

**SESSION :04**  
**CLASS : 04**  
**SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CHAPTER NUMBER: 01**  
**CHAPTER NAME :LANDFORMS OF THE WORLD**  
**SUBTOPIC : DESERT, COAST, PENINSULA, BAYS, ISLANDS**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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# Identify the Landforms



**Passes**



**Plateaus**

## Remember and Share

- Have you ever been to beach?
- What you have observed?
- Imagine what will happen if everywhere we will find sand everywhere?
- If everywhere we can find water then what will the picture of our world?
- Have you observed our India map clearly?



## Deserts:-

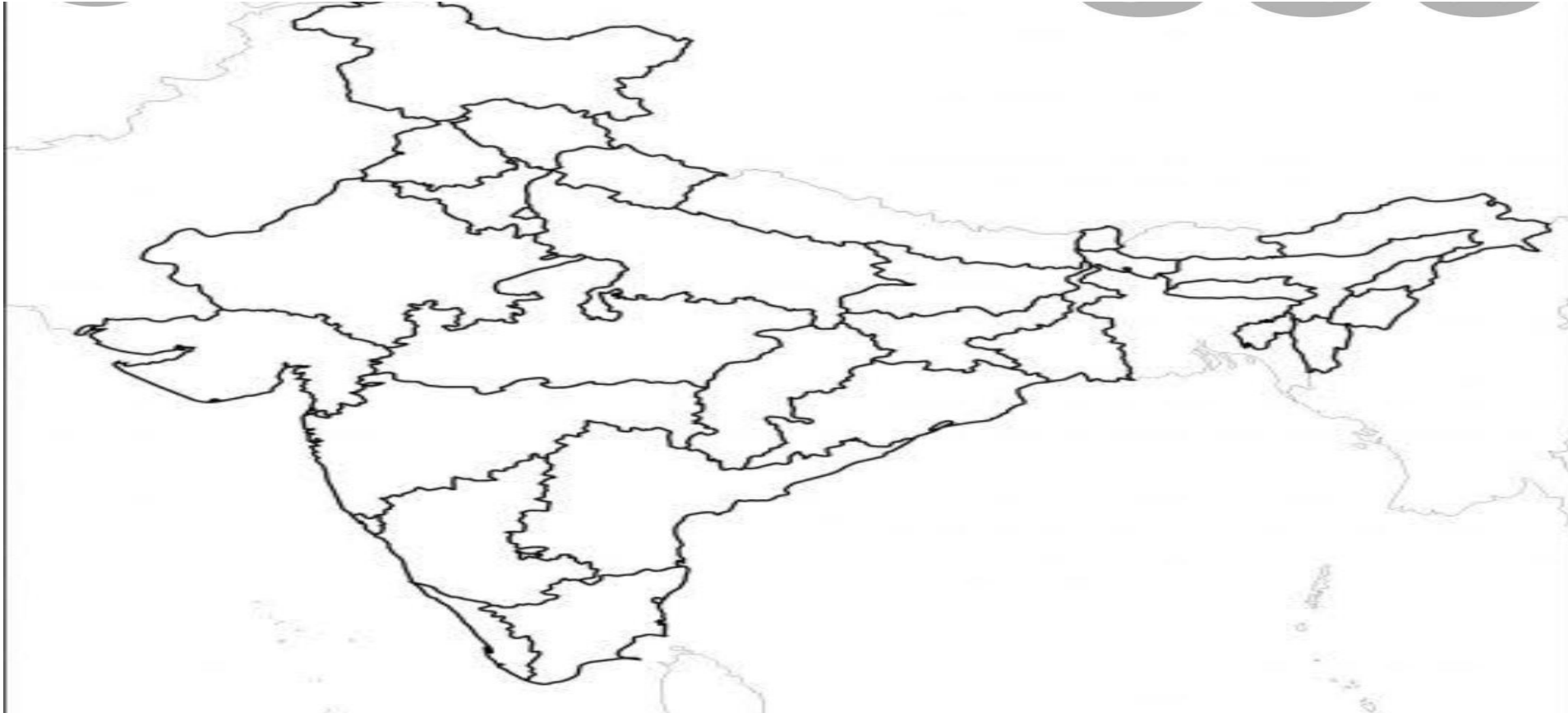
- Deserts are large extremely dry areas of land.
- There is very little rainfall and few plants grow in deserts. Desert soil having very extreme temperature.
- In summer the days are very hot and nights are cool in winter days are cool and nights are very cold.



- A landmass which projects into the sea and is surrounded by water on three sides is called Peninsula.
- The tip of the peninsula is called Cape.



**Example:- The Southern part of India is Peninsula and the Southern tip of Indian Peninsula is called Cape Comorin.**

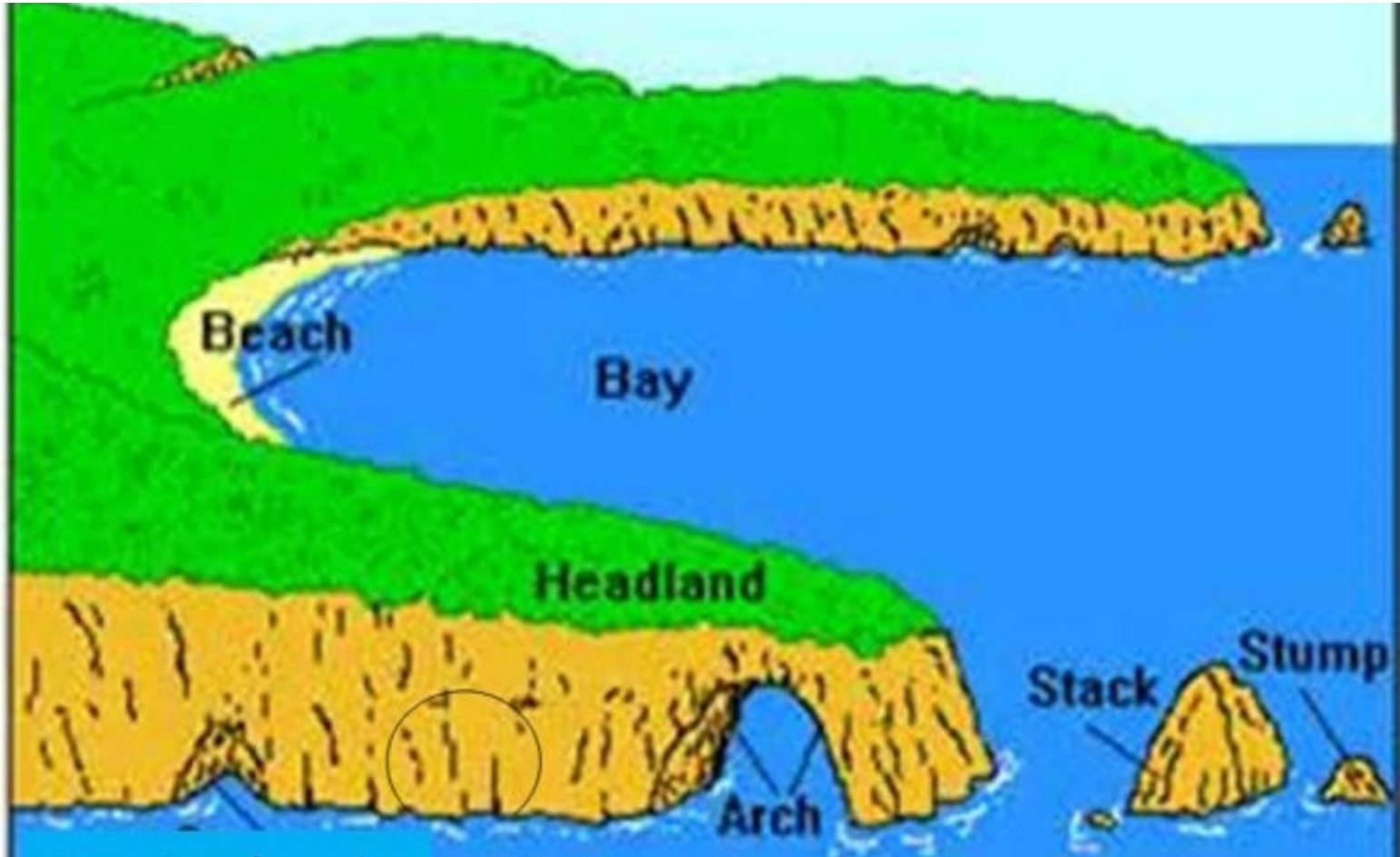


The Arabian Peninsula is the largest peninsula in the world.

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A bay is a water body running into land and surrounded on three sides by land.  
Ex- The Bay of Bengal along with the Eastern Coast of India.





**An Island is a land mass surrounded on by all sides water.**

**Example-**

- **Srilanka is an Island.**
- **Andaman and Nicobar Islands in the Bay of Bengal are the group of Islands.**
- **Australia is the largest Island in the world.**



**Answer the following questions:-**

**Q2. What are fold Mountains? Give an example.**

**Ans. Some Mountains are formed when two large landmasses push each other. They are called fold Mountains.**

**Example:- The Himalayas, Rockies in North America and the Alps in Europe are fold Mountains.**

# Homework

Make a collage of Landforms of the Earth In project record.



**THANKING YOU**  
**ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**