

SESSION : 15
CLASS : IV
SUBJECT : ENGLISH
CHAPTER NUMBER: 8
CHAPTER NAME : Modals – May and Might
SUBTOPIC : Recapitulation, Q. 4 – 5, Extra questions

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Students will differentiate between the modals used for possibility, obligation, and necessity by identifying these types of modals in the language around them.
- Students will demonstrate an ability to reason deductively using modal forms.

Recap

- Modal verbs are helping verbs that express **necessity** or **possibility**. **May** and **might** are used to talk possibilities.
- When we use **might** in a sentence, we are less sure about the possibility of something happening.
- **Might** is also used to talk about **something in the past**.
- **May not** is used when the speaker is **almost sure** of the possibility of something not happening.
- **Might not** is used when the speaker is **less sure** of the possibility of something not happening.

MODAL VERBS



MAY

- Possibility** (higher possibility)

She may be at home.

- Permission** (ask permission)

May I sit here?

- Permission** (give permission)

Yes, you may go now.

- Request**

May I have the bill, please?

- Wish** (only may)

May you both be very happy.



MIGHT

- Possibility**

He might like playing basketball.

- Permission** (more formal)

Might I ask you a question?

- Suggestion** (politely)

You might try my cheese cake.

- Request** (more formal)

Might I borrow your book?

- Conditional**

If you worked hard, you might finish it.



4. Fill in the blanks appropriately with may not or might not

- a. Do not listen to loud music all the time. It **may not** be good for your ears.
- b. She said she **might not** make it to the annual event, but she is not sure.
- c. It **might not** be that cold but you still need to carry a jacket because the weather changes abruptly in the hills.
- d. He **may not** be the best player but he is still better than you.
- e. Johan **may not** be able to come today. He has guests at home.

5. Fill in the blanks appropriately with may or might :

a. I am afraid she **may** have missed the train.

b. Alok said he **might** go shopping tomorrow.

c. He **might** have passed his exams if he had studied harder.

d. He **may** help you with your homework.

e. Anisha **may** visit us today or on Thursday.

EXTRA QUESTIONS

Fill in the blanks using 'may' or 'might'

1. I was just wondering whether you _____ be able to help me.
2. _____ God have mercy on your soul.
3. I told them I _____ go if I felt like it, but wasn't sure.
4. Students _____ only borrow four books at a time.
5. The examiner says we _____ leave when we've finished.
6. It _____ be very expensive, but it's much better than the others.
7. I just _____ accept your offer.
8. You _____ have told me earlier!

THANK YOU