

SESSION :3

CLASS :4

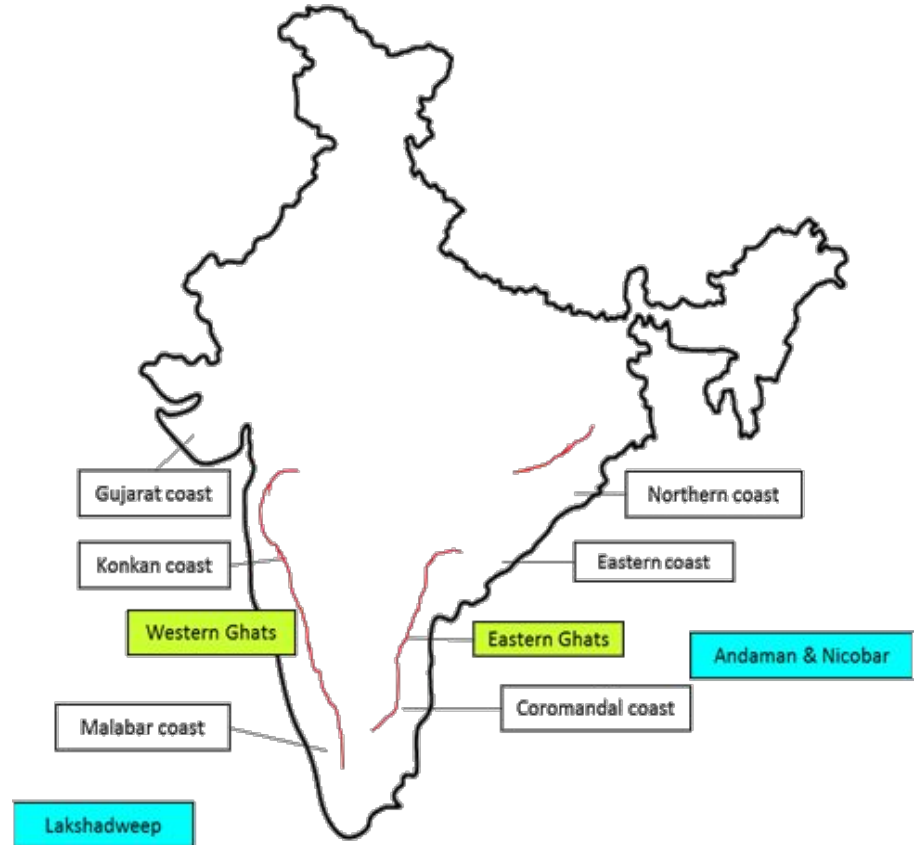
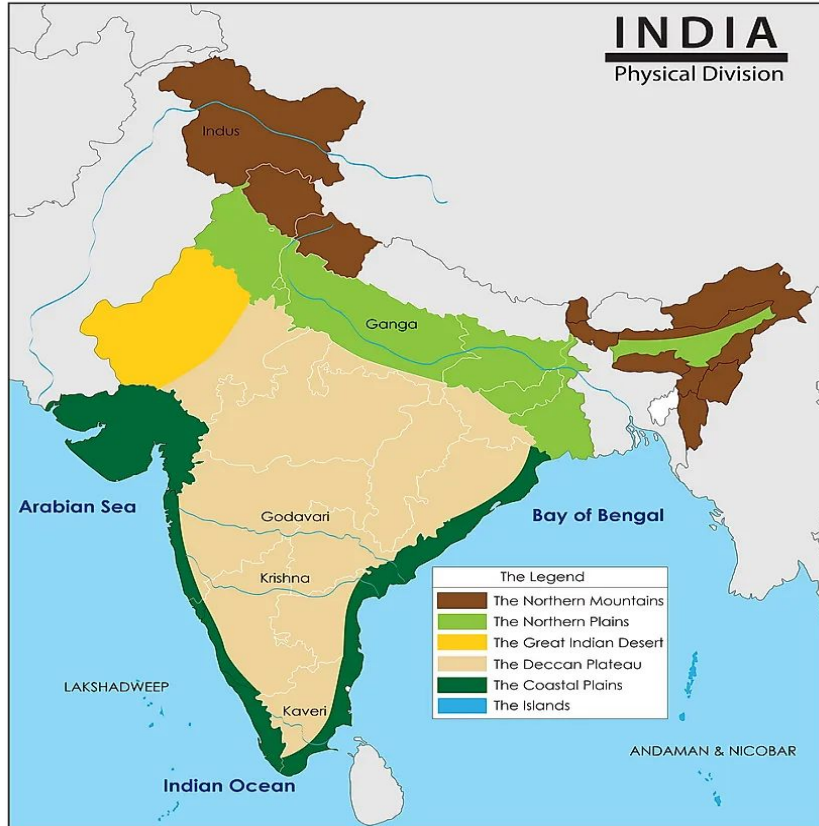
SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 7

CHAPTER NAME : COASTAL PLAINS AND ISLANDS

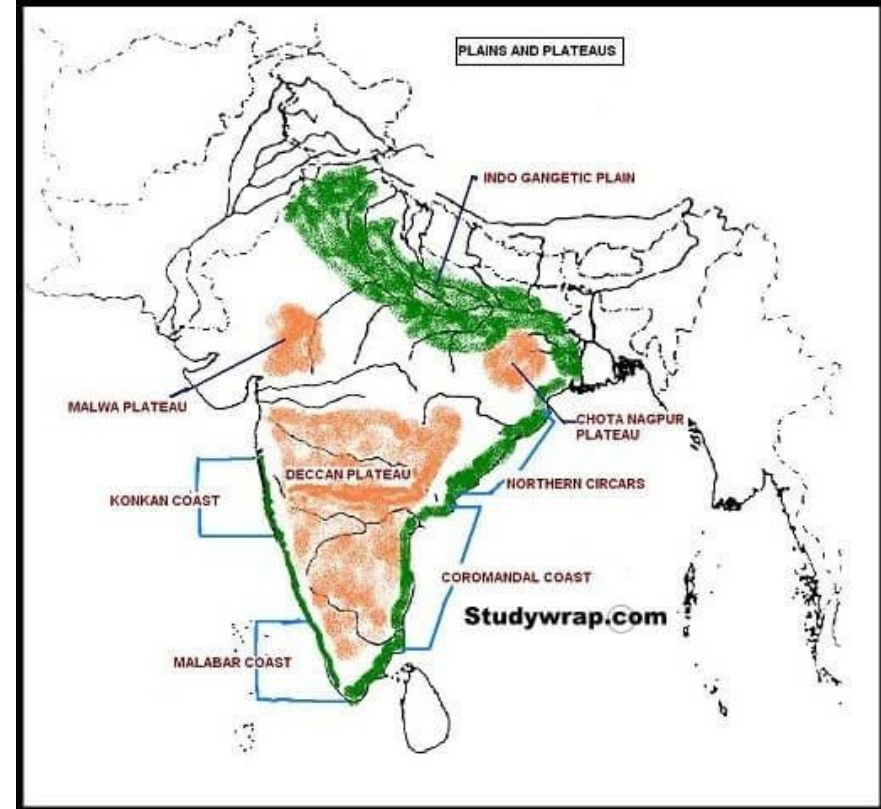
**SUBTOPIC : THE EASTERN COASTAL PLAINS, LIFE IN THE
EASTERN COASTAL PLAINS- ODISHA, ANDHRA PRADESH,
TAMIL NADU, THE ISLANDS- LAKSHADWEEP ISLANDS**

