

## Chapter- 6


# The Southern Plateau

**WORKSHEET****Fill in the blanks:**

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a raised land which is higher than its surrounding and flat on the top.
2. The Peninsular plateau is divided into Central Highlands and the \_\_\_\_\_ Plateau.
3. The Narmada and \_\_\_\_\_ are two rivers that flow from Eastwards to Westwards.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ are higher and more continuous than the Eastern Ghats.
5. The rich \_\_\_\_\_ soil is good for growing cotton.

**Multiple Choice Questions:**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ in Madhya Pradesh has diamond mines.
  - a. Kolar
  - b. Bokaro
  - c. Bhilai
  - d. Panna
2. Bengaluru and Hyderabad are the hub of the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. IT industry
  - b. textile industry
  - c. Iron and steel industry North-Eastern
  - d. Handicraft
3. Kuchupudi is the classical dance form of \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Maharashtra
  - b. Andhra Pradesh
  - c. Chhatisgarh
  - d. Bihar

4. The rivers of the Peninsular Plateau is \_\_\_\_\_.
- Perennial
  - Half year
  - Seasonal
  - Weekly
5. The Northern part is called Central Highlands and the Southern part is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- Deccan Plateau
  - Malwa Plateau
  - Aravalli Hills
  - Chota Nagpur
6. Oranges are grown extensively in \_\_\_\_\_.
- Nagpur
  - Nashik
  - Pune
  - Odisha
7. Maharashtra is the largest producer of \_\_\_\_\_ in India.
- cotton
  - sugarcane
  - fruits
  - vegetables
- 

**Answer the following questions:**

- Why are cotton and sugarcane grown in large areas of the Deccan Plateau?
- Which two rivers of the Peninsular Plateau meets the river Yamuna?