

**SESSION : 10**

**CLASS : 3**

**SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

**CHAPTER NUMBER: 6**

**CHAPTER NAME : DIVISION**

**SUBTOPIC : DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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## **LEARNING OBJECTIVE :**

**Children will :**

- \*Determine that division is dividing objects into equal groups.**
- \*Define these terms: dividend, divisor, and quotient.**
- \*Recognize that division is the opposite of multiplication.**
- \*Explain division.**
- \*Perform division.**
- \*Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.**

# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

EXAMPLE :

DIVIDE

MULTIPLY

SUBTRACT

BRING DOWN

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \end{array}$$

$$54 \div 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ \underline{45} \end{array}$$

$$15 \times 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ \underline{- 45} \\ 9 \end{array}$$

$$54 - 45$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ \underline{- 45} \downarrow \\ 93 \end{array}$$

$$3 \downarrow$$

M  
A  
T  
H  
S



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# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

M  
A  
T  
H  
S

DIVIDE

MULTIPLY

SUBTRACT

BRING DOWN

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ - 45 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 93 \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

$$93 \div 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ - 45 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 93 \phantom{0} \\ - 90 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 3 \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

$$15 \times 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ 15 \overline{) 543} \\ - 45 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 93 \phantom{0} \\ - 90 \phantom{0} \\ \hline 3 \phantom{0} \end{array}$$

$$93 - 90$$

As there is no more digits so there is nothing to bring down and 3 is the remainder.



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# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

Now let us see when you do not know the multiplication table of the divisor:

EXAMPLE :  $963 \div 13$

$$\begin{array}{r} 74 \rightarrow \text{Q} \\ 13 \overline{) 963} \\ \underline{-91} \phantom{3} \downarrow \\ 53 \\ \underline{-52} \\ 1 \rightarrow \text{R} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline 91 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 52 \end{array}$$



*MATHS*

# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

EXAMPLE :  $749 \div 21$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \overline{) 749} \\ \underline{63} \phantom{0} \\ 119 \\ \underline{105} \\ 14 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{35} \longrightarrow \text{Q} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{14} \longrightarrow \text{R} \end{array}$$

*MATHS*

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 63 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 21 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 105 \end{array}$$



# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

**Exercise-6 B - Q.No A -1 to 5  
bk. pg. 87  
in notebook.**



# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

A. Divide the following in your notebook.

1)  $420 \div 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 60 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 35 \longrightarrow Q \\ \underline{12} \overline{) 420} \\ \underline{36} \phantom{0} \\ 60 \\ \underline{60} \\ 0 \longrightarrow R \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 36 \end{array}$$



# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

$$2) 870 \div 24$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline 144 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 36 \longrightarrow Q \\ \hline 24 \overline{) 870} \\ \underline{- 72} \phantom{0} \\ 150 \\ \underline{- 144} \\ 6 \longrightarrow R \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 72 \end{array}$$



# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

$$4) 972 \div 18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 72 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 54 \rightarrow Q \\ \hline 18 \overline{) 972} \\ \underline{- 90} \phantom{0} \\ 72 \\ \underline{- 72} \\ 0 \rightarrow R \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline 90 \end{array}$$

# DIVISION

## DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER

$$5) 981 \div 29$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 87 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33 \rightarrow Q \\ \hline 29 \overline{) 981} \\ \underline{- 87} \phantom{1} \\ 111 \\ \underline{- 87} \\ 24 \rightarrow R \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 29 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 87 \end{array}$$