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW



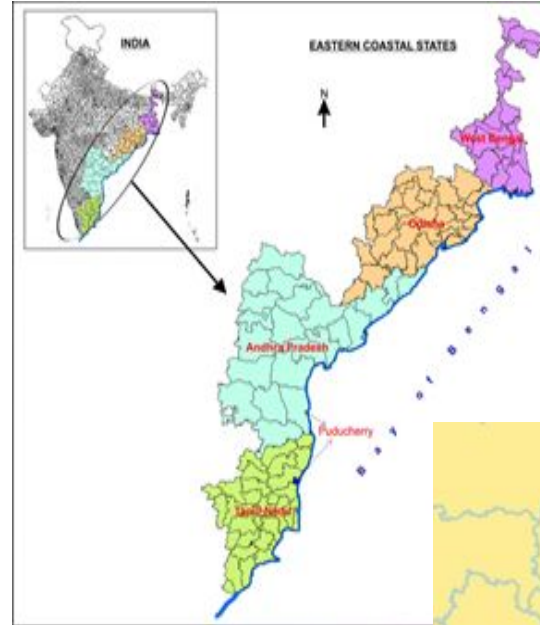
Recapitulation

- The plateau is surrounded by the coastal plains on the eastern sides and western sides.
- On the west, between the Western Ghats and the Arabian sea, is the western coastal plains.
- On the east, between the Eastern Ghats and the Bay of Bengal, is the Eastern coastal plains.
- These plains meet at Kanyakumari Which is the tip of the southernmost peninsula.



The Eastern Coastal Plain

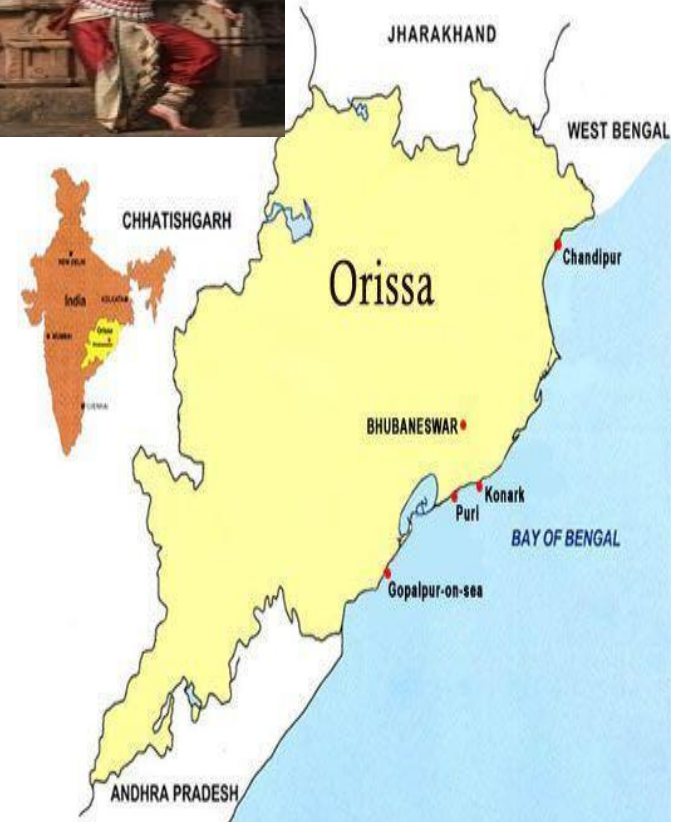
- The Eastern Coastal Plains is between the Eastern Ghats and the Bay of Bengal.
- It begins from West Bengal in the north, and passes through Odisha, Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu.
- The Eastern Coastal Plains are wider than the Western Coastal Plains.
- It is divided into two main parts.
 1. The Northern Circars.
 2. The Coromandel Coast.



Life in the Eastern Coastal Plains

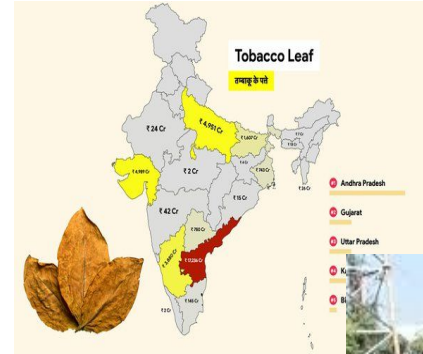
Odisha

- It lies towards the south of West Bengal .
- Its capital is Bhubaneswar.
- Important cities – Cuttack and Puri.
- The delta of Mahanadi river is very fertile.
- Main crop – Rice..
- Famous for – Handloom sarees, Jewellery and decorative items made from silver.
- Industry – Mining
- Language – Oriya
- Dance – Odissi
- Tourist attraction – Rath Yatra of Puri, temples at Bhubaneswar, Puri and Konark, Chilika lake with its bird sanctuary.



Andhra Pradesh

- To the north - east of Karnataka is Andhra Pradesh.
- Amaravati is the current capital of Andhra Pradesh.
- Other important cities of Andhra Pradesh
- Visakhapatnam one of the largest producers of
 1. rice
 2. red chilli
 3. tobacco
- Textiles and information technology (IT - are important industries of the state).



- The rivers Krishna and Godavari flow through the state.
- Their fertile deltas are ideal for the cultivation of rice.
- This region is known as the 'rice bowl of India'.
- Language-Andhra Pradesh speak Telugu.
- The men traditionally wear dhoti and shirt
- Important festivals:
 1. Sankranti
 2. Ugadi
 3. Dussehra
 4. Eid
 5. Christmas



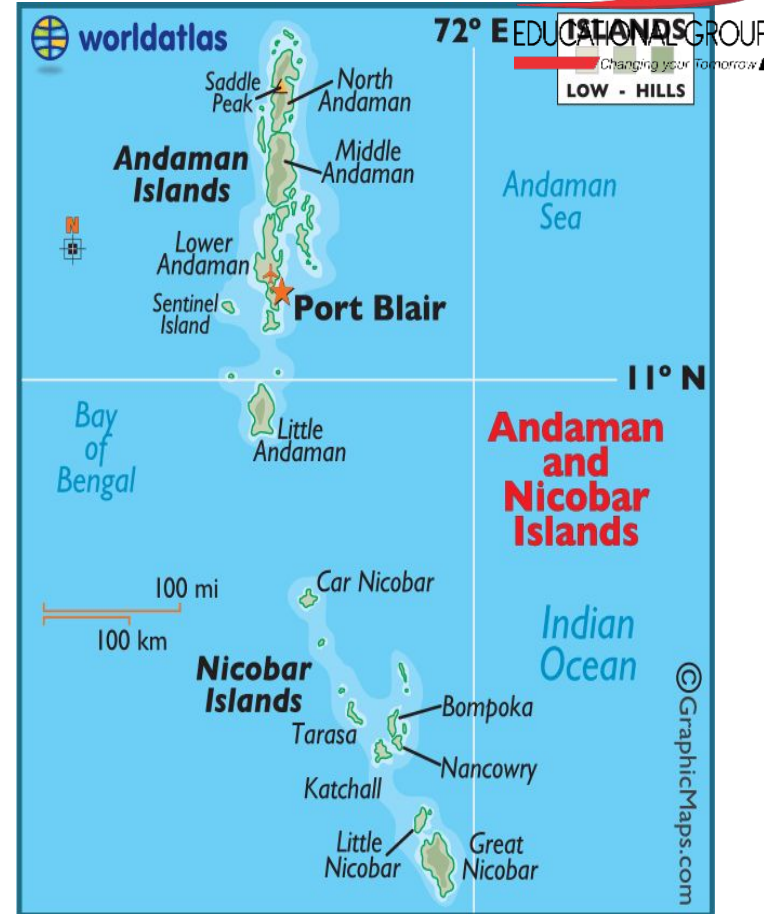
Tamil Nadu

- It lies on the Coromandel Coast.
- Its capital is Chennai.
- The Marina Beach is the longest beach in India.
- The delta formed by the Kaveri River is called the rice bowl of Tamil Nadu.
- Kanyakumari in Tamil Nadu is the southernmost tip of the Indian mainland.
- The Vivekananda Rock Memorial has been built on a small island near the coast, called Vivekananda Rock.



