Chapter- 5

The Little Red Hen

STUDY NOTES

AT A GLANCE:

- The story is about four good friends, the little red hen, the duck, the goose and the turkey.
- One day, the little red hen sees a bag of flour and wanted to take home.
- She asked all her friends to help but everyone denied by making excuses.
- ❖ Later, she again asked her friends to help her bake the cookies.
- ❖ But still, they denied making the same excuses all over again.
- Somehow the little red hen bakes the cookies all by herself.
- ❖ When the cookies were ready, her friends came over wanting to eat the cookies.
- This story ends with a question of whether the little red hen shared the cookies with her friends or not.

NEW WORDS:

- 1. flour
- 2. cookies
- 3. heavy
- 4. help
- 5. alone

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS: anging your Tomorrow

1. Who is sitting in the sun?

Ans- The duck is sitting in the sun.

2. Who wants to go for a swim?

Ans- The goose wants to go for a swim.

3. What does the turkey have to hunt for?

Ans - The turkey has to hunt for insects.

4. Did the turkey, duck and goose help the little red hen?

Ans – No, they did not help the little red hen.

REFERENCE TO CONTEXT:

"The little red hen pulls the bag all alone and brings it home. Before making the cookies, she asks her friends for help."

1. Why does the little red hen pull the bag all alone?

Ans - The little red hen pulls the bag all alone because her friends did not help her.

2. Who are her friends?

Ans - The duck, goose and the turkey are her friends.

3. Name the chapter.

Ans - The name of the chapter is 'The Little Red Hen'.

ANSWER KEY:

GET GOING:

Let us find the answers from the story.

- 1. Answer the following questions in one word.
- (a) Who is sitting in the sun? Duck
- (b) Who wants to go for a swim? Goose
- (c) What does the turkey have to hunt for? Insects
- 2. Each sentence given below has an incorrect word. Underline the incorrect word. Then write the correct word in the space provided. One is done for you.
- (a) The little red hen bakes <u>cakes</u>. <u>cookies</u>
- (b) Cookies smell bad . good
- (c) The bag of flour is too <u>light</u>. <u>heavy</u>
- (d) The hen, the turkey, the duck and the goose are <u>not</u> friends. <u>good</u>

VOCABULARY JUNCTION:

When un- is added to well, it becomes unwell, which means not well.

Similarly, when dis- is added to connect, it becomes disconnect, which means not connected.

Un- and dis- are added at the beginning of a word to form opposites.

Look at the pictures and sentence pairs. Use a word from the box to complete one sentence in the pair. Add the prefix un- or dis- at the beginning of the word to complete the second sentence. One is done for you.

appeared	locks	tidy

- Mother <u>locks</u> the door before going to office.
 Dad <u>unlocks</u> the door when he comes back from office.
- Tony's room is <u>tidy.</u>Gia's room is very <u>untidy.</u>
- 3. A rabbit <u>appeared</u> from the magic hat. Poof! The rabbit <u>disappeared</u>.

GRAMMAR JUNCTION:



The words is, are and am are action words that do not show any action.
They join the naming part and the telling part of a sentence.

♣ NOTE:

We use **is** with singular naming parts.

EX: He is tall.

Sunita is my friend.

We use are with plural naming parts.

EX: They are tall people. They are my friends.

We use am with I.

EX: I am a girl

We always use are with you.

EX: You are pretty.

In some sentences is, am and are help the main action word.

Examples:

The children are playing a game.

The girl is singing a song.

★ We also use is and are to ask questions.

Examples:

Are we going to the park?

Is this your pen?

1. Underline the action word in each sentence. Circle the word that helps the action word. One is done for you.

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- (a) The bird is chirping sweetly.
- (b) Rohan(is) playing with Anand.
- (c) The children are making paperboats.
- (d) I(am)drawing a tree.
- 2. Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct option from the brackets.
- (a) He is (is/are) a good boy.
- (b) We are (am/are) going to the park.
- (c) I am (is/am) very happy today.
- (d) They are (are/am) reading stories.

WRITING JUNCTION:

Use is, am and are to complete the paragraph.



The sun rising is in the sky. We are going for a morning walk. The birds are singing.

I am singing with them. The children are playing in the garden. They are playing hide and seek. The milkman is riding a bicycle.

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