

WELCOME TO ONLINE CLASS

SESSION : 1

CLASS : III

SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 08

CHAPTER NAME :OUR FESTIVALS

SUBTOPIC : NATIONAL FESTIVALS AND NEW WORDS

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE :

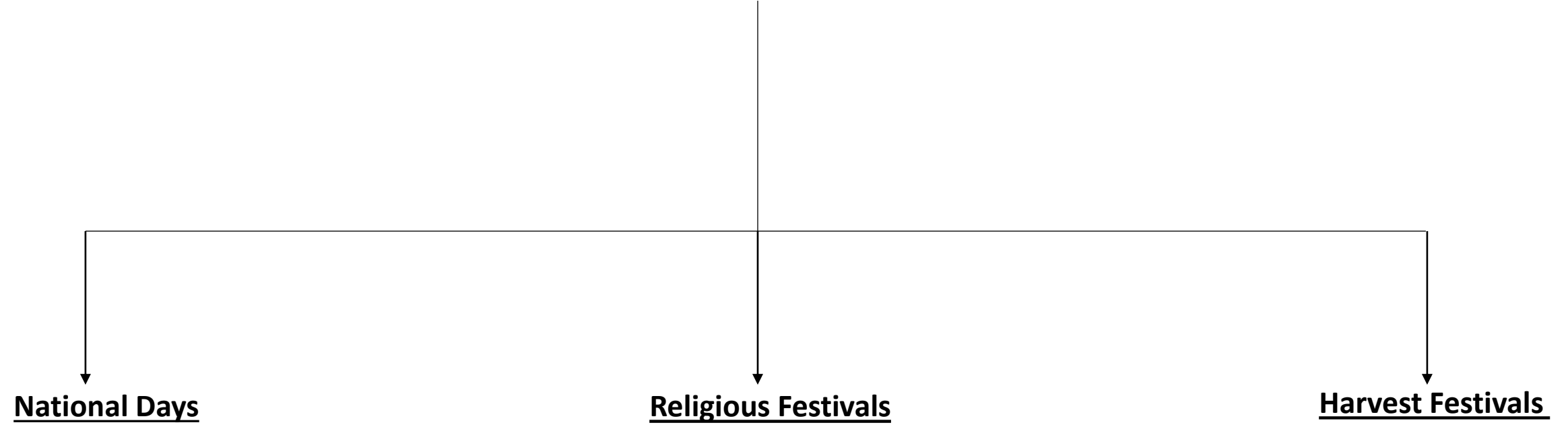
**TO ENABLE THE CHILDREN TO KNOW ABOUT
DIFFERENT FESTIVALS OF INDIA**

FESTIVALS

- A festival is a time for fun, joy and celebration. India is a land of festivals. Not a single month goes by without a festival.
- Some festivals are common to the whole country while others are celebrated only in some states.



FESTIVALS OF INDIA



INDEPENDENCE DAY

- **On 15 August, we celebrate our Independence Day.**
- **It was on this day, in the year 1947, that India won its independence from British rule.**
- **Every year a function is held at the Red Fort in New Delhi.**
- **The Prime Minister hoists the National Flag and gives a speech.**
- **On this day, we remember the freedom fighters who gave their lives for the freedom of our country.**



INDEPENDENCE DAY



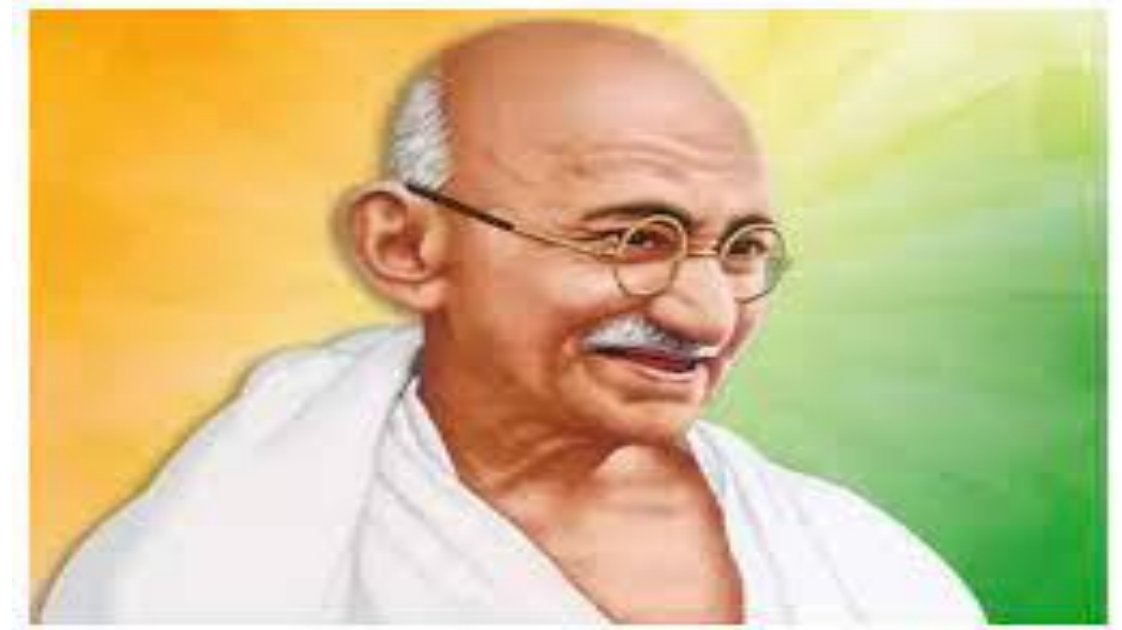
REPUBLIC DAY

- On 26 January, we celebrate our Republic Day.
- A grand parade is held at Rajpath in New Delhi.
- The armed forces, police, folk dancers and school children are some of those who take part in it.
- Children who win awards for bravery are part of the parade.
- Tableaux from different states make the parade lively. Parades take place in state capitals too.



GANDHI JAYANTI

- Who hasn't heard of Bapu? That is how we lovingly call Mahatma Gandhi call him the **'Father of the Nation'**.
- Mahatma Gandhi was born on 2 October. We celebrate this day as Gandhi Jayanti.
- A function is held at his samadhi at Raj Ghat in New Delhi.
- The President, Prime Minister and others offer prayers at the samadhi.
- Prayer meetings are held all over the country.
- On this day, we pledge to follow Gandhiji's teachings of non- violence and truth.



New Words and meanings

festival: a day or period of religious or other celebration

independence: being free; not being controlled by other people

samadhi: a monument to the memory of a dead person, erected over their ashes

diya: a small oil lamp

langar: common kitchen in a gurudwara where food is served to all the visitors for free

Kolam: a traditional decorative pattern made on the floor using the rice powder.

Monument- A statue or building in the memory of a person or a event.

Activity

<https://wordwall.net/play/19875/051/538>

HOME ASSIGNMENT

- Draw and decorate a national flag using cereals and pulses in your project record.

LEARNING OUTCOME :

Students will be know about the festivals of India

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP