

SESSION NO:14

CLASS :IV

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 5

CHAPTER NAME : THE GREAT INDIAN DESERT

SUBTOPIC : REVISION WORK-4

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Children will come to know -

Will be able to answer the questions related to the topic.

Answer the following questions.

Q1. List out any three importance of the southern plateau region.

Q2. What is the difference between snow fed rivers and rain fed rivers?

Fill in the blanks:

1. In the desert region, the days are hot and _____.
2. The famous _____ temple is situated in the city of Amritsar.
3. A small boat in Kashmir mostly used for boating for pleasure is called _____.
4. An island country in the Indian ocean is _____.

Give one word:

1. The landforms that are most heavily populated are:
a. Coast b. Plateaus c. plains d. mountains
2. The country which lies to the north-east of India is :
a. Bhutan b. Bangladesh c. Myanmar d. Pakistan
3. Mussoorie is an important hill station in the state of:
a. Sikkim b. Uttarakhand c. Himachal Pradesh d. Assam

Answer the following questions:

Q1. List out any three importance of the southern plateau region.

Ans.

- ★ **We get many types of minerals from the southern plateau region.**
- ★ **Many parts of the southern plateau are covered with forests from which we get different kinds of wood and other forest products.**
- ★ **Many dams has been built which provides water to the plateau region.**

Q2. What is the difference between snow fed rivers and rain fed rivers?

Ans.

Snow fed rivers	Rain fed rivers
It is formed by the snow melting glaciers.	It is formed by rain water.
They do not dry up in summer.	They dries up in summer.
Example: Ganga	Example: Mahanadi

Fill in the blanks:

1. In the desert region, the days are hot and _____.

Ans. dry

2. The famous _____ temple is situated in the city of Amritsar.

Ans. Golden

3. A small boat in Kashmir mostly used for boating for pleasure is called _____.

Ans. Shikara

4. An island country in the Indian ocean is _____.

Ans. Sri Lanka

Give one word:

1. The landforms that are most heavily populated are:

- a. Coast b. Plateaus **c. plains** d. mountains

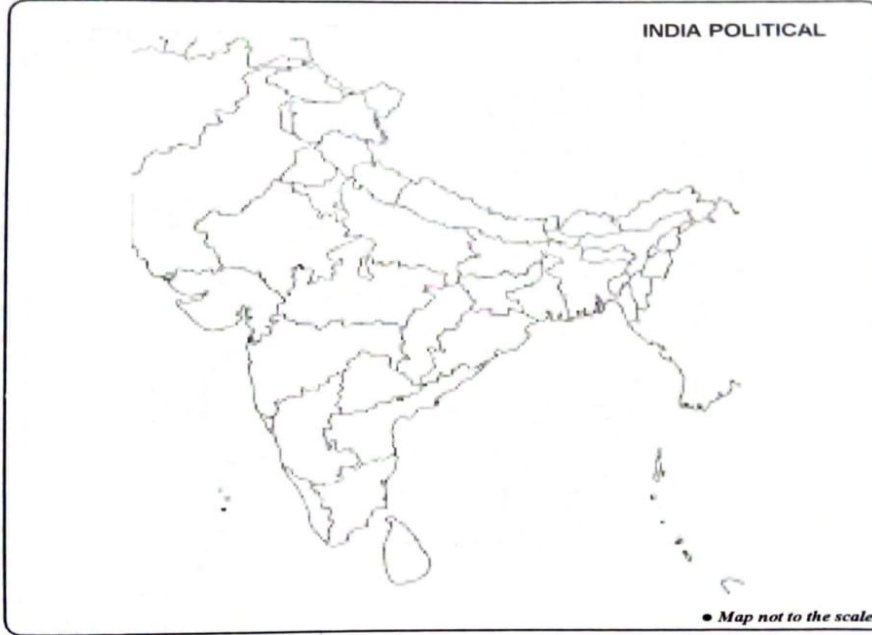
2. The country which lies to the north-east of India is :

- a. **Bhutan** b. Bangladesh c. Myanmar d. Pakistan

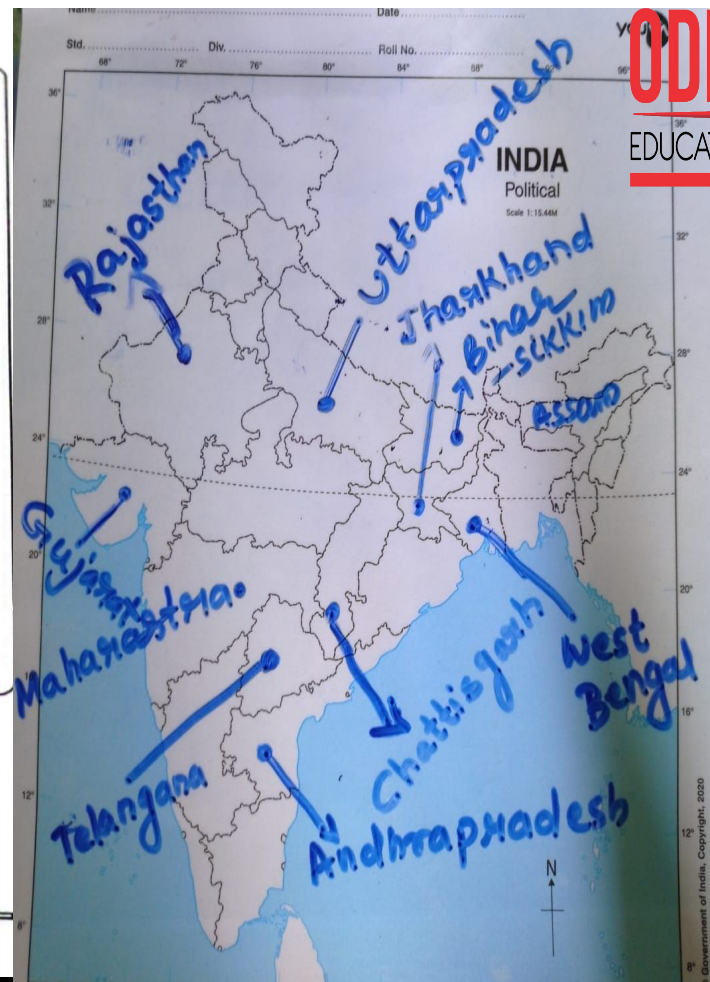
3. Mussoorie is an important hill station in the state of:

- a. Sikkim **b. Uttarakhand** c. Himachal Pradesh d. Assam

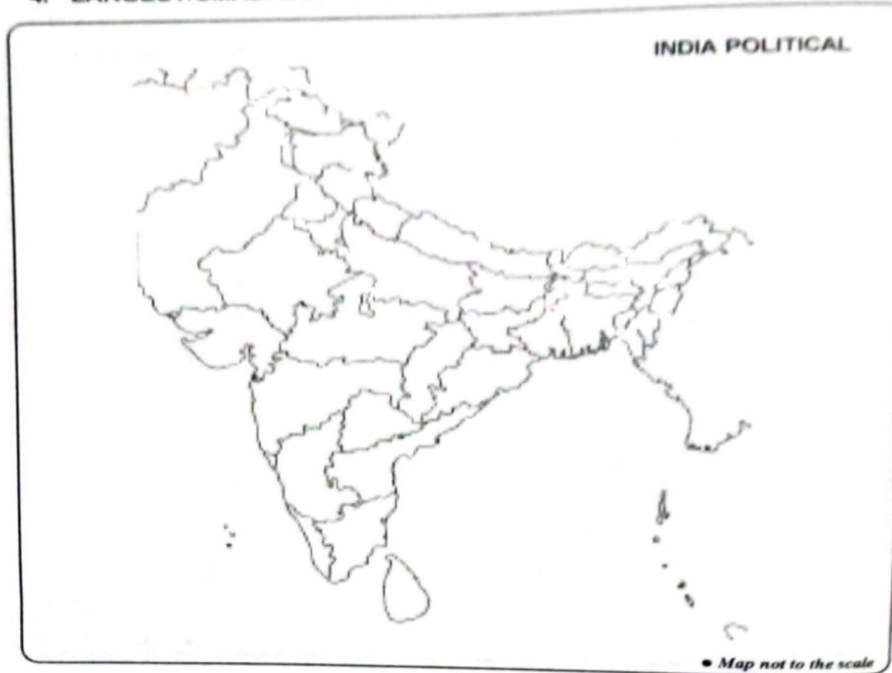
3. NEIGHBOURING STATES



1. On the given outline map, locate/mention:
 - a) Neighbouring states of your Native state.
 - b) Neighbouring states of Madhya Pradesh.
 - c) Neighbouring states of West Bengal.

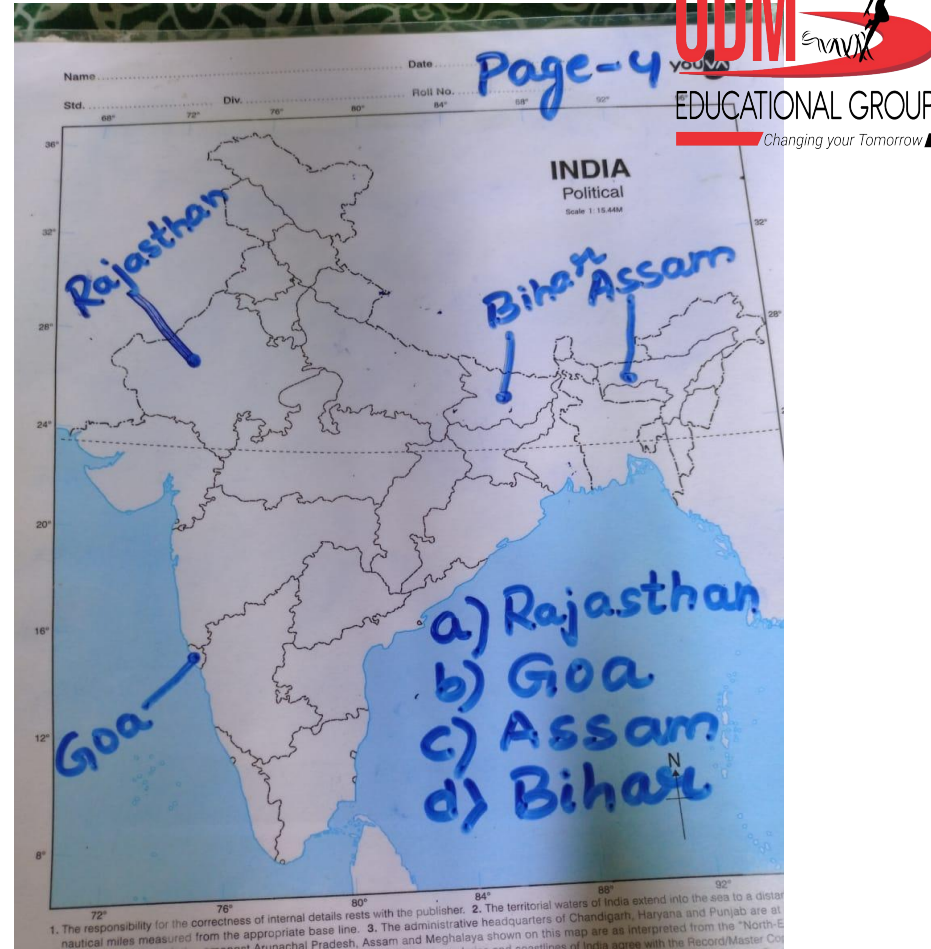


4. LARGEST/SMALLEST STATES



1. On the given outline map, locate:

- The Largest State.
- The Smallest State.
- One N-Eastern State.
- A state that shares boundary with Nepal.



1. The responsibility for the correctness of internal details rests with the publisher. 2. The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of 12 nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line. 3. The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are shown on this map as an interpreted from the "North-Eastern Region" of India. Assam and Meghalaya shown on this map are as interpreted from the "North-Eastern Region" of India. The boundaries of India agree with the Record/Master Copy.

HOMEWORK

Learn ch- 4, ,5 and 6 for REVISION TEST-2

BRING TWO POLITICAL MAPS FOR MAP WORK IN NEXT CLASS.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Children will be able to -
- know the questions and answers related to the topic.

THANKING YOU
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