

WELCOME TO ONLINE CLASS

SESSION : 9

CLASS : III

SUBJECT- SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 08

CHAPTER NAME :REVISION WORK-3

SUBTOPIC :Fill in the blanks, Answer in one word and Answer the following

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE :

**TO ENABLE THE CHILDREN TO SOLVE DIFFERENT
TYPES OF QUESTIONS**

Fill in the blanks

1. In the state Maharashtra Ratnagiri is famous for Alphonso mangoes and Nagpur for juicy oranges.
2. Dussehri mangoes come from Uttar Pradesh.
3. Corn is a grain.
4. The spices add flavour , colour and taste to our food.
5. The fruits and vegetables that are available in particular season are Seasonal fruits and vegetables.
6. Thiruvananthapuram is the capital of Kerala.
7. Dehra Dun is the capital of Uttarakhand.
8. The Central Government government looks after whole country.

Give answer in one word

1. Name of our state- **Odisha**
2. Name of our country- **India**
3. Capital of our country- **New Delhi**
4. Capital of our state- **Bhubaneswar**
5. No of states in India- **28**
6. The state where large quantities of coconut is produced- **Kerala**
7. The Alphonso mangoes are grown in the state- **Maharashtra**
8. Sweet and juicy oranges are grown in the city- **Nagpur**
9. The people of the state eat roti made of bajra - **Rajasthan**
10. The people who do not eat any animal product- **Vegans**

Answer the following

1. Why is there such a wide diversity in the food eaten in various parts of India?

A. People in different regions of India eat different types of food because the food eaten in different regions of country depends on climate and soil of the place.

2. In which parts of India is fish commonly eaten?

A. Fish is commonly eaten in the coastal regions of India.

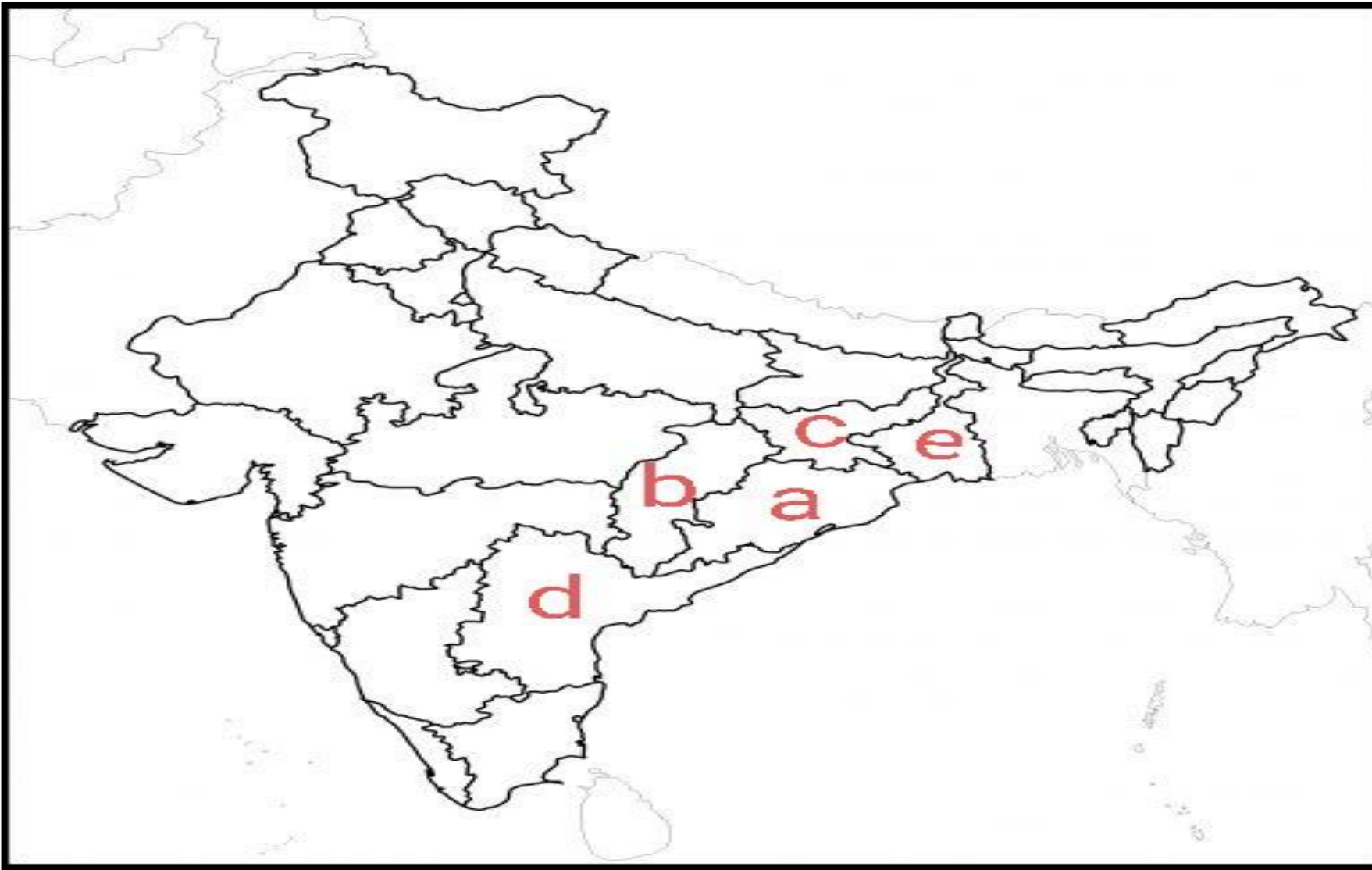
3. Why do people of northern and north-western India eat more roti than rice?

A. The people of northern and north-western India eat roti made of wheat, jowar and bajra more than they eat rice because wheat, jowar and bajra are grown more commonly than rice in those parts of India.

4. Why has India been divided into states and union territories?

A. . India is a very big country. It is very difficult for the Central Government to look after the needs of a big population so India divided into states and union territories.

Map skill



- a. Odisha
- b. Chhattisgarh
- c. jharkhand
- d. Andhra Pradesh
- e. West Bengal

LEARNING OUTCOME :

Students will be able to solve the different types of questions.

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP