

MONTH : JANUARY

SESSION : 2

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 17

CHAPTER NAME : PERIMETER AND AREA

SUB-TOPIC : AREA OF RECTANGLE AND SQUARE

EXERCISE 17 C Q. 1 TO 3

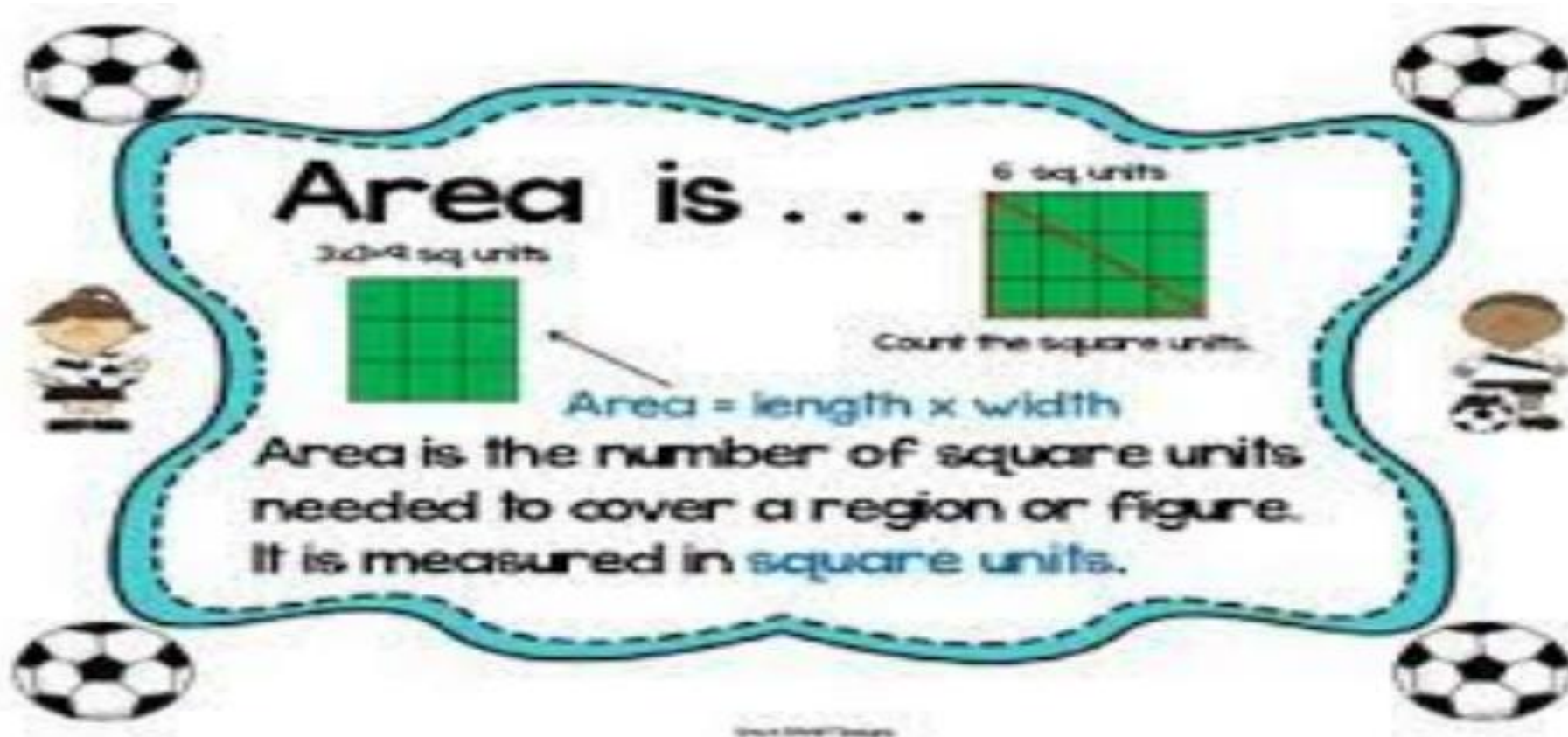
CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE :

Enable learners :


- To find the area of rectangle and square.**

AREA




Area is . . .

3x3=9 sq units



6 sq units



Count the square units.

Area = length x width

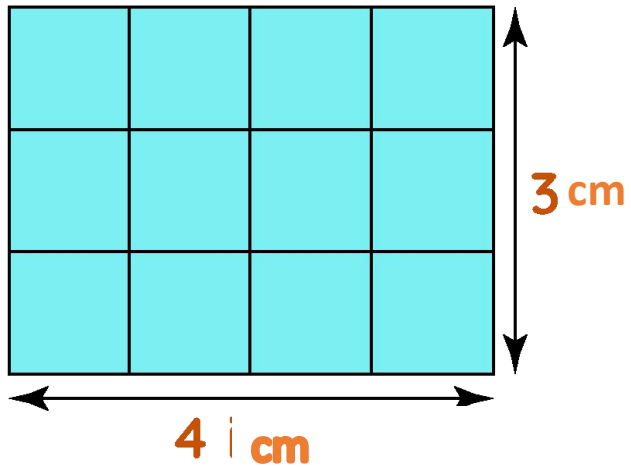
Area is the number of square units needed to cover a region or figure. It is measured in square units.

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AREA OF A RECTANGLE



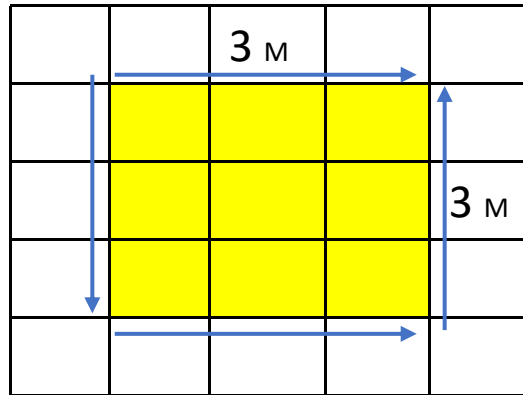
In the picture, area = length x breadth

$$= 4 \times 3 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

As Area is the space covered by a particular shape.
The no. of squares covered is 12.

**Area of a
rectangle =
 $l \times b$**

AREA OF A SQUARE



In the picture, area = side x side

$$= 3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ m}^2$$

As Area is the space covered by a particular shape.
The no. of squares covered is 9.

**Area of a square =
side x side**



AREA

When area of a rectangle is given length = $\frac{\text{AREA}}{\text{BREADTH}}$

If breadth of a rectangle is 30 cm and Area is 300 sq.cm. find the length.

$$L = \frac{A}{B} = \frac{300}{30} = 10 \text{ cm .}$$

When area of a rectangle is given breadth = $\frac{\text{AREA}}{\text{LENGTH}}$

If length of a rectangle is 40 cm and Area is 320 sq.cm. find the breadth.

$$B = \frac{A}{l} = \frac{320}{40} = 8 \text{ cm}$$





EXERCISE 17 C

1. Find the area of rectangles whose length and breadth is given.

$$\text{a. } L = 10 \text{ m} \quad B = 7 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 10 \times 7 = \mathbf{70 \text{ sq.m}}$$

$$\text{b. } L = 15 \text{ cm} \quad B = 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 15 \times 20 = \mathbf{300 \text{ sq.cm}}$$

$$\text{c. } L = 25 \text{ cm} \quad B = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 25 \times 16 = \mathbf{400 \text{ sq.cm}}$$

$$\text{d. } L = 18 \text{ cm} \quad B = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 18 \times 12 = \mathbf{216 \text{ sq.cm}}$$

$$\text{e. } L = 8 \text{ dm} \quad B = 6 \text{ dm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 8 \times 6 = \mathbf{48 \text{ sq.dm}}$$

$$\text{f. } L = 14 \text{ dm} \quad B = 11 \text{ dm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 14 \times 11 = \mathbf{154 \text{ sq.dm}}$$

EXERCISE 17 C

1. Find the area of rectangles whose length and breadth is given.

$$\text{g. } L = 12 \text{ dm} \quad B = 9 \text{ dm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 12 \times 9 = \mathbf{108 \text{ sq.dm}}$$

$$\text{h. } L = 5 \text{ m} = 500 \text{ cm} \quad B = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Area} = l \times b = 500 \times 25 = \mathbf{12500 \text{ sq.cm}}$$





EXERCISE 17 C

2. Find the area of square whose one side is given.

a. Side = 1 m 10 cm = 110 cm

Area = side x side = $110 \times 110 = 12100 \text{ sq.cm}$

b. Side = 5 m 25 cm = 5 2 5 cm

Area = side x side = $5\ 2\ 5 \times 5\ 2\ 5 = 275625 \text{ sq.cm}$

c. Side = 2 cm 4mm = 24 mm

Area = side x side = $24 \times 24 = 576 \text{ sq.mm}$

d. Side = 4 cm 5mm = 45 mm

Area = side x side = $45 \times 45 = 2025 \text{ sq.mm}$

e. Side = 1 m 6 dm = 16 dm

Area = side x side = $16 \times 16 = 256 \text{ sq.dm}$

f. Side = 3.5 m

Area = side x side = $3.5 \times 3.5 = 12.25 \text{ sq.m}$

EXERCISE 17 C

3. Study and find the answers.

a. L = 50 cm Area = 300 sq.cm

$$B = \frac{A}{L} = \frac{300}{50} = \mathbf{6 \text{ cm}}$$

b. B = 12 m Area = 156 sq.m

$$L = \frac{A}{B} = \frac{156}{12} = \mathbf{13 \text{ m}}$$

c. B = 21 m Area = 504 sq.m

$$L = \frac{A}{B} = \frac{504}{21} = \mathbf{24 \text{ m}}$$

d. L = 4m Area = 12 sq.m

$$B = \frac{A}{L} = \frac{12}{4} = \mathbf{3 \text{ m}}$$

e. L = 4m Area = 72 sq.m

$$B = \frac{A}{L} = \frac{72}{4} = \mathbf{18 \text{ m}}$$





Complete Exercise 17 B in the copy.



Learning Outcomes



Students are able:



To find the area of rectangle and square.

THANKING YOU
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