

# LIGHT REFLECTION AND REFRACTION

## CHAPTER NO.10

### SUB: PHYSICS

# LIGHT REFLECTION AND REFRACTION

---

**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

---

## POINTS TO BE COVERED

- Laws of Refraction.
- Refractive Index.

## LEARNING OUTCOMES

- Students will be able to
- State the laws of refraction.
- Explain about relative speed of light in different media.
- Solve problems related to refractive index..

# RECAPITULATION OF PREVIOUS TOPIC

- Define refraction.
- What happens when a ray of light goes from a rarer medium to a denser medium?
- What happens when a ray of light travels from a denser medium to a rarer medium?

# LAWS OF REFRACTION

[https://youtu.be/4l2thi5\\_84o](https://youtu.be/4l2thi5_84o)

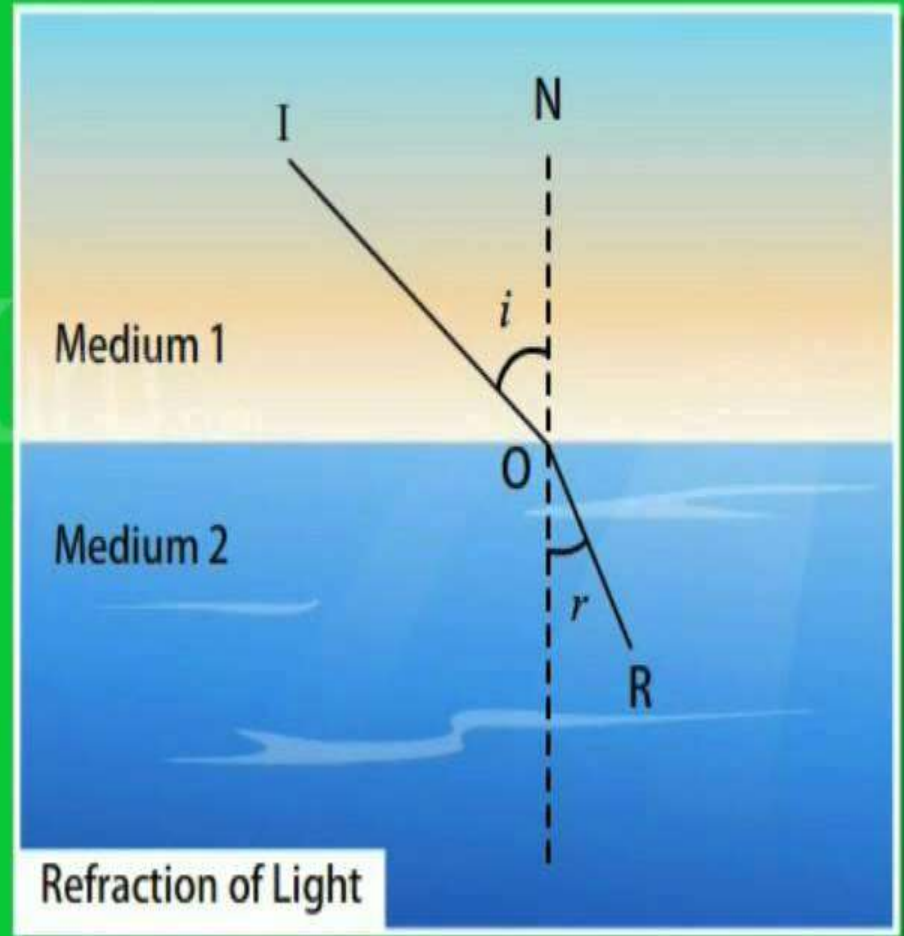
# Laws of Refraction

## First law:

The incident ray, the refracted ray and the normal to the surface separating the two media at the point of incidence, all lie on the same plane.

## Second law:

The ratio of sine of angle of incidence to the sine of angle of refraction is a constant for a given pair of media. This law is also known as Snell's law.



## REFRACTIVE INDEX

- The ratio of sine of angle of incidence to sine of angle of refraction is known as refractive index

$$\text{Refractive Index of medium 2 with respect to medium 1 } (n_{21}) = \frac{\text{Speed of light in medium 1}}{\text{Speed of light in medium 2}}$$

$$\text{Or, } n_{21} = \frac{v_1}{v_2}$$

$$\text{Therefore, } n_{12} = \frac{\text{Speed of light in medium 2}}{\text{Speed of light in medium 1}} = \frac{v_2}{v_1}$$

# ABSOLUTE REFRACTIVE INDEX

## Refractive Index

- ▶ This is a measure of how much light slows down when it goes into a new medium.
- ▶ Symbol  $n$
- ▶  $n$  (vacuum) = 1

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

*index of refraction*

*velocity of light in vacuum*

*velocity of light in the medium*

$$n \text{ (medium)} = \frac{c \text{ (speed of light in vacuum)}}{v \text{ (speed of light in medium)}}$$



# SOLVE

- The angle of incidence in medium A is  $60^\circ$  and the angle of refraction in medium B is  $45^\circ$ . Find the refractive index of the medium B with respect to medium A.
- Given refractive index of glass for light going from air to glass is  $3/2$ . Find the refractive index of air for light going from glass to air.

# SOLVE

- Light enters from air to glass having refractive index 1.50. What is the speed of light in glass? The speed of light in vacuum is  $3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

## HOME ASSIGNMENT

- The absolute refractive index of glass and water are  $\frac{4}{3}$  and  $\frac{3}{2}$ , respectively. If the speed of light in glass is  $2 \times 10^8$  m/s, calculate the speed of light in
  - Vacuum
  - Water
- 2. The refractive index of glass is 1.54 and the speed of light in air is  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s. Calculate the speed of light in water?

THANKING YOU  
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP