

Communication Skills

Class X, Session 6: Writing Skills: Parts of Speech (IT #402)

By: Gitashree Nayak

Mob No.: 9439656911

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Student could able to understand:

 Parts of Speech, Capitalization, Capitalization Rules, Punctuation, Basic Parts of Speech, Supporting Parts of Speech.

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Writing Skills: Parts of Speech

Using capitals:

It is easy to know what to capitalize if you remember the word 'MINTS'.

Capitalisation Rules

Alphabet	M	I	N	T	S
What it shows:	Months	The letter	Names	Titles	Starting letter of sentences
Rule	Capitalise the first letter in all the names of months.	Capitalise the letter 'I' when it is used to begin a word.	Capitalise the first letter in the names of people, places and days.	Capitalise the first letter in the titles used before people's name.	Capitalise the first letter in every sentence.
Example	I will go to college in June.	I play tennis with him every day.	This Tuesday, Vidya will be in Rajasthan.	Dr Shah and Mr Patel work together.	The cat ran out of the house.

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Punctuation:

• It is a set of marks, such as the full stop and the comma, which help us separate parts of a sentence and explain its meaning.

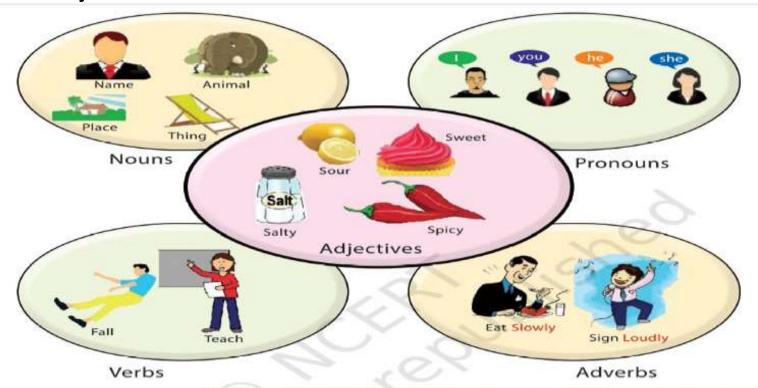
Table 1.8: Punctuation Marks

Punctuation name	Sign	Use	Examples
Full stop	e:	Shows the end of a sentence. Also used to show short form of long words. For example, 'doctor' can be shortened to 'Dr' when we use it as a title before a name.	This is a sentence. This is another sentence. Sanjay is a doctor, His patients call him Dr Sanjay.
Comma	.3.	Sometimes, we use a comma to indicate a pause in the sentence.	After the waiter gave me a menu, I ordered food.
		We can also use a comma to separate items when we are listing out more than two items in a row.	I bought apples, oranges and grapes.
Question mark	?	We use a question mark at the end of a question.	What is your name? How old are you?
Exclamation mark	ı	We use an exclamation mark at the end of a word or a sentence to indicate a strong feeling, such as surprise, shock or anger.	What a pleasant surprise! You are late!
Apostrophe	()	We use an apostrophe followed by an s to show that something belongs to someone.	That is Divya's pen. Are these Abdul's books?
		We also use an apostrophe to indicate the shortened form of some words in informal speech.	Let's go. (Instead of Let us go.) He isn't here. (Instead of He is not here.)



Basic parts of speech

- There are eight basic parts of speech in the English language.
- These are noun, pronoun, verb, adjective, adverb, preposition, conjunction and interjection.



CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Parts of Speech

Parts of Speech	What they do	Example sentences	Example words
Noun		In the sentence, 'Reema wrote a letter.' Both Reema and letter are nouns.	
Pronoun	A pronoun is a word used in place of a noun	In the second sentence, "Reema wrote a letter. She is tired." 'She' is used in place of the noun Reema, it is a pronoun.	I They He You
Adjectives	Adjectives are words that describe other words	In the sentence "Reema wrote a long letter." Long is an adjective that describes the noun 'letter'.	Small Blue Sharp Loud
Verbs	Verbs are words that show action	In the sentence: "Reema wrote a letter." Wrote is the verb. It tells what action Reema did.	Run Eat Think Sit
Adverbs	add meaning to verbs, adjectives, or other	In the sentence "Reema quickly wrote a letter." Quickly is an adverb. It tells us how Reema did the action (writing).	Always

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

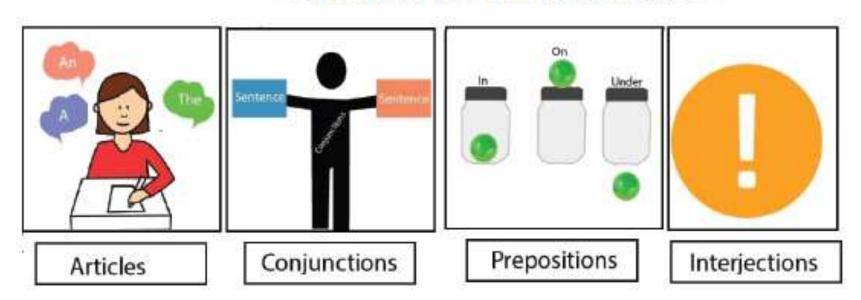
Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Supporting parts of speech types

Supporting parts of speech types



CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



Supporting parts of speech types

Supporting Parts of Speech

Supporting Parts of Speech	Use	Examples
Articles	The words 'a', 'an' and 'the' are known as articles. Articles are generally used before nouns. An is used before words with a vowel (a,e,i,o,u) sound A is used before nouns with a consonant (all other alphabets) sound The is used to refer to specific or particular words	A book An apple An umbrella
Conjunctions		Instead of, Sheela went to the market. I also went to the market. Sheela and I went to the market. Instead of, "Do you want oranges? Do you want apples?" "Do you want oranges or apples?"
Prepositions	with another to show the relation between them. They usually	\$1.00x8500.00x8500000000000000000000000000
Interjections	These words express strong emotions, such as happiness, surprise, anger or pain. They have an exclamation mark at the end.	Oh! Oh no!

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



A. Multiple choice questions

Read the questions carefully and circle the letter (a), (b), (c) or (d) that best answers the question.

- 1. In which of the following, the underlined word is an adjective?
- (a) Radha has a red dress.
- (b) I can speak French.
- (c) The Girl on the Train is a best-seller.
- (d) Abdul can swim fast.
- 2. Which of these sentences is capitalised correctly?
- (a) Ravi and i are going to the movies.
- (b) Salim is visiting India in july.
- (c) The Tiger is a strong animal.
- (d) She is arriving on Monday.

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: 1800 120 2316

EDUCATIONAL GROUP

Home Assignment

- 3. Which of these sentences are punctuated correctly?
- (a) When is the party.
- (b) I had bread omelette and a Banana for breakfast.
- (c) I am so excited about my first foreign trip!
- (d) This is Abdul's notebook.
- 4. In which of these sentences can you find an adverb?
- (a) Divya drinks milk every day.
- (b) Sanjay gifted me a new pen.
- (c) I opened the door lock.
- (d) Sita is 5-feet tall.

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org

Sishu Vihar, Infocity Road, Patia, Bhubaneswar- 751024

Toll Free: 1800 120 2316



B. Fill in the blanks

 Fill correct nouns and verbs from the given options to complete the sentence in table given below.

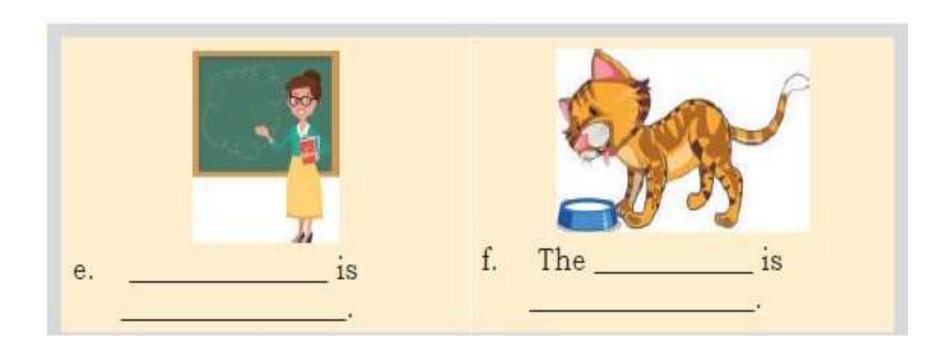
Nouns	Verbs
Boy, Ms Sen, Rahim, Children, Cat, Students	Swimming, Driving, Writing, Teaching, Eating, Playing
a. The is	b. The are
c. The are	d. isthe car.

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**





CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



- C. Subjective question
- 1. Identify the conjunctions and prepositions from the list below and write these in the correct box.

Over, Because, Under, And, Since, In, At, Although, Or, Up, On, Beside

Conjunction Preposition

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**



THANKING YOU ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP



CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org

Email: info@odmps.org

Toll Free: **1800 120 2316**