

SESSION : 9

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Rounding off the numbers to nearest lakh and crore

Exercise 6 A Q. No 6 and 7

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

IMPORTANT NOTE :

Approximation or round-off should be done only when require or asked for. Sometimes it may not be suitable --

For example :

Suppose you are going on a tour and have to catch a train that leaves at 10:50 a.m. You should not think for approximate time or you might miss the train !

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.6 Round off the given number to the nearest lakh :

a) $5,72,682 = 6,00,000$

b) $17,65,925 = 18,00,000$

c) $9,82,468 = 10,00,000$

d) $8,42,920 = 8,00,000$

e) $15,49,300 = 15,00,000$

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.6 Round off the given number to the nearest lakh :

f) $3,59,000 = 4,00,000$

g) $94,51,009 = 95,00,000$

h) $49,70,999 = 50,00,000$

i) $63,60,699 = 64,00,000$

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.7 Round off the given number to the nearest crore :

a) $14,25,56,800 = 14,00,00,000$

b) $4,53,60,000 = 5,00,00,000$

c) $2,92,50,000 = 3,00,00,000$

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.7 Round off the given number to the nearest crore :

d) $9,97,96,777 = 10,00,00,000$

e) $69,74,25,009 = 70,00,00,000$

f) $9,37,90,900 = 9,00,00,000$

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.8 For the numbers given below, give the approximation correct to

i) Tens and ii) hundreds.

540

545

550

a) 546

500

550

600

Round off to the nearest ten = 550

Round off to the nearest hundred = 500

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.8 For the numbers given below, give the approximation correct to

i) Tens and ii) hundreds.

780

785

790

b) 783

700

750

800

Round off to the nearest ten = 780

Round off to the nearest hundred = 800

EXERCISE – 6 (A)

Q.8 For the numbers given below, give the approximation correct to

i) Tens and ii) hundreds.

c) 937

Round off to the nearest ten = 940

Round off to the nearest hundred = 900

d) 45,381

Round off to the nearest ten = 45,380

Round off to the nearest hundred = 45,400

LEARNING OUTCOME:

- ❖ **Students are able to round off to the nearest 1000 and ten thousand.**

HOME WORK-

Complete Ex 6 A Q. No 6 to 8 in the notebook

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 10

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation in number operation

Discussion of examples

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE :

Enable the students

- To understand the need of rounding off
- To apply it in day to day life
- To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

6.2 ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

Estimation helps us to get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division. It can be extremely useful to calculate costs, expenditure, profits, losses, etc. while dealing with the actual numbers.

An estimation is the answer close to the actual answer.



ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

$$\begin{array}{r} 8,40,000 \\ 1,00,000 \\ + \quad 50,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

So, the estimated sum is = 9,90,000

ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

EXAMPLE 2

Estimate the difference to the nearest 1000 and verify if the estimated difference is close to the actual difference.

$$88,303 - 69,796$$

Solution :

$$88,303 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 1,000 = 88,000$$

$$69,796 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 1,000 = 70,000$$

$$\text{The estimated difference} = 18,000$$

ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

Solution :

$$\begin{array}{r} 88,303 \\ - 69,796 \\ \hline 18,507 \end{array}$$

The actual difference = 18,507

So, 18,000 is close to the actual difference
i.e. 18,507

ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

EXAMPLE 3

Estimate the following by rounding off the multiplicand and the dividend to the nearest 100 and find the difference between the estimated and the actual answer.

a) $4,792 \times 3$

b) $9,573 \div 3$

Solution :

a) Rounding off 4,792 to the nearest 100 , we get 4,800

$$4,800 \times 3 = 14,400$$

$$\text{Now, } 4,792 \times 3 = 14,376$$

So, Estimated product – Actual product

$$14,400 - 14,376 = \mathbf{24}$$

ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

EXAMPLE 3

Estimate the following by rounding off the multiplicand and the dividend to the nearest 100 and find the difference between the estimated and the actual answer.

a) $4,792 \times 3$

b) $9,573 \div 3$

Solution :

b) Rounding off 9,573 to the nearest 100 , we get 9,600

$$9,600 \div 3 = 3,200$$

$$\text{Now, } 9,573 \div 3 = 3,191$$

So, Estimated quotient – Actual quotient

$$3,200 - 3,191 = \mathbf{9}$$

ACTIVITY

GOOD HABITS !

Piyali and Pallavi wanted to solve the puzzle given in a newspaper. It said :

On rounding off the numbers, you will explore a good habit that everyone should adapt.

- 34,928 (rounded off to nearest ten) ← **X**
- 8,52,762 (rounded off to nearest lakh) ← **R**
- 2,34,111 (rounded off to nearest hundred) ← **E**
- 39,582 (rounded off to nearest 100) ← **C**
- 3,92,627 (rounded off to nearest lakh) ← **S**
- 1,12,43,312 (rounded off to nearest ten lakh) ← **I**



The rounded off numbers are written below. Fill in the correct alphabets at the correct places to solve the puzzle.

E	X	E	R	C	I	S	E
2,34,100	34,930	2,34,100	9,00,000	39,600	1,10,00,000	4,00,000	2,34,100

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- To understand the need of rounding off
- To apply it in day to day life
- To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

HOME WORK-

Complete Ex 6 A Q. No 6 to 8 in the notebook

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 11

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation in number operation

EXERCISE – 6 (B) Q. No. 1 and 2

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

6.2 ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

Estimation helps us to get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division. It can be extremely useful to calculate costs, expenditure, profits, losses, etc. while dealing with the actual numbers.

An estimation is the answer close to the actual answer.



EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.1 Estimate the following sum by rounding off to the nearest lakh and check with the actual answer

a) $29,35,908 + 36,44,009 + 49,99,078$

Solution :

$$29,35,908 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 29,00,000$$

$$36,44,009 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 36,00,000$$

$$49,99,078 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 50,00,000$$

$$\text{So, the estimated sum is} = 1,15,00,000$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The actual sum is} &= 29,35,908 + 36,44,009 + 49,99,078 \\ &= 1,15,78,995 \end{aligned}$$

So, Estimated sum – Actual sum

$$1,15,78,995 - 1,15,00,000 = 78,995$$

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.1 Estimate the following sum by rounding off to the nearest lakh and check with the actual answer

b) $56,21,424 + 94,52,137 + 13,79,555$

Solution :

$$56,21,424 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 56,00,000$$

$$94,52,137 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 95,00,000$$

$$13,79,555 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = \begin{matrix} + \\ 14,00,000 \end{matrix}$$

$$\text{So, the estimated sum is} = 1,65,00,000$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{The actual sum is} &= 56,21,424 + 94,52,137 + 13,79,555 \\ &= 1,64,53,116 \end{aligned}$$

So, Estimated sum – Actual sum

$$1,65,00,000 - 1,64,53,116 = 46,884$$

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.1 Estimate the following sum by rounding off to the nearest lakh and check with the actual answer

c) $67,00,500 + 39,58,389 + 8,88,642$

Solution :

$$67,00,500 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 67,00,000$$

$$39,58,389 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = 40,00,000$$

$$8,88,642 \text{ rounding off to the nearest lakh} = \begin{array}{r} + \\ 9,00,000 \end{array}$$

$$\text{So, the estimated sum is} = 1,16,00,000$$

$$\text{The actual sum is} = 67,00,500 + 39,58,389 + 8,88,642$$

$$= 1,15,47,531$$

So, Estimated sum – Actual sum

$$1,16,00,000 - 1,15,47,531 = 52,469$$

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.2 Estimate the following difference by rounding off to the nearest 10,000.

a) $53,708 - 48,677$

Solution :

$$53,708 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = 50,000$$

$$48,677 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = 50,000$$

$$\text{The estimated difference} = 0$$

So, the estimated difference is 0.

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.2 Estimate the following difference by rounding off to the nearest 10,000.

b) $66,578 - 19,304$

Solution :

$$66,578 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = 70,000$$

$$19,304 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = 20,000$$

$$\text{The estimated difference} = 50,000$$

So, the estimated difference is 50.000.

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.2 Estimate the following difference by rounding off to the nearest 10,000 :

c) 1,87,355 – 89,856

Solution :

$$1,87,355 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = 1,90,000$$

$$89,856 \text{ rounding off to the nearest } 10,000 = \quad - \quad 90,000$$

$$\text{The estimated difference} = 1,00,000$$

So, the estimated difference is 1,00,000.

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- To understand the need of rounding off
- To apply it in day to day life
- To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

HOME WORK-

Complete Ex 6 (B) Q. No 2 in the notebook

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 12

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation in number operation

EXERCISE – 6 (B) Q. No – 3 and 4

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

6.2 ESTIMATION IN NUMBERS OPERATIONS

Estimation helps us to get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division. It can be extremely useful to calculate costs, expenditure, profits, losses, etc. while dealing with the actual numbers.

An estimation is the answer close to the actual answer.



EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.3 Estimate the following by rounding off the multiplicand and the dividend to the nearest 1,000 :

a) $7,603 \times 2$

Solution :

Rounding off 7,603 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 8,000

$$8,000 \times 2 = 16,000$$

So, the estimated product is 16,000.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8,000 \\ \times \quad 2 \\ \hline 16,000 \end{array}$$

b) $6,945 \times 8$

Solution :

Rounding off 6,945 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 7,000

$$7,000 \times 8 = 56,000$$

So, the estimated product is 56,000.

$$\begin{array}{r} 7,000 \\ \times \quad 8 \\ \hline 56,000 \end{array}$$

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q. 3 Estimate the following by rounding off the multiplicand and the dividend to the nearest 1,000 :

c) $41,750 \div 3$

Solution :

Rounding off 41,750 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 42,000

$$42,000 \div 3 = 14,000$$

So, the estimated quotient is 14,000.

d) $5,668 \times 11$

Solution :

Rounding off 5,668 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 6,000

$$6,000 \times 11 = 66,000$$

So, the estimated product is 66,000.

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.3 Estimate the following by rounding off the multiplicand and the dividend to the nearest 1,000 :

e) $27,259 \div 9$

Solution :

Rounding off 27,259 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 27,000

$$27,000 \div 9 = 3,000$$

So, the estimated quotient is 3,000.

f) $89,666 \div 15$

Solution :

Rounding off 89,666 to the nearest 1,000 ,
we get 90,000

$$90,000 \div 15 = 6,000$$

So, the estimated quotient is 6,000.

EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.4 Round off the following as instructed:

a) To the nearest rupee.

Rs.320.50 p

Rs.68.25 p

Rs.32.80 p

Rs.3.70 p

Rs.8.96 p

Rs. 321

Rs. 68

Rs. 33

Rs. 4

Rs. 9

b) To the nearest hour.

8:50 p.m.

10:48 a.m.

5:35 p.m.

9 p.m.

11 a.m.

6 p.m.



EXERCISE 6 (B)

Q.4 Round off the following as instructed:

b) To the nearest hour.

6:10 a.m.

8:30 a.m.

2:45 p.m.

6 a.m.

9 a.m.

3 p.m.



c) To the nearest year.

10 years 10 months

5 years 3 months

11 years

5 years

24 years 6 months

15 years 9 months

25 years

16 years

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- To understand the need of rounding off
- To apply it in day to day life
- To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

HOME WORK-

Complete Ex 6 (B) Q. No 3 and 4 in the notebook

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 13

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation (Story sums)

Discussion of Examples

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Solve this number puzzle?

Can You Solve This Number Puzzle..?

$$2 + 10 = 24$$

$$3 + 6 = 27$$

$$7 + 2 = 63$$

$$5 + 3 = ??$$



A) 40

B) 44

C) 60

D) 56

Solve the missing number puzzle?

Find the Missing Number

44	14	48
12	51	30
56	??	78

A) 58

B) 63

C) 78

D) 65

6.3 ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

RULE – In case rounding off **place value is not specified**, we add or subtract numbers having different digits by **rounding off all the numbers to the greatest place of the number having the least number of digits.**

An estimation is the answer close to the actual answer.



ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

EXAMPLE 1

Mr. Singh has 193 Pepsi, 187 Coca Cola and 95 Fanta bottles in his shop. Estimate about how many bottles he has in stock by rounding off each number to the nearest tens.

Solution :

Round off 193, 187 and 95 to the nearest tens

$$193 \longrightarrow 190$$

$$187 \longrightarrow 190$$

$$95 \longrightarrow 100$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \hline 190 \\ + 190 \\ + 100 \\ \hline 480 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

So, about 480 bottles are in the stock.

ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

EXAMPLE 2

A shopkeeper's monthly income by sale was Rs.27,650 and his expenditure was Rs. 15,275.
Estimate his profit by rounding off to the nearest thousands .

Solution :

Round off each number to its greatest place value and subtract.

Round off 27,650 and 15,275 to the nearest thousands

$$27,650 \longrightarrow 28,000$$

$$15,270 \longrightarrow 15,000$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \hline 13,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

So, his profit was about Rs. 13,000

ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

EXAMPLE 3

Sahil bought a mobile phone for Rs. 6,325 and mobile cover for Rs.189. Find out about how much money he spent ?

Solution :

Out of the two given numbers, 189 is the smaller number (3-digit number). So, we shall round off both the numbers to the greatest place of 3-digit number, i.e. to the nearest hundreds.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,325 \quad \longrightarrow \quad 6,300 \\ 189 \quad \longrightarrow \quad + \quad 200 \\ \hline \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad 6,500 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

So, he spent around Rs.6,500

ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

EXAMPLE 4

A stadium has 28 rows and each row has 437 seats. About how many persons can be accommodated in the stadium ?

Rule - When finding the product of numbers, we round off each factor to its greatest place and multiply the rounded off factors.

Solution :

Round off the numbers to their greatest place value and multiply.

$$28 \quad \longrightarrow \quad 30$$

$$437 \quad \longrightarrow \quad 400$$

$$\text{Number of seats} = 30 \times 400 = 12,000$$

So, the stadium can accommodate about 12,000 people

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- To understand the need of rounding off
- To apply it in day to day life
- To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.

HOME WORK-

Practice examples

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 14

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation (Story sums)

Exercise-6 C Q.No. 1 to 3

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

6.3 ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

RULE – 1 In case rounding off **place value is not specified**, we add or subtract numbers having different digits by **rounding off all the numbers to the greatest place of the number having the least number of digits.**

RULE – 2 When finding the product of numbers, we round off each factor to its greatest place and multiply the rounded off factors.



EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 1 Estimate the sum :

a) $53 + 47$

Solution :

Round off 53 and 47 to the nearest tens, we get

$$50 + 50 = 100$$

b) $28 + 69 + 67$

Solution :

Round off 28, 69 and 67 to the nearest tens, we get

$$30 + 70 + 70 = 170$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 1 Estimate the sum :

c) $240 + 398$

Solution :

Round off 240 and 398 to the nearest 100, we get

$$200 + 400 = 600$$

d) $467 + 176 + 87$

Solution :

Round off 467,176 and 87 to the nearest 10, we get

$$470 + 180 + 90 = 740$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 1 Estimate the sum :

e) $2843 + 4382 + 9324$

Solution :

Round off 2843, 4382 and 9324 to the nearest 1000, we get

$$3000 + 4000 + 9000 = 16,000$$

d) $83413 + 2567 + 43928$

Solution :

Round off 83413, 2567 and 43928 to the nearest 1000, we get

$$83000 + 3000 + 44000 = 1,30,000$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 2 Estimate the difference :

a) 85 - 32

Solution :

Round off 85 and 32 to the nearest 10, we get

$$90 - 30 = 60$$

b) 56 – 27

Solution :

Round off 56 and 27 to the nearest 10, we get

$$60 - 30 = 30$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 2 Estimate the difference :

c) 567 - 84

Solution :

Round off 567 and 84 to the nearest 10, we get

$$570 - 80 = 490$$

d) 3678 - 1256

Solution :

Round off 3678 and 1256 to the nearest 1000, we get

$$4000 - 1000 = 3000$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 2 Estimate the difference :

e) 3056 - 1506

Solution :

Round off 3056 and 1506 to the nearest 10, we get

$$3000 - 2000 = 1000$$

f) 93125 - 34123

Solution :

Round off 93125 and 34123 to the nearest 10000, we get

$$90000 - 30000 = 60000$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 3 Estimate the product :

a) 33×17

Solution :

Round off 33 and 17 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$30 \times 20 = 600$$

b) 88×21

Solution :

Round off 88 and 21 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$90 \times 20 = 1800$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 3 Estimate the product :

c) 178×4

Solution :

Round off 178 and 4 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$200 \times 4 = 800$$

d) 486×31

Solution :

Round off 486 and 31 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$500 \times 30 = 15000$$

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 3 Estimate the product :

e) 2124×112

Solution :

Round off 2124 and 112 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$2000 \times 100 = 2,00,000$$

f) 997×47

Solution :

Round off 997 and 47 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$1000 \times 50 = 50,000$$

HOME WORK-

Exercise-6 C Q.No. 1 to 3 in the notebook

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- **To understand the need of rounding off**
- **To apply it in day to day life**
- **To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.**

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 14

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Estimation (Story sums)

Exercise-6 C Q.No. 4 to 7

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

6.3 ESTIMATION – STORY SUMS

RULE – 1 In case rounding off **place value is not specified**, we add or subtract numbers having different digits by **rounding off all the numbers to the greatest place of the number having the least number of digits.**

RULE – 2 When finding the product of numbers, we round off each factor to its greatest place and multiply the rounded off factors.



EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No. 4 Choose the best answer from the answers given in the brackets :

- a) $242 + 406$ [500, 600, 700]
- b) $2415 + 1076 + 3662$ [7000, 8000, 9000]
- c) $4745 - 1828$ [2000, 3000, 4000]
- d) $9412 - 6814$ [2000, 3000, 4000]
- e) 878×98 [85000, 92000, 90000]
- f) 2488×18 [30,000 ; 60000 ; 40,000]

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No.5 A cassette costs Rs. 37. Approximately, how much will 21 cassettes cost?

Solution :

Round off 37 and 21 to their greatest place value and multiply

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 37 & \longrightarrow & 40 \\ 21 & \longrightarrow & 20 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Cost of 21 cassettes} = 40 \times 20 = 800$$

So, approximate cost of 21 cassettes is Rs.800.

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No.6 Rohan had Rs.9846. He bought a music player for Rs.6248. Estimate the money Rohan is left with him?

Solution :

Round off 9846 and 6248 to the nearest 1000, we get

$$9846 \longrightarrow 10000$$

$$6248 \longrightarrow 6000$$

$$\text{Money left with him} = 10000 - 6000 = 4000$$

So, the money Rohan is left with him is Rs.4000.

EXERCISE – 6 (C)

Q.No.7 Two water tanks contain 3415 litres and 2756 litres of water respectively. Find the total amount of water contained in the two water tanks and round it off to the nearest 1000.

Solution :

Water contains in tanker one = 3415 litres

Water contains in tanker two = 2756 litres

Total amount of water contained in the
two water tanks = 3415 + 2756

$$= 6171$$

Round off 6171 to the nearest 1000 = 6000

So, estimated amount of water contained in the two water tanks is 6000 litres.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3415 \\ + 2756 \\ \hline 6171 \end{array}$$

HOME WORK-

Complete exercise-6 C Q.No. 4 to 7 in the notebook

LEARNING OUTCOME:

Students are able

- **To understand the need of rounding off**
- **To apply it in day to day life**
- **To get a general idea about situations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication or division.**

THANKING YOU
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP

SESSION : 16

CLASS : V

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 6

CHAPTER NAME : Rounding off- Estimation

SUBTOPIC : Doubt clearing and Class test

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OBJECTIVE :

- **Enable the students to recall the whole chapter of Estimation through this class test.**

A. Fill in the blanks.

(1×5=5)

1. The half-way number between 19,000 and 20,000 is _____.
2. $768 + 234 =$ _____ [900, 1000, 800]
3. If we round off ₹456.80p to the nearest rupee we get _____.
4. If we round off 4 years 7 months to the nearest year we get _____.
5. Round off to the nearest hour : 11: 45am=_____.

CLASS TEST

FULL MARK-15



B. Do as Directed.

(2×2=4)

6. Estimate the sum.

a. $2,65,893 + 2,541$

7. Estimate the product.

a. 125×63

CLASS TEST

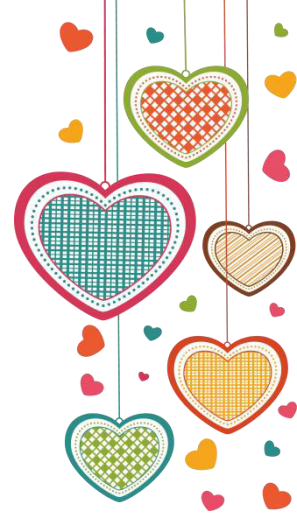
FULL MARK-15

C. Word Problem.

(3×2=6)

8. Mohit had ₹ 9,876. He gave ₹ 897 to his sister for her school project. Estimate the money left with him.

9. A radio costs ₹1267. Find the approximate cost of 18 such radios?



ANSWER

A. Fill in the blanks.

(1×5=5)

1. The half way number between 19,000 and 20,000 is 19,500

2. $768 + 234 =$ 1000 [900, 1000, 800]

3. If we round off ₹456.80p to the nearest rupee we get ₹ 457

4. If we round off 4 years 7 months to the nearest year we get 5 years

5. Round off to the nearest hour : 11: 45 am= 12 pm

CLASS TEST

FULL MARK-15

B. Do as Directed.

(2×2=4)

6. Estimate the sum

a. $2,65,893 + 2,541$

Rounding off $2,65,893$ and $2,541$ to the nearest 1000 and add:

$$2,66,000 + 3000 = 2,69,000$$

7. Estimate the product

a. 125×63

Rounding off 125 and 63 to their greatest place value and multiply:

$$100 \times 60 = 6000$$

C. Word Problem.

(3×2=6)

8. Mohit had ₹ 9876. He gave ₹ 897 to his sister for her school project. Estimate the money left with him.

Solution:

After rounding off **9876** and **897** to the nearest 100, we get

$$9876 \longrightarrow 9900$$

$$897 \longrightarrow 900$$

$$\text{Money left with him} = 9900 - 900 = ₹ 9000$$

So, Mohit is left with about ₹ 9000.

CLASS TEST

FULL MARK-15

9. A radio costs ₹1267. Find the approximate cost of 18 such radios?

Solution:

Cost of a radio = ₹1267

After rounding off **1267** and **18** to their greatest place value, we get

1267 \longrightarrow 1000

18 \longrightarrow 20

Approximate cost of 18 radios = $1000 \times 20 = ₹20,000$

So the approximate cost of 18 radios is ₹20,000



THANKING YOU
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