

CLASS:IV

SUBJECT: (SOCIAL SCIENCE)

CHAPTER NUMBER: 3

CHAPTER NAME: THE NORTHERN MOUNTAINS

SUBTOPIC: Short Q/A, Fill in the blanks, Match the columns,

MCQ

LEARNING OBJECTIVE

Children will come to know:

1. All minute details about the Northern Mountains



Recapitulation

- What do you mean by baku?
- Why is Himalayan ranges are very important forus?
- What do you mean by abode of snow?
- Which is the highest mountain peak in the world?
- Name the ranges of the Northern mountains.
- Name the parallel ranges of the Himalayas?



A. Fil	I in t	he bl	lank	S.
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1. A long row of mountains is called a mountain

Ans. ranges

2. The highest mountain range in the Himalayas is the _____

Ans. Himadri

3. The area at the foothills of the Himalayas is called the_____

Ans. Terai

4. Rivers in the Northern Mountains arise from moving sheets of ice called

Ana glaciara

Ans. glaciers

5. People of Kashmir carry a____under their phiran to keep warm in winter.

Ans. Kangri



B. Match the columns

1. Highest peak in India
2. Lowest range in Himalayas
3. Origin of river Ganga
4. Saffron
5. 8848 m
a. Mt Everest
b. Kanchenjunga
c. Kashmir
d. Gangotri
5. 8848 m



Multiple choice questions

1. The highest mountain peak in India is

iii. Kanchenjunga

2. The river Ganga originates from

i. Gangotri

3. Which state gets the heaviest rainfall in the country?

iv. Meghalaya

4. Mussoorie is an important hill station in the state of

ii. Uttarakhand

5. Small boats that are used for boating and as floating shops in Kashmir are called

iii. shikara

HOMEWORK

Do the short Q/A in your notebook.



LEARNING OUTCOME:

Children will be able to knowparallel ranges of Himalayas Beautiful hill stations Food, culture of the Northern mountain states.



THANKING YOU ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

