

# WELCOME TO THE ONLINE CLASS

**SESSION NO.: 3**

**CLASS: 5**

**SUBJECT: SCIENCE**

**CHAPTER NUMBER: 9**

**CHAPTER NAME: OUR SKELETAL SYSTEM**

**SUB TOPIC: THE SKELETON- THE RIB CAGE, THE LIMBS,  
FUNCTIONS OF THE SKELETON**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

# LEARNING OBJECTIVE

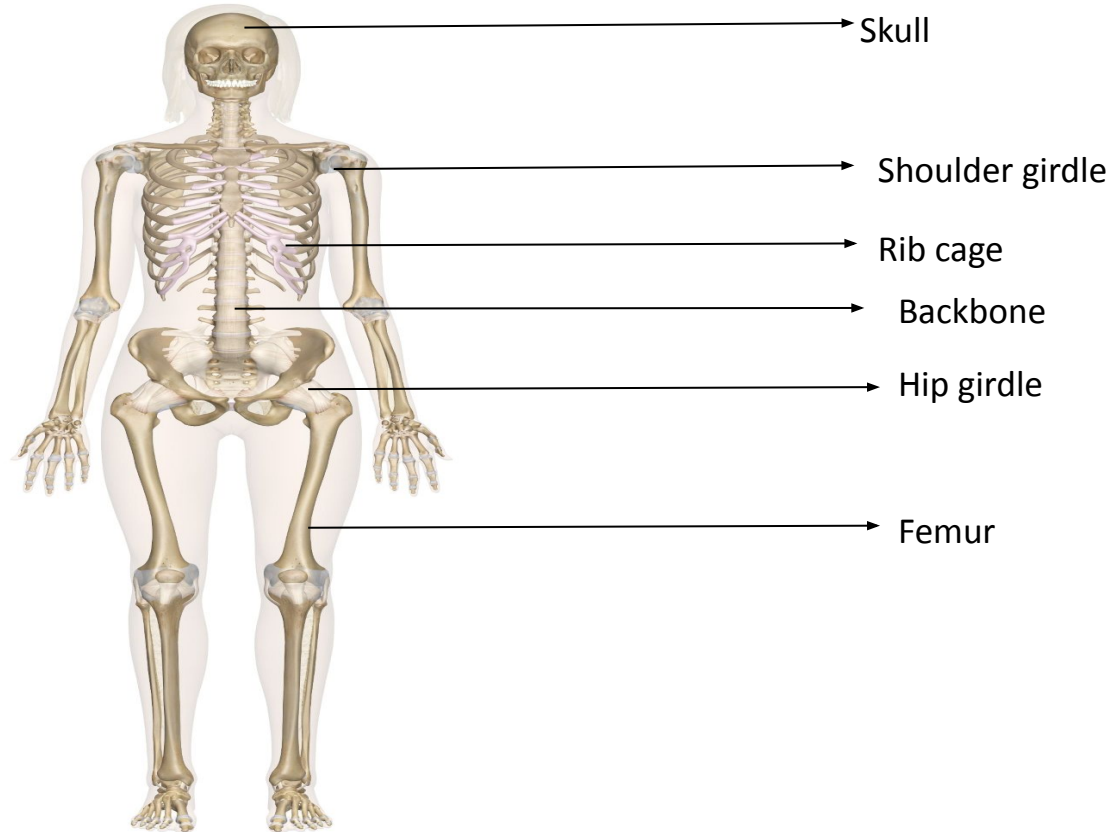
**To enable the learner to:**

- **recognize the different kinds of bones found in our skeleton**
- **learn about the function of each bone.**
- **know the importance of the skeleton.**

## LET'S RECAP

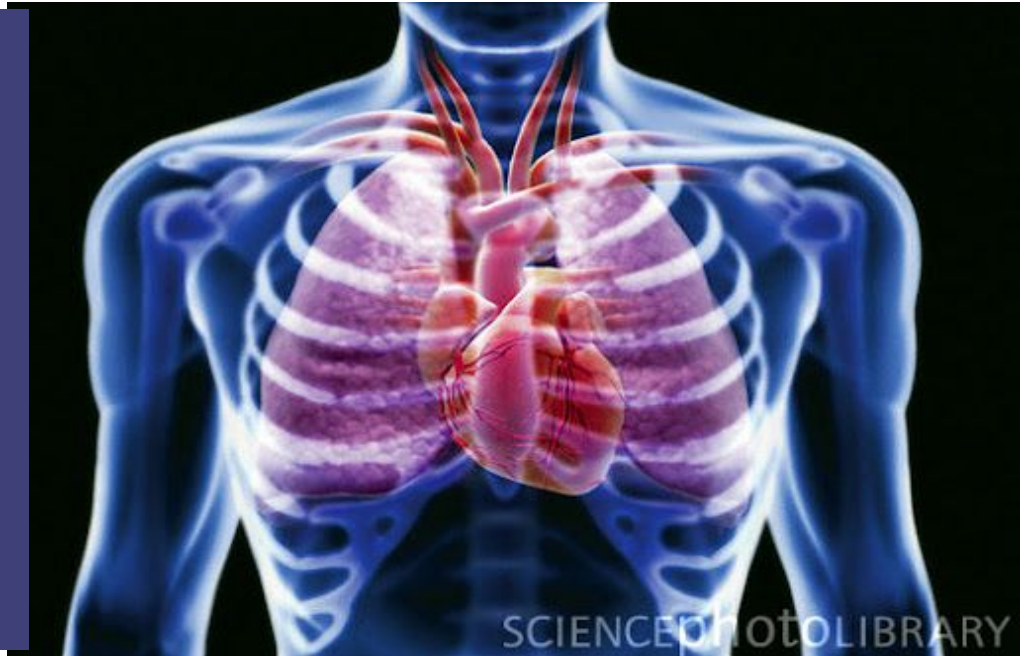
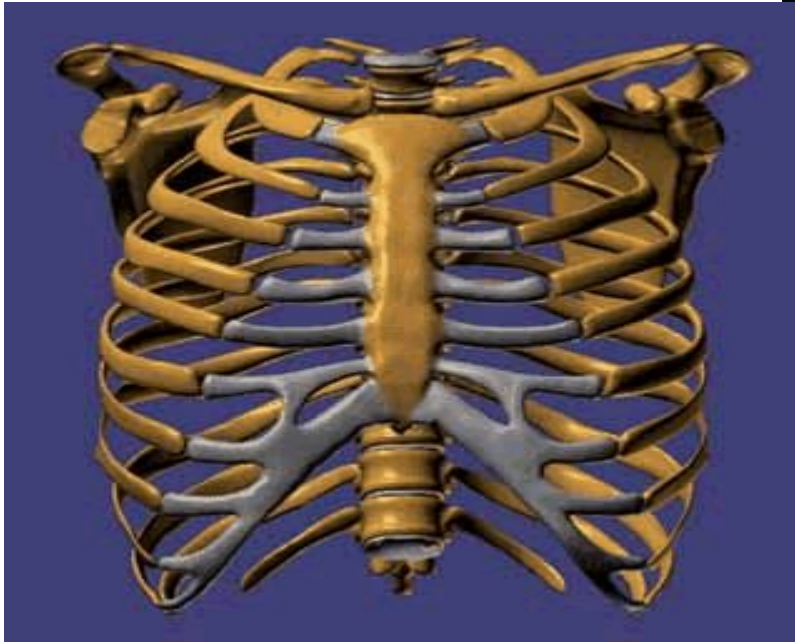
- \_\_\_\_\_ protects the delicate spinal cord. (Fill in the blanks)
- The backbone is made up of \_\_\_\_\_ vertebrae.(Fill in the blanks)
- There are \_\_\_\_\_ bones in the facial region.(Fill in the blanks)
- \_\_\_\_\_ : 22 bones :: Spine : 33 bones (Complete the series)
- How many bones are there in the human body?
- The limbs are attached to two pairs of girdles. (True/False)

# THE SKELETON



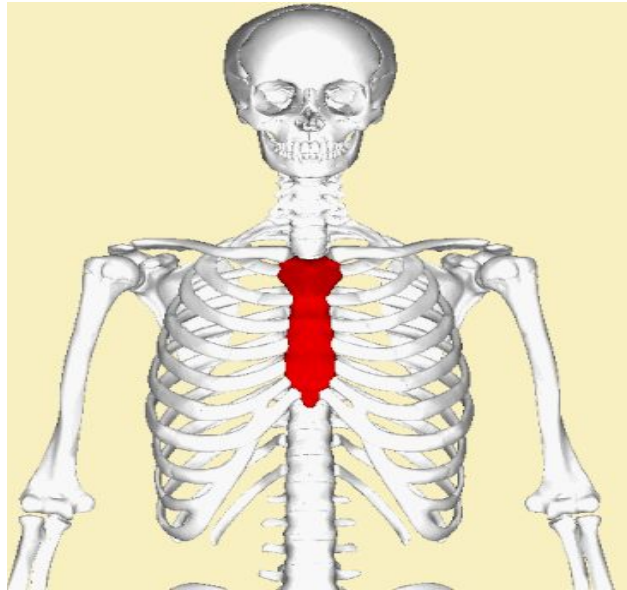
# THE RIB CAGE

- There are 12 pairs of bow-shaped ribs which form a cage and encloses the heart and the lungs.