**DIVISION**

**DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER**

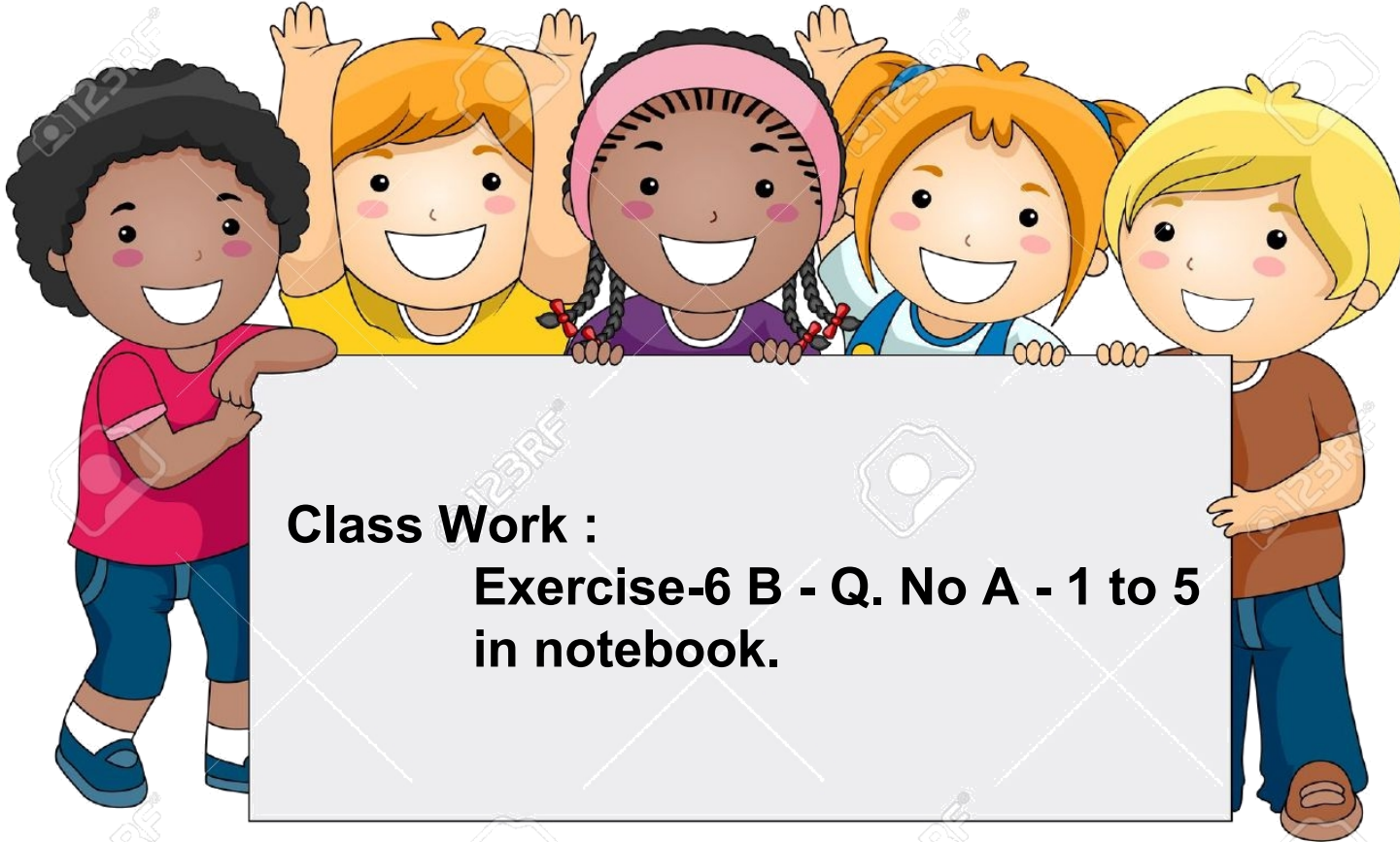
# VIDEO



*MATHS*

# **DIVISION**

## **DIVISION BY A 2-DIGIT NUMBER**



**Class Work :**

**Exercise-6 B - Q. No A - 1 to 5  
in notebook.**

## **LEARNING OUTCOME:**

**Children are confident to determine that division is dividing objects into equal groups. Define these terms: dividend, divisor, and quotient. Recognize that division is the opposite of multiplication. Explain division. Perform division and divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context.**



**ODM EDUCATIONAL  
GROUP**