

## PLAYING WITH NUMBERS

- 1. Generalized form of a four-digit number abdc is
  - a. (a) 1000a + 100b + 10c + d (b) 1000a + 100c + 10b + d (c) 1000a + 100b + 10d + c (d) a x b x c x d
- 2. Generalised form of a two-digit number xy is
  - a. (a)x + y(b)10x + y(c)10x-y(d)10y+x
- 3. The usual form of 1000a + 10b + c is
  - a. abc (b) abc0 (c) a0be (d) ab0c
- 4. Let abc be a three-digit number. Then, abc cba is not divisible by
  - a. 9 (b) 11 (c) 18 (d) 33
- 5. The sum of all the numbers formed by the digits x, y and z of the number xyz is divisible by
  - a. 11 (b) 33 (c) 37 (d) 74
- 6. A four-digit number aabb is divisible by 55. Then, possible value(s) of b is/are
  - a. 0 and 2 (b) 2 and 5 (c) 0 and 5 (d) 7
- 7. Let abc be a three-digit number. Then, abc + bca + cab is not divisible by
  - a. a + b + c (b) 3 (c) 37 (d) 9
- 8. If abc is a three-digit number, then number abc -a-b-c is divisible by
  - a. 9 (b) 90 (c)10 (d) 11
- 9. A six-digit number is formed by repeating a three-digit number. For example, 256256, 678678 etc. Any number of this form is divisible by (a) 7 only (b) 11 only (c) 13 only (d) 1001
- 10. If the sum of digits of a number is divisible by three, then the number is always divisible by
  - a. 2 (b) 3 (c) 6 (d)
- 11. 3134673 is divisible by 3 and———
- 12. 20 x 3 is a multiple of 3, if the digit x is——or——or——or——.
- 13. 3 x 5 is divisible by 9, if the digit x is———
- 14. The sum of a two-digit number and the number obtained by reversing the digits is always divisible by———.
- 15. The difference of two-digit number and the number obtained by reversing its digits is always divisible by ———-.
- 16. The difference of three-digit number and the number obtained by putting the digits in reverse order is always divisible by 9 and——-.

17.

If 
$$\frac{A B}{B A}$$
, then  $A = \underline{\qquad}$  and  $B = \underline{\qquad}$ .

- 18. A four-digit number abed is divisible by 11, if d + b =——or——or——-
- 19. 19 A number is divisible by 11, if the differences between the sum of digits at its odd places and that of digits at the even places is either 0 or divisible by ————-
- 21. If the digit 1 is placed after a two-digit number whose ten's is t and one's digit is u, the new number is———.
- 22. If  $5A \times A = 399$ , then the value of A is -----.

- 23. If A3 + 8B = 150, then the value of A + B is -----.
- 24. If 5A + 53 = 65, then the values of A and B is ----- and -----.
- 25. A five-digit number AABAA is divisible by 33. Write all the numbers of this form.
- 26. Find the least value that must be given to number a, so that the number 91876a2 is divisible by 8.
- 27. Find the value of the letters in each of the following questions.

28.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc}
A & B \\
-B & 7 \\
\hline
4 & 5
\end{array}$$

- 29. If  $27 \div A = 33$ , then find the value of A
- 30. 212 x 5 is a multiple of 3 and 11. Find the value of x.
- 31. Find the value of k, where 31K2 is divisible by 6
- 32. 1y3y6is divisible by 11. Find the value of y.
- 33. 756x is a multiple of 11, find the value of x
- 34. A three-digits number 203 is added to the number 326 to give a three-digits number 5b9 Which is divisible by 9. Find the value of b a.
- 35. Let E = 3, B = 7 and A = 4. Find the other digits in the sum

36. If from a two-digit number, we subtract the number formed by reversing its digits then the result so obtained is a perfect cube. How many such numbers are possible? Write all of them.

Work out the following multiplication.

## 12345679

Use the result to answer the following questions.

- (a) What will be 12345679 x 45?
- (b) What will be 12345679 x 63?
- (c) By what number should 12345679 be multiplied to get 888888888?
- (d) By what number should 12345679 be multiplied to get 999999999?
- 39. If 148101B095 is divisible by 33, find the value of B.