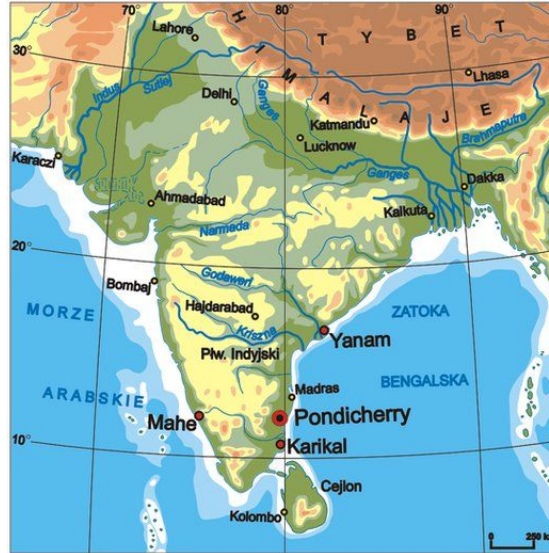
Andaman and Nicobar Island

- Its capital is Port Blair.
- Most of these people live in the forests in groups or tribes.
- The Cellular Jail at Port Blair was once used by the British to imprison Indian freedom fighters.
- Occupation – Fishing.
- Tourism is an important industry because of the beautiful beaches.
- Agricultural products – Coconut and rice



Puducherry

- Puducherry is to the south from Chennai, along the coast.
- Puducherry is an union territory.
- It is famous for the Aurobindo Ashram.
- It was ruled by the French.
- Language – Tamil and English
- Some of them speak French.



Summary

- **The Eastern Coastal Plains is between the Eastern Ghats and the Bay of Bengal.**
- **There are two groups of islands –**
- **The Andaman and Nicobar Islands.**
- **The Lakshadweep Islands.**

Short Q/A

A. Fill in the blanks.

1. The western and eastern coasts of India meet at _____ .

Ans. Kanyakumari (Cape Comorin)

2. _____ are salt water lakes, which get cut off from the sea.

Ans. Lagoons

3. _____ is the largest port of India.

Ans. Mumbai port

4. Goa lies in the _____ Coast of the Western Coastal Plain.

Ans. Konkan

5. _____ in Port Blair was used to jail Indian freedom fighters.

Ans. Cellular Jail

6. _____ is the famous dance of Odisha.

Ans. Odissi

A. Match the columns.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Konkan Coast | a. Tamil Nadu (5) |
| 2. Coromandel Coast | b. Andaman and Nicobar Islands (4) |
| 3. Coral islands | c. Lakshadweep Islands (3) |
| 4. Indira Point | d. Western Coastal Plains (1) |
| 5. Vivekananda Rock Memorial | e. Eastern Coastal Plains (2) |

Multiple choice questions.

1. Which of these coasts lie in the Western Coastal Plain?
 - a. Konkan Coast
 - b. Malabar Coast
 - c. Gujarat Coast
 - d. All of these**
2. Which of these is a port city?
 - a. Delhi
 - b. Bengaluru
 - c. Hyderabad
 - d. Chennai**
3. Which of these ports is also a ship-building centre?
 - a. Mumbai
 - b. Visakhapatnam**
 - c. Kolkata
 - d. Kandla

4. The Aurobindo Ashram can be found in

- a. Andhra Pradesh
- b. Tamil Nadu
- c. Odisha
- d. **Puducherry**

5. An important seaport of Karnataka is

- a. Cochin
- b. Kavaratti
- c. Visakhapatnam
- d. **Mangalore**

6. The Gir forest, which is home to the Asiatic lion is located in

- a. **Gujarat**
- b. Maharashtra
- c. Andhra Pradesh
- d. Kerala

QUIZ

1. Amaravati is the current capital of _____.

Ans. Andhra Pradesh

2. The Cellular Jail at _____ was once used by the British to imprison Indian freedom fighters.

Ans. Port Blair

3. The plateau is surrounded by the coastal plains on the eastern sides and _____.

Ans. western sides

4. The western and eastern coasts of India meet at _____.

Ans. Kanyakumari

5. The delta formed by the Kaveri River is called the rice bowl of _____.

Ans. Tamil Nadu

6. Kanyakumari in Tamil Nadu is the _____ tip of the Indian mainland.

Ans. southernmost

HOMEWORK

Write the difference between northern plains and the coastal plains in the notebook.

LEARNING OUTCOME

The learners will be able to know

- **The location of Eastern Ghats and Western Ghats**
- **India has an extremely long coastline.**
- **Kolkata, Pondicherry and Chennai on the eastern coast.**

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP