

SESSION NO:12

CLASS :IV

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

CHAPTER NUMBER: 2

CHAPTER NAME : THE SOUTHERN PLATEAU

SUBTOPIC : REVISION TEST-1

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

Children will come to know -

Will be able to answer the questions related to the topic.

Answer the following Questions:

Q1. Define a pass. Give an example.

Ans. Mountains have low, narrow, natural gaps are called pass.

For example: Khyber pass

Q2. Write 3 lines about the northernmost parallel range of the Himalayas.

Ans.

- ★ The Himadri or the Greater Himalayas is the northernmost range of the Himalayas.
- ★ It contains all the highest peaks, including Mount Everest.
- ★ Most of the peaks in Himadri permanently covered with snow.

Q3. Define Terai region.

Ans. The area at the foothills of the Shiwalik Range is called the Terai region.

- ★ It receives heavy rainfall and the land is fertile.

Q4. Define block mountains.

Ans. The mountains that are formed by the splitting and sliding of the large blocks of land.

For example- Sierra Nevada Mountains in the USA.

Q5. Define a Delta.

Ans.

- ★ **Before entering into the sea, the river become very slow.**
- ★ **It carries a lot of sediments.**
- ★ **These sediments keeps depositing on the way and causes breaking up into channels.**
- ★ **These spread out and takes the shape of a triangle.**
- ★ **This region is called Delta.**

Answer in one word:

1.The highest peak in the world_____.

Ans. **Mount Everest**

2.The natural landform found on the Earth's surface.

Ans. **Physical features**

HOMEWORK

Learn ch- 4 for revision 3

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Children will be able to -
- know the questions and answers related to the topic.

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP