

LANGUAGE OF CHEMISTRY

SUBJECT-CHEMISTRY

CHAPTER NO- 5

Chemical Reactions , Conditions necessary for Chemical Reactions

PERIOD-1

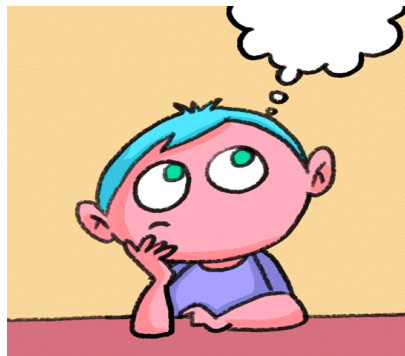
CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW



LEARNING OBJECTIVE

Students will be able to

- Understand the meaning of chemical Reaction
- Familiarize with the conditions required for the chemical reactions
- Sensitize the concept with examples.



CHEMICAL REACTIONS

- Any chemical change in matter which involves its transformation into one or more new substances is called a chemical reaction.
- A chemical reaction also involves transfer of energy.
- A Chemical Reaction is a process to show a chemical change.
- A Chemical Reaction is represented by a chemical equation



EXAMPLE OF A CHEMICAL REACTION

- For example, the reaction between Hydrogen and oxygen: -
 - $2\text{H}_2 + \text{O}_2 \longrightarrow 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- In the above reaction, hydrogen and oxygen are the elements that undergo chemical change to form a new substance water, a compound which is completely different from hydrogen and oxygen.
- It has been observed that the total mass of the reactants is equal to the total mass of the products.
- This is possible when the total number of atoms of each kind remains same before and after the chemical reactions.
- This is supported by the “LAW OF CONSERVATION OF MATTER” which states that “Matter can neither be created nor destroyed. It can only be transformed from one form to another



CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE CHEMICAL REACTIONS

CLOSE CONTACT

- The reactants must be mixed for a chemical reaction to take place.
- For example, sodium reacts violently when in close contact with water to produce sodium hydroxide and hydrogen gas.
- Sodium + water \longrightarrow Sodium hydroxide + hydrogen



CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE CHEMICAL REACTIONS

SOLUTION FORM

- Some substances reacts only when they are in the form of solution.
- For example, when sodium chloride is added to silver nitrate in the aqueous form of in the solution form, they react to produce a white precipitate of silver nitrate
- Silver nitrate + Sodium chloride \longrightarrow Silver chloride + Sodium nitrate
White ppt.



CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE CHEMICAL REACTIONS

HEAT

- Some chemical reactions take place in the presence of heat.
- For example, Iron reacts with sulphur in the presence of heat to produce Iron Sulphide.
- Iron + Sulphur \longrightarrow Iron Sulphide



CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE CHEMICAL REACTIONS

LIGHT

- Some Chemical Reaction takes place in the presence of light.
- For example, Photosynthesis.
- Carbon Dioxide + Water $\xrightarrow{\text{Light/Chlorophyll}}$ Glucose + Oxygen



CONDITIONS NECESSARY FOR THE CHEMICAL REACTIONS

CATALYST

- A Catalyst is a substance that changes the rate of chemical reactions without undergoing any change by itself.
- Some reactions need a catalyst to take place.
- For example, Potassium chlorate can be decomposed in the presence of Manganese dioxide as a catalyst to produce potassium chloride and oxygen.
- Potassium Chlorate $\xrightarrow{\text{MnO}_2}$ Potassium Chloride + Oxygen

(Heat)



HOME ASSIGNMENT

- Exercise – Q1 and Q2
- What do you mean by a Catalyst? Give an example.
- Give an example of a chemical reaction that takes place in the presence of :-
 - a) Light
 - b) Heat



WATCH A VIDEO

- <https://youtu.be/4RQrJe-3BaQ>





THANKING YOU

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