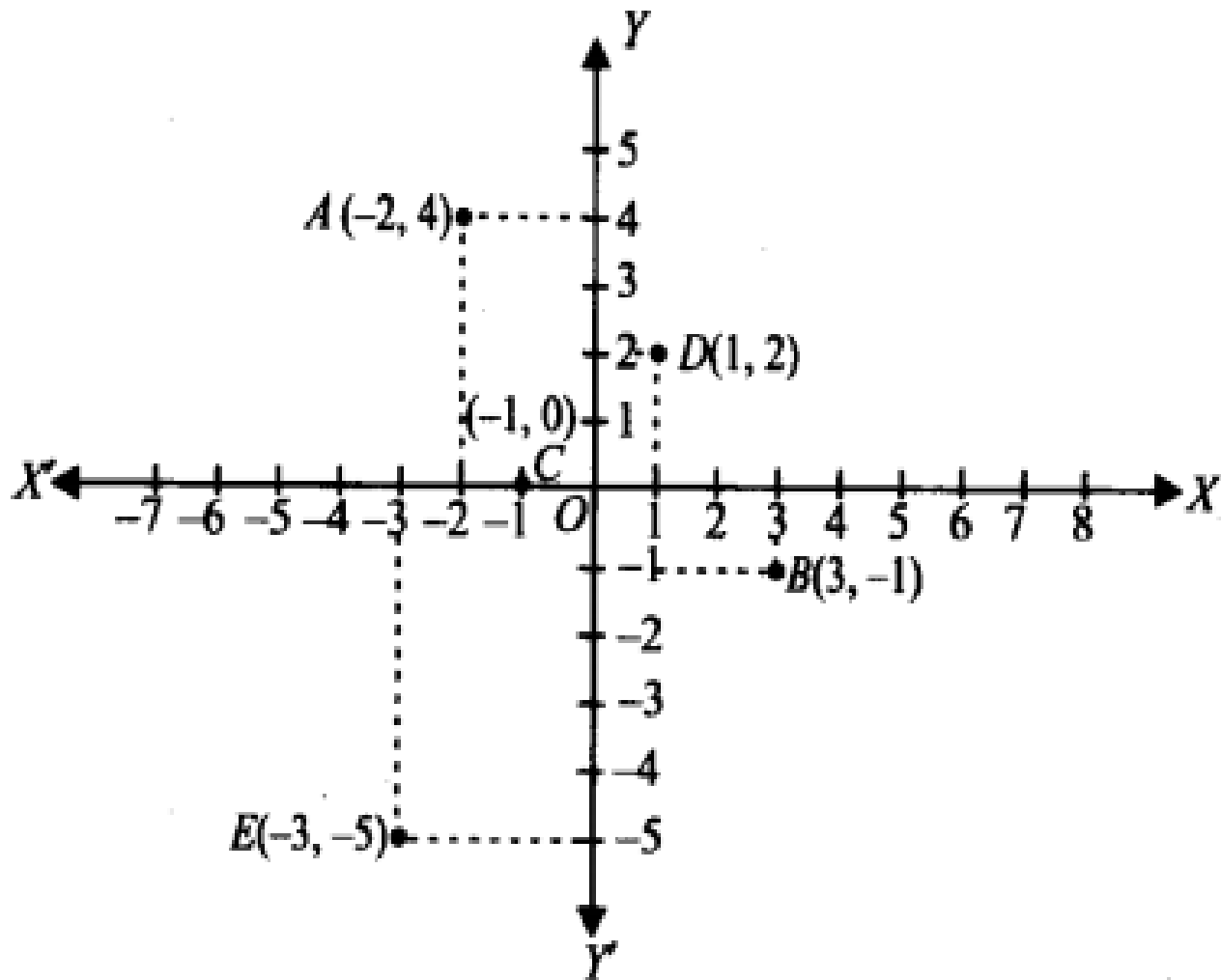
The point $(1, 2)$ is having the abscissa as well as ordinate positive.

\therefore Point $(1, 2)$ lies in the 1st quadrant.

The point $(-3, -5)$ is having the abscissa as well as ordinate negative.

\therefore Point $(-3, -5)$ lies in the 3rd quadrant.

These points are plotted in the Cartesian plane as shown in the following figure as A $(-2, 4)$; B $(3, -1)$; C $(-1, 0)$; D $(1, 2)$ and E $(-3, -5)$.



Question 2

Plot the points (x, y) given in the following table on the plane, choosing suitable units of distance on the axis.

x	-2	-1	0	1	3
y	8	7	-1.25	3	-1

Solution:

The given points are $(-2, 8)$, $(-1, 7)$, $(0, -1.25)$, $(1, 3)$ and $(3, -1)$.

