

MONTH: AUGUST

SESSION: 5

CLASS: V

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 8

CHAPTER NAME: FACTORS AND MULTIPLES

SUB-TOPIC: LEAST COMMON MULTIPLE: L.C.M. BY

PRIME FACTOR METHOD. EXERCISE 8 C Q.NO.1

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

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LEARNING OBJECTIVE:

Enable the students

- To Understand the concept of Multiples and Least common multiple.
- To find out common multiples and L.C.M.



L.C.M. BY PRIME FACTOR METHOD



Example 1: Find the L.C.M. of 12, 15 and 24

Prime factors of $12 = 2 \times 2 \times 3$

Prime factors of $24 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$

Prime factors of $15 = 3 \times 5$

Common Prime factors are: 3

Remaining common prime factor: 2, 2

Uncommon prime factor: 2 and 5



$$L.C.M. = 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 120$$

The L.C.M. of 12, 15 and 24 is 120.



L.C.M. by Prime factor method

Example 2: Find the L.C.M. of 20, 30 and 35



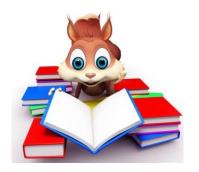
Prime factors of
$$30 = 3 \times 5 \times 2$$

Prime factors of $20 = 2 \times 5 \times 2$
Prime factors of $35 = 7 \times 5$

Common Prime factors are: 5

Remaining common prime factor: 2

Uncommon prime factor: 3,2,7



$$L.C.M. = 5 \times 2 \times 3 \times 2 \times 7 = 420$$



The L.C.M. of 20, 30 and 35 is 420.



1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

a. 36 and 63

Prime factors of
$$36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$$

Prime factors of $63 = 7 \times 3 \times 3$

$$L.C.M. = 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 = 252$$

The L.C.M. of 36 and 63 is 252.





1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

b. 11 and 55

Prime factors of 11 =
$$1 \times 11$$

Prime factors of 55 = 5×11

$$L.C.M. = 11 \times 5 \times 1 = 55$$

The L.C.M. of 11 and 55 is 55.





1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

c. 25 and 100

Prime factors of
$$25 = 5 \times 5$$

Prime factors of $100 = 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2$

$$L.C.M. = 5 \times 5 \times 2 \times 2 = 100$$

The L.C.M. of 25 and 100 is 100.





1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

d. 9, 36 and 45

Prime factors of 9 =
$$3 \times 3$$

Prime factors of 36 = $3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2$
Prime factors of 45 = $3 \times 3 \times 5$

$$L.C.M. = 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 180$$

The L.C.M. of 9, 36 and 45 is 180.





1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

e.12, 15, 18 and 36

Prime factors of 12 =
$$3 \times 2 \times 2$$

Prime factors of 15 = 3×5

Prime factors of 18 = $3 \times 3 \times 2$

Prime factors of 36 = $3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2$

$$L.C.M. = 3 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 180$$



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The L.C.M. of 12, 15, 18 and 36 180.



1. Write the prime factors of each number and find the L.C.M.

f. 20, 50, 60 and 100

Prime factors of
$$20 = 2 \times 2 \times 5$$

Prime factors of $50 = 2 \times 5 \times 5$

Prime factors of $60 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3$

Prime factors of $100 = 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$

 $L.C.M. = 2 \times 5 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3 = 300$



The L.C.M. of 20, 50, 60 and 100 is 300.



➤ HOME ASSIGHMENT : Complete Exercise 8 C Q.No. 1 [g] and [h] in the notebook.





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