

MONTH : JANUARY

SESSION : 1

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 17

CHAPTER NAME : PERIMETER AND AREA

SUB-TOPIC : PERIMETER REVISION

EXERCISE 17 A Q.NO. 4 TO 8

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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## **LEARNING OBJECTIVE :**

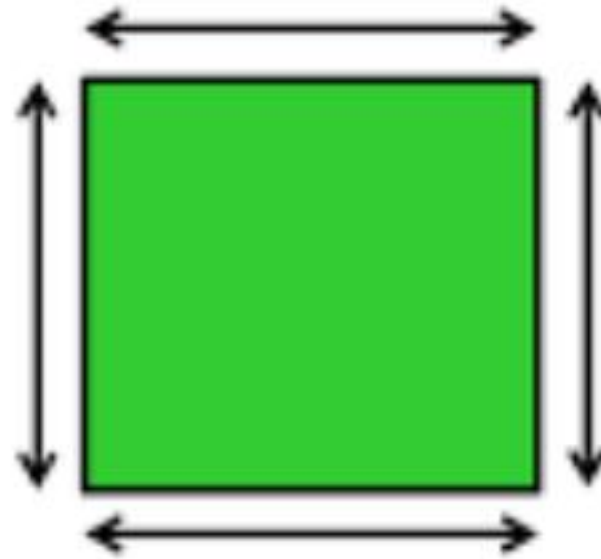
**Enable learners :**

- To recall the previously learned terms and formulae of finding perimeter of square and rectangles.

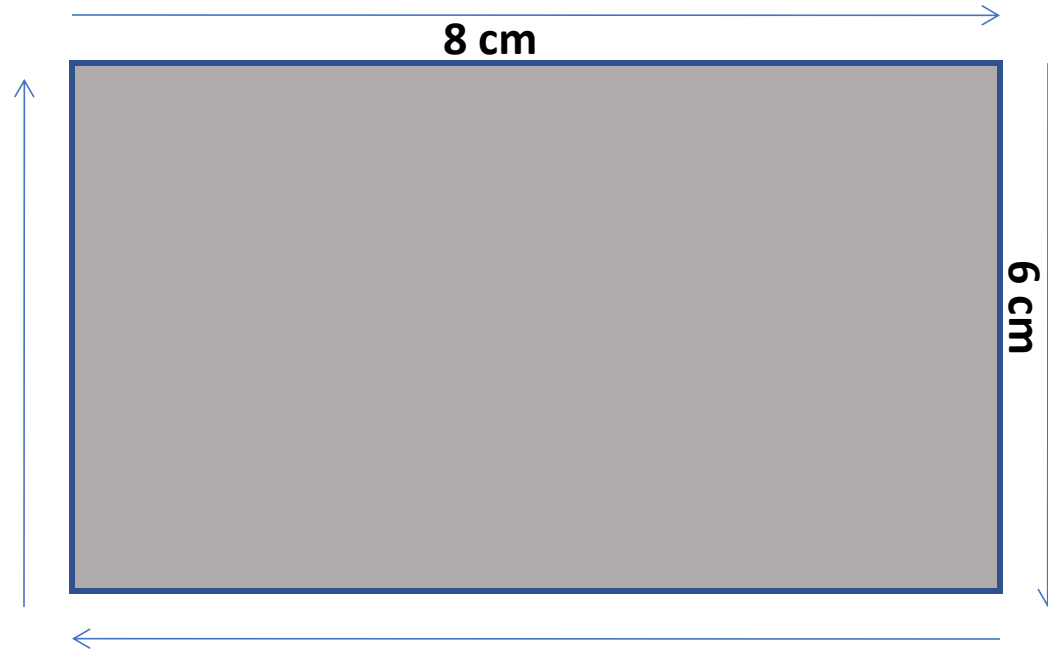
# PERIMETER

## What is Perimeter?

The perimeter is the distance all the way around the outside of a 2D shape.



# PERIMETER



Perimeter of this rectangle =

$$\text{Length} + \text{length} + \text{breadth} + \text{breadth} = 2 \text{ length} + 2 \text{ breadth}$$

$$= 2 (\text{length} + \text{breadth}) = 2 \times (l + b) = 2 \times (8 + 6) = 2 \times 14 = 28 \text{ cm}$$

