

SESSION : 14
CLASS : IV
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS
CHAPTER NUMBER : 11
CHAPTER NAME : FRACTIONS
SUBTOPIC : SUBTRACTIONS OF LIKE
FRACTIONS, EX-11 D

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

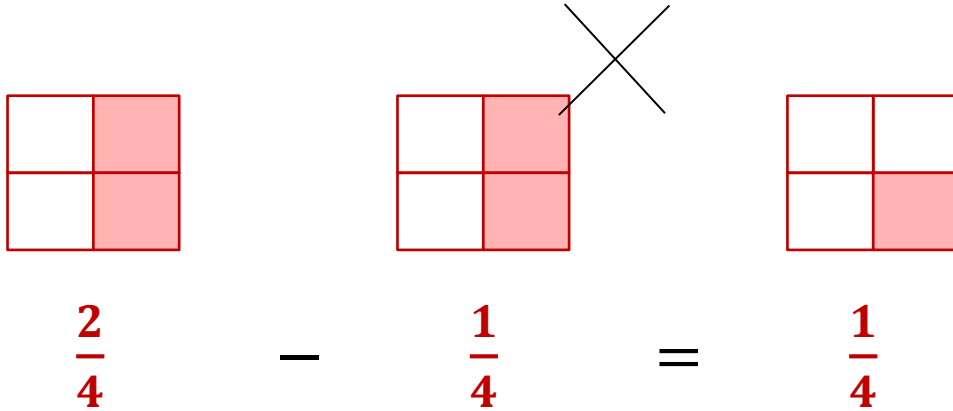
LEARNING OBJECTIVE

- Enable the students to understand how to subtract the like fractions.

FRACTION

SUBTRACTION OF FRACTION

Let us subtract $\frac{1}{4}$ from $\frac{2}{4}$.



The figure shows three circles, each divided into four equal quadrants. The first circle has three quadrants shaded black, representing $\frac{3}{4}$. The second circle has two quadrants shaded black, representing $\frac{2}{4}$. The third circle has one quadrant shaded black, representing the result $\frac{1}{4}$. Below the circles is the equation:
$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Two like **fractions** can be **subtracted** by simply **subtracting** the smaller **numerator** from the greater **numerator**, while keeping the **denominator** same.

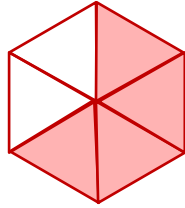


FRACTION

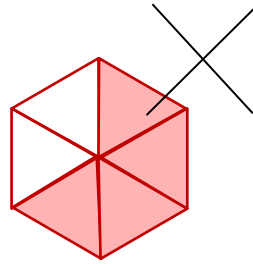
SUBTRACTION OF FRACTION

EXAMPLE

Subtract $\frac{2}{6}$ from $\frac{4}{6}$.



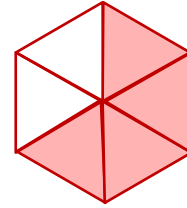
$$\frac{4}{6}$$



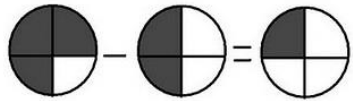
$$\frac{2}{6}$$

—

=



$$\frac{4-2}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

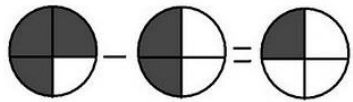
Exercise – 11(D)

1. Fill in the blanks:

$$(a) \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$(b) \frac{7}{11} - \frac{5}{11} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$(c) \frac{17}{25} - \frac{8}{25} = \frac{9}{25}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

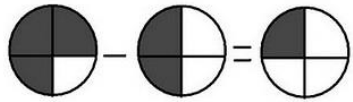
Exercise – 11(D)

1. Fill in the blanks:

$$(d) \frac{8}{14} - \frac{3}{14} = \frac{5}{14}$$

$$(e) \frac{34}{43} - \frac{11}{43} = \frac{23}{43}$$

$$(f) \frac{17}{18} - \frac{4}{18} = \frac{13}{18}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

Exercise – 11(D)

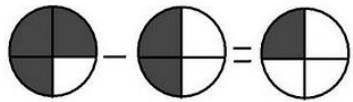
1. Fill in the blanks:

$$(g) \frac{\boxed{10}}{15} - \frac{7}{15} = \frac{3}{15}$$

$$(h) \frac{10}{13} - \frac{9}{13} = \frac{\boxed{1}}{\boxed{13}}$$

$$(i) \frac{23}{42} - \frac{17}{42} = \frac{\boxed{6}}{\boxed{42}}$$

$$(j) \frac{87}{92} - \frac{57}{92} = \frac{\boxed{30}}{\boxed{92}}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

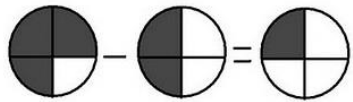
Exercise – 11(D)

2. Subtract the following:

$$(a) \quad \frac{4}{7} - \frac{3}{7} = \frac{4-3}{7} = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{7}{11} - \frac{2}{11} = \frac{7-2}{11} = \frac{5}{11}$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{11}{17} - \frac{5}{17} = \frac{11-5}{17} = \frac{6}{17}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

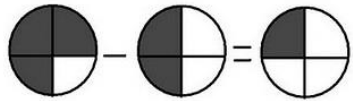
Exercise – 11(D)

2. Subtract the following:

$$(d) \frac{20}{31} - \frac{15}{31} = \frac{20-15}{31} = \frac{5}{31}$$

$$(e) \frac{4}{15} - \frac{2}{15} = \frac{4-2}{15} = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$(f) \frac{15}{25} - \frac{10}{25} = \frac{15-10}{25} = \frac{5}{25}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



SUBTRACTION OF LIKE FRACTIONS

Exercise – 11(D)

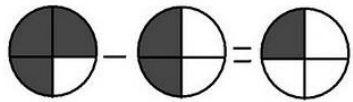
2. Subtract the following:

$$(g) \frac{17}{23} - \frac{11}{23} = \frac{17-11}{23} = \frac{6}{23}$$

$$(h) \frac{15}{19} - \frac{12}{19} = \frac{15-12}{19} = \frac{3}{19}$$

$$(i) \frac{12}{26} - \frac{11}{26} = \frac{12-11}{26} = \frac{1}{26}$$

$$(j) \frac{25}{43} - \frac{23}{43} = \frac{25-23}{43} = \frac{2}{43}$$



$$\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$



HOME ASSIGNMENT:

- **Complete Exercise – 11(D) in your note book.**

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able to understand how to subtract the like fractions.

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP