#### Chapter- 1

#### **COMMUNICATION SKILLS**

#### **WORKSHEET**

#### Session wise Questions: (1 mark and 2 marks)

### **SESSION 1: METHODS OF COMMUNICATION**

#### **MCQ**

- 1. Which of the following is NOT an element of communication within the communication process cycle?
  - i. Channel
  - ii. Receiver
  - iii. Sender
  - iv. Time
- 2. You need to apply leave at work? Which method of communication will you use?
  - i. e-mail
  - ii. Poster
  - iii. Newsletter
  - iv. Blog
- 3. By which action can senders send their messages?
  - (a) Gestures
  - (b) Speaking
  - (c) Reading
  - (d) Writing

#### Subjective questions

- 1. What is communication?
- 2. What is communication cycle?
- 3. Write various elements of a communication cycle.
- 4. Write the different Methods of Communication. UT / OMOTTOW

### SESSION 2: VERBAL COMMUNICATION MCQ

- 1. Which of the following is an example of oral communication?
  - A. Newspapers
  - B. Letters
  - C. Phone call
  - D. e-mail
- 2. What are the types of words we should use for verbal communication?
  - (a) Acronyms
  - (b) Simple
  - (c) Technical
  - (d) Jargons
- 3. Why do we use e-mails?
  - (a) To communicate with many people at the same time.
  - (b) To share documents and files.
  - (c) To talk to each other in real-time.

(d) To keep a record of communication.

#### **Subjective questions**

- 1. List the different types of verbal communication. Include examples for each verbal communication type.
- 2. Write the Advantages & Disadvantages of Verbal Communication.

## SESSION 3: NON-VERBAL COMMUNICATION MCQ

- 1. Which of these is a positive (good) facial expression?
  - (a) Frowning while concentrating
  - (b) Maintaining eye contact
  - (c) Smiling continuously
  - (d) Rolling up your eyes
- 2. What does an upright (straight) body posture convey or show?
  - (a) Pride
  - (b) Professionalism
  - (c) Confidence
  - (d) Humility
- 3. Which of these is NOT an appropriate non-verbal communication at work?
  - (a) Keeping hands in pockets while talking
  - (b) Talking at moderate speed
  - (c) Sitting straight
  - (d) Tilting head, a bit to listen
- 4. Which of the following statement is true about communication?
  - (a) 50% of our communication is non-verbal
  - (b) 20% communication is done using body movements, face, arms, etc.
  - (c) 5% communication is done using voice, tone, pauses, etc.
- 5. Put a X mark against the actions below which are examples of bad non-verbal communication.
  - (e) Laughing during formal communication
  - (f) Scratching head
  - (g) Smiling when speaking to a friend
  - (h) Nodding when you agree with something
  - (i) Standing straight
  - (j) Yawning while listening
  - (k) Sitting straight
  - (I) Maintaining eye contact while speaking
  - (m) Biting nails
  - (n) Firm Handshake
  - (o) Clenching jaws
  - (p) Looking away when someone is speaking to you
  - (q) Intense stare

#### **Subjective questions**

- 1. What is non-verbal communication?
- 2. What is Visual Communication?

- 3. Write the importance of Non-verbal communication.
- 4. Write the types of different Non-verbal Communication.

# SESSION 4: COMMUNICATION CYCLE AND IMPORTANCE OF FEEDBACK MCQ

- 1. Which of these are examples of positive feedback?
  - (a) Excellent, your work has improved.
  - (b) I noticed your dedication towards the project.
  - (c) You are always doing it the wrong way.
  - (d) All of the above
- 2. Which of these are examples of negative feedback?
  - (a) I hate to tell you this but your drawing skills are poor.
  - (b) You can surely improve your drawing.
  - (c) This is a good drawing but you can do better.
  - (d) None of the above
- 3. Which of the following are effective components of a good feedback?
  - (a) Detailed and time consuming
  - (b) Direct and honest
  - (c) Specific
  - (d) Opinion-based

#### **Subjective questions**

- 1. How many types of Feedback?
- 2. Write the Importance of Feedback.

## SESSION 5: BARRIERS TO EFFECTIVE OF TOWN COMMUNICATION

#### **MCQ**

- 1. Which of these is NOT a common communication barrier?
  - (a) Linguistic barrier
  - (b) Interpersonal barrier
  - (c) Financial barrier
  - (d) Organisational barrier
- 2. Which of these are ways to overcome communication barriers?
  - (a) Respecting each other's differences
  - (b) Using a translator
  - (c) Not communicating at all
  - (d) Using your own language for comfort

#### **Subjective questions**

- 1. Write down the common communication barriers you may come across when you move to a new city or country.
- 2. What is Effective Communication?
- 3. Write the 7Cs of Effective Communication.
- 4. What are Communication Barriers?
- 5. Write the Barriers to Effective Communication.
- 6. Write the Ways to Overcome Barriers to Effective Communication.

#### SESSION 6: WRITING SKILLS — PARTS OF SPEECH

#### A. MCQ

- 1. In which of the following, the underlined word is an adjective?
  - a. Radha has a red dress.
  - b. I can speak French.
  - c. The Girl on the Train is a best-seller.
  - d. Abdul can swim fast.
- 2. Which of these sentences is capitalised correctly?
  - a. Ravi and i are going to the movies.
  - b. Salim is visiting India in july.
  - c. The Tiger is a strong animal.
  - d. She is arriving on Monday.
- 3. Which of these sentences are punctuated correctly?
  - a. When is the party.
  - b. I had bread omelette and a Banana for breakfast.
  - c. I am so excited about my first foreign trip!
  - d. This is Abdul's notebook.
- 4. In which of these sentences can you find an adverb?
  - a. Divya drinks milk every day.
  - b. Sanjay gifted me a new pen.
  - c. I opened the door lock.
  - d. Sita is 5-feet tall.

#### B. Fill in the blanks

1. Fill correct nouns and verbs from the given options to complete the sentence in table given below.



#### Subjective questions

- 1. What is a sentence?
- 2. How many parts of speech?

## SESSION 7: WRITING SKILLS — SENTENCES

- 1. Identify the object, verb and subject in the sentence, 'The car crashed into a tree.'
  - a. Object: a tree; Verb: crashed; Subject: the car
  - b. Object: The car; Verb: crashed; Subject: a tree
  - c. Object: crashed; Verb: the tree; Subject: the car
  - d. Object: crashed; Verb: the car; Subject: the tree
- 2. Identify the indirect object in the sentence, 'The band played music for the audience.'
  - a. The band
  - b. played
  - c. music
  - d. audience
- 3. Which of these is an imperative sentence?
  - a. Switch off the fan.
  - b. Sheila has gone to the market.
  - c. Where are my pen colours?
  - d. Oh no! I missed my flight.
- 4. Which of these sentences is in active voice?
  - a. A movie is being watched by them.
  - b. The car was repaired by Raju.

- c. He is reading a book.
- d. The thief was being chased by a policeman.

#### **Subjective questions**

1. Write two sentences of each type of sentence — statement, question, exclamatory and order.

