Chapter- 17

Perimeter and Area

STUDY NOTES

In this chapter, you will be able to:

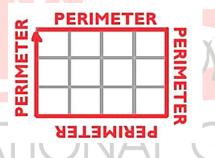
- Find the perimeter and area of rectangles using formulae.
- Find the perimeter and area of squares using formulae.

Let us Revise:

Perimeter

The **perimeter** is the total distance all the way around the outside of a 2D shape.

It refers to the length of the outline of the enclosed figure.

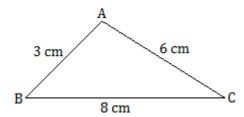


Changing your Tomorrow

The units for perimeter are:

- mm (millimetre)
- cm (centimetre)
- m (metre)
- km (kilometre)

Example:



Here, sides of the triangle are AB = 3 cm, BC = 8 cm and AC = 6 cm

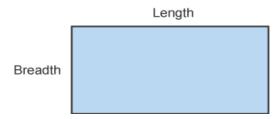
Perimeter of triangle = sum of all three sides

Therefore, the perimeter of the given triangle = 3 cm + 8cm + 6 cm = 17 cm

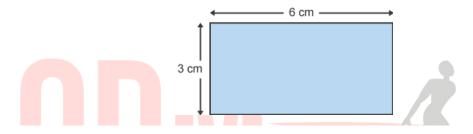
Rectangles

Perimeter of a rectangle

Opposite sides of a rectangle are equal in length.



Example:



Perimeter of a rectangle of length 6 cm and breadth 3 cm is:

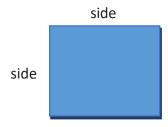
Perimeter = Sum of all the sides = 6 cm + 3 cm + 6 cm + 3 cm = 18 cmOr

Perimeter =
$$2 \times (length + breadth) = 2 \times (6 cm + 3 cm)$$

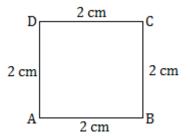
= $2 \times 9 cm = 18 cm$

Square

All sides of a square are equal in length.



Example:



Perimeter of a square of side 2 cm is:

Perimeter = Sum of all the sides

$$= 2 cm + 2 cm + 2 cm + 2 cm = 8 cm$$

Or

Perimeter = $4 \times \text{side} = 4 \times 2 \text{ cm}$

= 8 cm



The area of a 2D shape is the amount of surface it covers.

OR

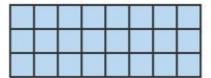
The amount of surface a plane closed figure covers is called its area.

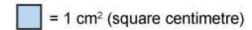


The units for area are:

- mm² (Square millimetre)
- cm² (Square centimetre)
- m² (Square metre)
- km² (Square kilometre)

Example





Area = 24 squares

Area = 24cm^2 (24 square centimeters)

Area of a rectangle

The area of a rectangle can be found by multiplying the length by the breadth.

Area= length × breadth

 $A = I \times b$





Area = length × breadth

 $= 6 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} = 18 \text{ cm}^2$

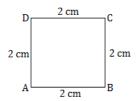
Area of a square Changing your Tomorrow

The area of a square can be found by multiplying the side by the side

Area= side × side

 $A = s \times s$

Example



 $Area = side \times side$

 $= 2 \text{ cm} \times 2 \text{ cm} = 4 \text{ cm}^2$

Story sums:

1) The area of a rectangular piece of cardboard is 36 sq cm and its length is 9 cm and its length is 9 cm. What is the width of the cardboard?

Solution:

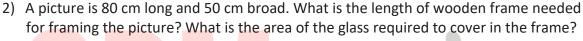
Area of the rectangle = 36 sq cm Length = 9 cm

Width =?

Area of a rectangle = Length × width

So, the width =
$$\frac{Area}{Length} = \frac{36}{9} = 4cm$$

Thus, the width of the rectangular cardboard is 4 cm.



Solution:

Length of the picture = 80 cm
Breadth of the picture = 50 cm

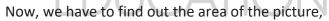


First, we have to find out the perimeter,

$$= 2 \times (80 \text{ cm} + 50 \text{ cm})$$

$$= 2 \times 130 \text{ cm} = 260 \text{ cm}$$

So, the length of the wooden frame needed for framing the picture is 260 cm. Part-2



So, the area of the glass required to cover the picture in the frame is 4000 sq cm.



Let's sing!

To fence around a movie theatre,

First, Peter found its perimeter.

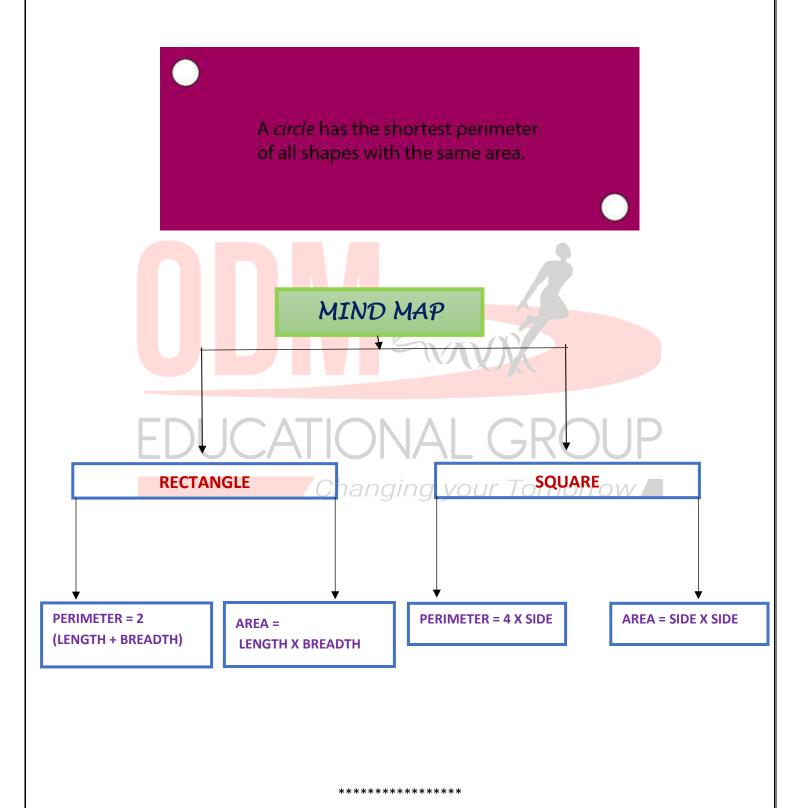
He added the lengths of all the sides,





and fenced it with flowers big and wide.

AMAZING FACT:



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