

SUBJECT:BIOLOGY CHAPTER:8 CHAPTER NAME: HOW DO ORGANISMS REPRODUCE? PERIOD-2

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: 1800 120 2316

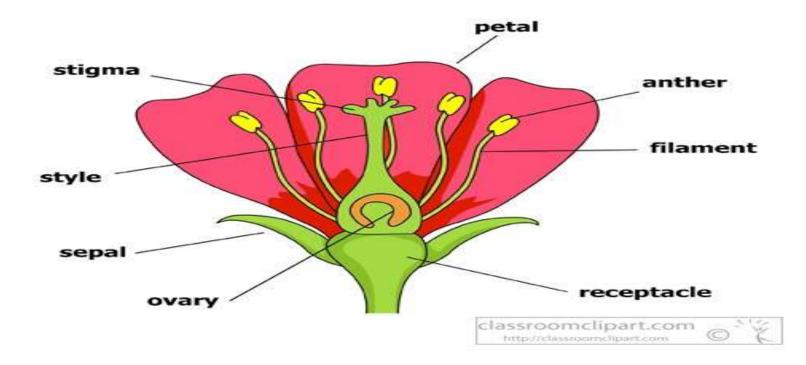
Sishu Vihar, Infocity Road, Patia, Bhubaneswar-751024

SEXUAL REPRODUCTION IN PLANTS

 SEXUAL REPRODUCTION IN PLANTS-Sexual reproduction is the process in which two components (male and female) are involved to produce offsprings of their own kind. A bull alone cannot produce new calves. It needs a cow. Female sheep alone cannot produce new ones. It needs a male sheep. Both the sexes, male and female, are needed to produce new offspring.



Parts of a typical flower





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J2hZ-KRSfhw



Parts of a typical flower

- A flower is a modified shoot with a limited growth. Flowers vary in size, shape, structure and colour. The main parts of a flower are,
- 1. Calyx
- 2. Corolla
- 3. Androecium and
- 4. Gynoecium.
- Androecium is the male part of a flower, and Gynoecium is the female part. Androecium is a group of stamens. Each Stamen consists of a stalk called the filament and a small bag like structure called the anther at the tip.
- The pollen grains are contained in the anther within the pollen sacs.



THANKING YOU ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP.