To plot these points:

(i) We draw $X'OX$ and YOY' as axes.

(ii) We choose suitable units of distance on the axes.

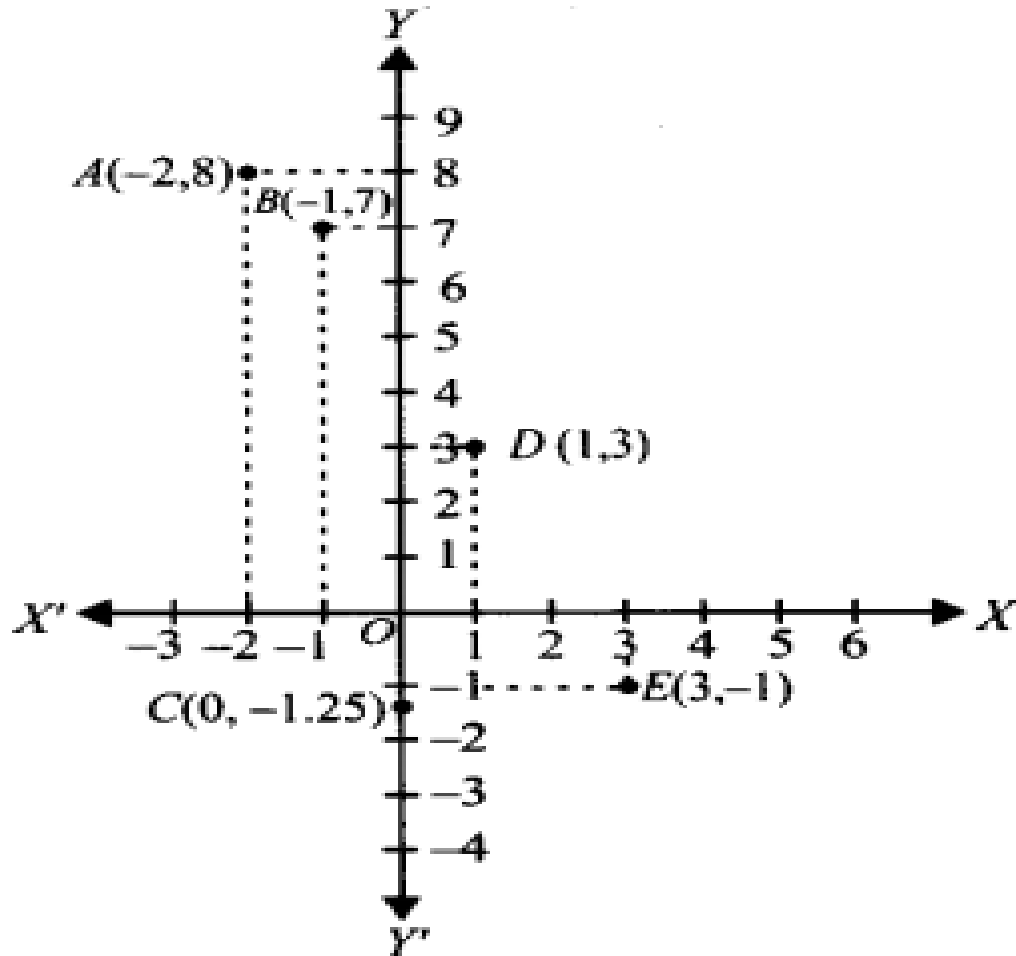
(iii) To plot $(-2, 8)$, we start from O , take (-2) units on x -axis and then $(+8)$ units on y – axis. We mark the point as $A(-2, 8)$.

(iv) To plot $(-1, 7)$, we start from O , take (-1) units on x -axis and then $(+7)$ units on the y – axis. We mark the point as $B(-1, 7)$.

(v) To plot $(0, -1.25)$, we move along 1.25 units below the x -axis on the y – axis and mark the point as $C(0, -1.25)$.

(vi) To plot $(1, 3)$, we take $(+1)$ unit on the x -axis and then $(+3)$ units on the y – axis. We mark the point as $D(1, 3)$.

(vii) To plot $(3, -1)$, we take $(+3)$ units on the x -axis and then (-1) unit on the y – axis. We mark the point $E(3, -1)$.



AHA:~

A) Taking 0.5cm 1unit, plot the following points on the graph paper.

B) Plot the points (x,y) given by the following table. Using scale 1cm = 0.25unit.

THANKING YOU
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