# PERIMETER

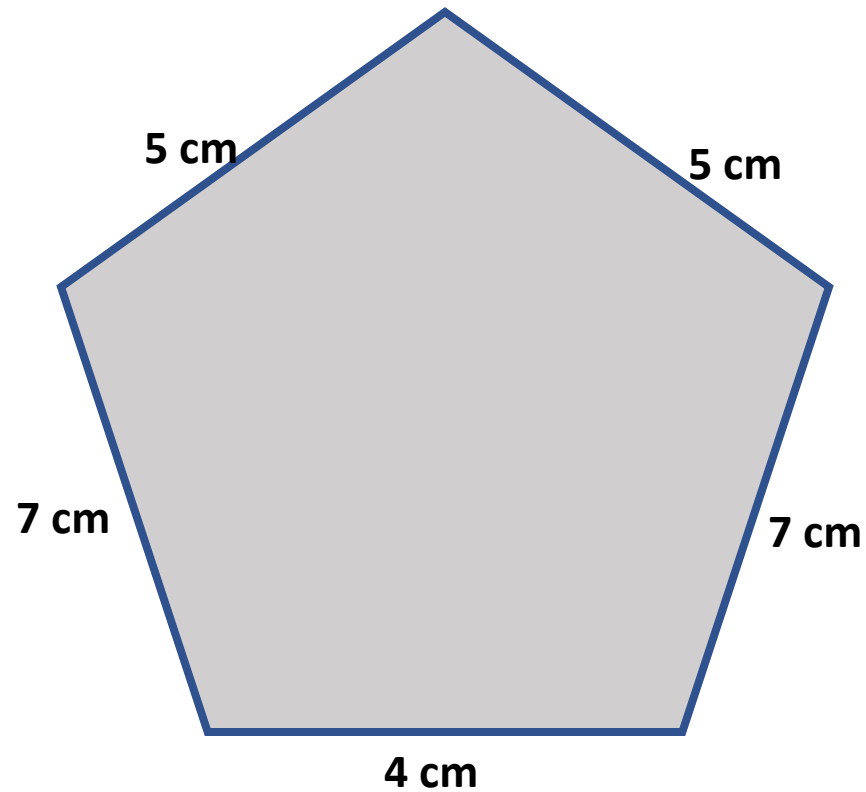
5 cm



Perimeter of a square = side + side + side + side = 4 x side

$$= 4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ cm}$$

# PERIMETER



Perimeter of this fig =  $5\text{ cm} + 5\text{ cm} + 7\text{ cm} + 7\text{ cm} + 4\text{ cm} = 28\text{ cm}$

Perimeter of any irregular shape is the sum of its sides

## EXERCISE 17 A

4. The length of a rectangular field is three times the breadth. If the breadth is  $3\frac{1}{2}$  m, find the perimeter.

$$\text{Breadth} = 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ m} = \frac{7}{2} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Length} = \text{three times of breadth} = \frac{7}{2} \times 3 = \frac{21}{2} \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2 \times l + b = 2 \times \left( \frac{7}{2} + \frac{21}{2} \right)$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{28}{2} = 28 \text{ m}$$

∴ the perimeter of the rectangular field is **28 m**.



## EXERCISE 17 A

5 . The breadth of a rectangular garden is 6 m less than its length. If the length is 30 m , find the perimeter.

Length of the garden = 30 m

Breadth = 6 m less than length =  $30 - 6 = 24$  m

Perimeter =  $2 \times (l + b) = 2 \times (30 + 24)$

=  $2 \times 54 = 108$  m



- the perimeter of the rectangular garden is **108 m**.





## EXERCISE 17 A

6 . The length of a square field is 35 m. what distance will a man walk in going around it 3 times?

Length of the garden = 35 m

Perimeter = 4 x side =  $4 \times 35 = 140$  m

The man covers 140 m in one round.

Distance he'll cover in three rounds =  $3 \times 140 = 420$  m



∴ the man will cover **420 m** in three rounds. .



## EXERCISE 17 A

7. Sonu bought a tablecloth 2.25 m long and 1.75 m wide . She wanted to put lace around it. How many metres lace would she has to buy? Also find out how much would the lace cost if it costs ₹ 14. 50 per metre.

Length of the tablecloth = 2 . 25 m

Wide / breadth of the tablecloth = 1.57 m

Lace needed = Perimeter =  $2 \times (l + b) = 2 \times ( 2. 25 + 1.75 ) = 2 \times 4 \text{ m} = 8 \text{ m}$

Sonu needs 8m lace.

Cost of 1 m of lace = ₹14. 50

Cost of 8 m of lace =  $8 \times 14.50 = ₹ 116$

∴ Sonu will need **8 m** of lace of **₹116**.



## EXERCISE 17 A

8. Akash covers 48 m while going around a square field twice. Find the side of the square. How much wire will be required for fencing around it once. Find the cost of wire if one metre costs ₹ 1.75.

Distance covered while going twice around a square field = 48 m

Distance covered going around ones =  $\frac{48}{2} = 24$  m

So, perimeter is 24 m .

Side of the square field =  $\frac{24}{4} = 6$  m

Cost of 1 m of wire = ₹1.75

Cost of 24 m of wire =  $24 \times 1.75 = ₹42$

- The side of the square field is **6 m** and **24 m** of wire is needed at a cost of **₹42** for fencing around it once.



The logo for 'Learning Outcomes' features the words 'Learning' and 'Outcomes' in a bold, black, sans-serif font with a yellow outline. A red apple with a green leaf is positioned above the letter 'i' in 'Learning'. To the left of the word 'Outcomes' is a blue graduation cap with a tassel.

# Learning Outcomes

**Students are able:**

- **To recall the previously learned terms and formulae of finding perimeter of square and rectangles.**



**Complete Exercise 17 A Q.no. 1 to 3 in the copy.**

**THANKING YOU**  
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