

**SESSION** : 15  
**CLASS** : IV  
**SUBJECT** : MATHEMATICS  
**CHAPTER NUMBER** : 1, 2 & 3  
**CHAPTER NAME** : REVISION, NUMBERS AND ROMAN  
NUMERALS  
**SUBTOPIC** : REVISION WORK-1(FILL IN THE  
BLANKS AND DO AS DIRECTED)

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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# LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Enable the students to recall the previous chapters through this revision work.

# REVISION WORK - 1

## A. Fill in the blanks.

- 1) The successor of 99,999 is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) 1 million is \_\_\_\_\_ lakh.
- 3) 10 crore is \_\_\_\_\_ million.
- 4) Place value of zero is always \_\_\_\_\_.



# REVISION WORK - 1

## A. Fill in the blanks.

- 5) The number which is one less than the given number is called its \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6) In Roman number system \_\_\_\_\_ numbers of alphabets are used to represent the numbers.
- 7) The number 5 is represented by \_\_\_\_\_ letter in Roman number system.



## **B. DO AS DIRECTED.**

8) Use the correct sign. (< or >).

(i) 5,67,890 \_\_\_\_\_ 5,67,809.

(ii) 56,765 \_\_\_\_\_ 7,89,000.

9) Arrange the following numbers in ascending order.

56,432   1,02,356   65,432   1,02,405   67,500

10) Write the successor and predecessor of 1,00,000.



## **B. DO AS DIRECTED.**

11) Write the expanded form of the numbers.

(i) 74,56,876.

(ii) 45,321.

12) Make the greatest and smallest 6-digit numbers using the digits 4, 5, 7, 8, 3 and 2. Also write their number names.

13) Represent 7,67,327 on an abacus.



# REVISION WORK - 1

## ANSWER



# REVISION WORK - 1

## A. Fill in the blanks.

- 1) The successor of 99,999 is 1,00,000.
- 2) 1 million is 10 lakh.
- 3) 10 crore is 100 million.
- 4) Place value of zero is always 0.





# REVISION WORK - 1

## A. Fill in the blanks.

- 5) The number which is one less than the given number is called its Predecessor.
- 6) In Roman number system seven numbers of alphabets are used to represent the numbers.
- 7) The number 5 is represented by V letter in Roman number system.



# REVISION WORK - 1

## B. DO AS DIRECTED.

8) Use the correct sign. (< or >).

(i) 5,67,890 > 5,67,809.

(ii) 56,765 < 7,89,000.



# REVISION WORK - 1

## B. DO AS DIRECTED.

9) Arrange the following numbers in ascending order.

56,432 1,02,356 65,432 1,02,405 67,500

**56,432 65,432 67,500 1,02,356 1,02,405**

10) Write the successor and predecessor of 1,00,000.

**Successor = 1,00,001**

**Predecessor = 99,999**



## B. DO AS DIRECTED.

11) Write the expanded form of the numbers.

(i)  $74,56,876. = 70,00,000 + 4,00,000 + 50,000 + 6,000 + 800 + 70 + 6$

(ii)  $45,321. = 40,000 + 5,000 + 300 + 20 + 1$

12) Make the greatest and smallest 6-digit numbers using the digits 4, 5, 7, 8, 3 and 2. Also write their number names.

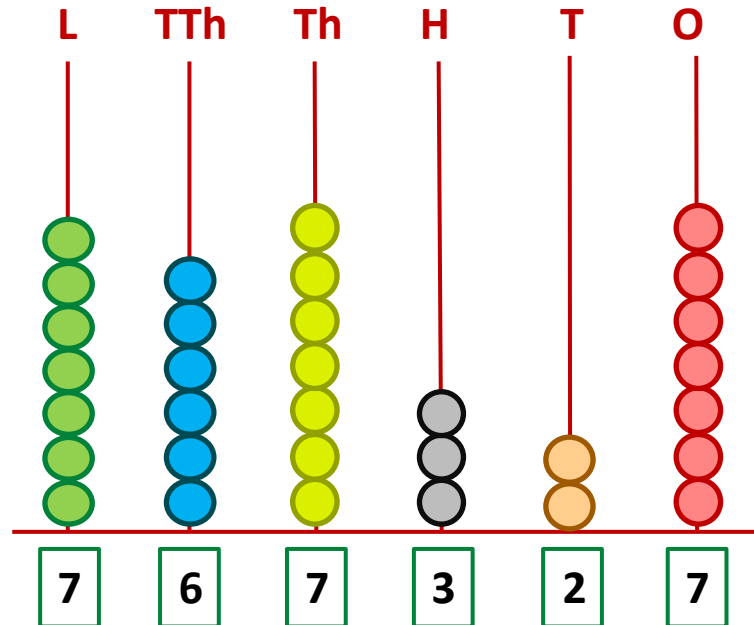
**Smallest Number = 2,34,578- Two lakh thirty-four thousand five hundred seventy eight**

**Greatest Number = 8,75,432- Eight lakh seventy five thousand four hundred thirty two**



## B. DO AS DIRECTED.

13) Represent 7,67,327 on an abacus.



## HOME ASSIGNMENT:

- Practice Ch-4 and Ch-5 for RW-2.

# LEARNING OUTCOME:

**Students are able to recall the previous chapters through this class test.**

**THANKING YOU**  
**ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**