

SESSION : 10
CLASS : IV
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS
CHAPTER NUMBER : 10
CHAPTER NAME : FACTORS AND MULTIPLES
SUBTOPIC : MULTIPLES AND PROPERTIES OF MULTIPLES, EX-10 C

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Enable the students to understand the concept of multiples and their properties.



Multiples

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$5 \times 4 = 20$$

$$5 \times 5 = 25$$

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$5 \times 7 = 35$$

$$5 \times 8 = 40$$

$$5 \times 9 = 45$$

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$

Here, **5, 10, 15, 20, 25 and so on** are all multiples of 5.

When we multiply **two given numbers**, their product is a multiple of **each of the numbers**.

For **example**,

Here, $5 \times 6 = 30$

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Here, $5 \times 6 = 30$

Similarly, $4 \times 7 = 28$. here, **28** is a multiple of both **4** and **7**.





Properties of Multiples

1. The smallest multiple of a number is **the number itself**.





Properties of Multiples

2. Every number is a multiple of **1**.

Every number is a multiple of **itself**.

(e.g.) $1 \times 15 = 15$. so, **15** is a multiple of **1** and **15**.





Properties of Multiples

3. **0** is a multiple of every number.

$$25 \times 0 = 0; 36 \times 0 = 0. 9 \times 0 = 0.$$

Thus, **0** is a multiple of every number.





Properties of Multiples

4. Every (**non-zero**) multiple of a whole number is either greater than or **equal** to the number. (e.g.) multiples of **6** are **6, 12, 18, 24,.....**

The smallest multiples of **6** and the other multiples of **6** are greater than **6**.





Properties of Multiples

5. Multiples of a number are infinite (i.e.) they carry **on** and **on**.

e.g. multiples of **20** are **20, 40, 60, 80,**



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

1. Fill in the blanks :

- (a) The multiples of a even number is always even.
- (b) The multiple of an odd number may be odd or even.
- (c) 0 is the whole number which is a multiple of every number.
- (d) Every number is multiple of 1 and itself.
- (e) The multiples of any number are infinite.



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

1. Fill in the blanks :

(f) 18 is a multiple of 3 and 6.

(g) 14 is a multiple of 2 and 7.

(h) 15 is a multiple of 5 and 3.

(i) The next multiple of 4 after 20 is 24.

(j) The next multiple of 10 after 50 is 60.



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

2. Write the next six multiples of the following :

(a) 3, 6 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24,

(b) 4, 8 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32,



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

3. Find three common multiples of the following :

(a) 2 and 5 10, 20, 30.

(b) 3 and 4 12, 24, 36.

(c) 7 and 3 21, 42, 63.

(d) 10 and 4 20, 40, 60.

(e) 6 and 8 24, 48, 72.

(f) 5 and 7 35, 70, 105.



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

4. Circle the numbers which are the multiples of 4 and cross (X) the multiples of 10. After that write the common multiples of 4 and 10 :

4	8	10	12	16	20	24	28	30	32
36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64	68	72
76	80	84	88	92	96	100			

Common multiples are : 20, 40, 60, 80, 100.



MULTIPLES

Exercise 10(C)

5. Circle the multiples of the given numbers :

6	6,	10,	18,	30,	32,	36,	40,	48,	54,	60,	72
3	18,	19,	21,	24,	28,	30,	31,	34,	36,	42	
11	22,	24,	28,	33,	44,	46,	51,	55,	62,	66	
15	30,	45,	49,	50,	55,	60,	64,	70,	75,	80,	85



HOME ASSIGNMENT:

- **Complete Exercise – 10 (C) in your note book.**

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able to understand the concept of multiples and their properties.

THANKING YOU
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