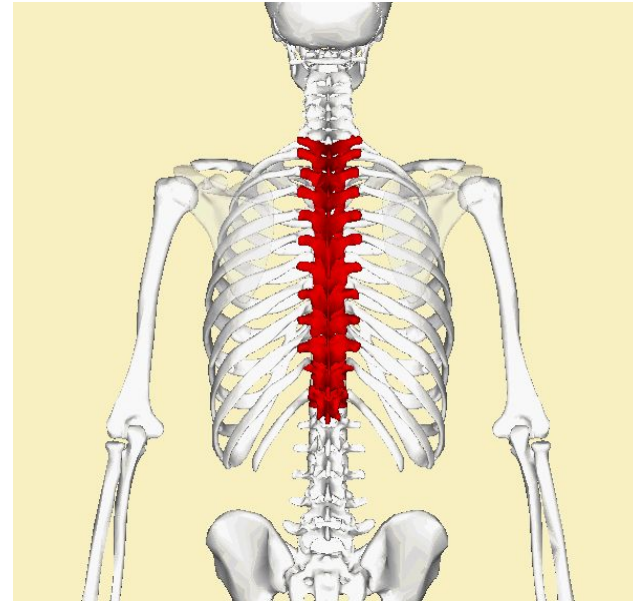


# THE RIB CAGE

- The ribs are delicate, curved bones which are joined to the backbone and the breastbone.



**BREASTBONE**

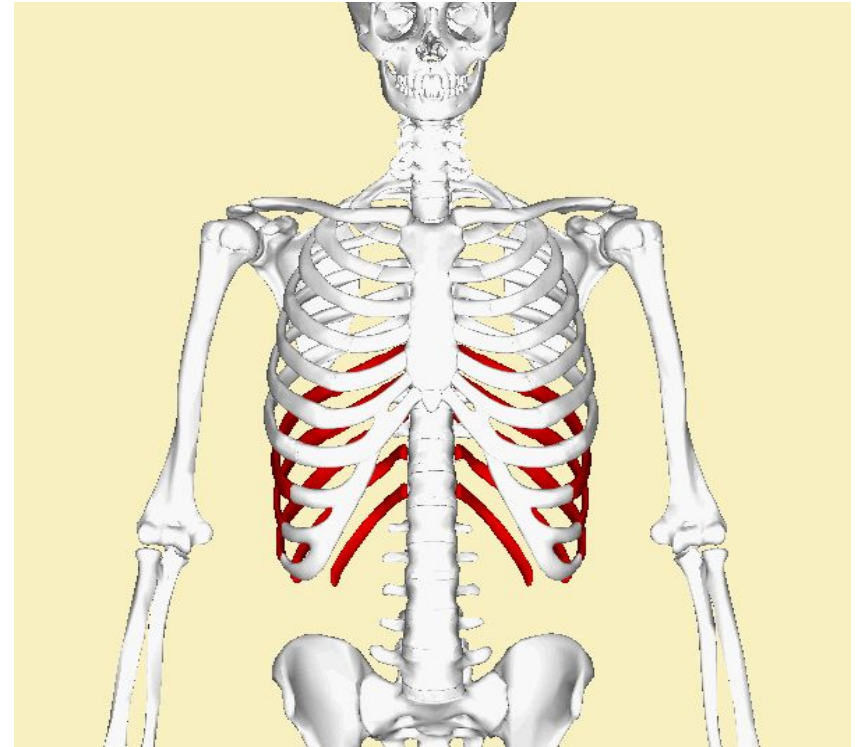
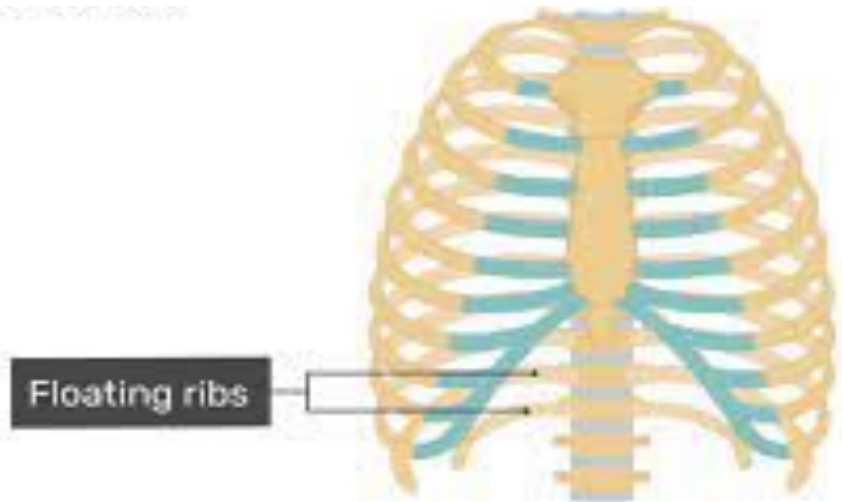


**BACKBONE**

# THE RIB CAGE

- The lowest two pairs called floating ribs are joined only to the backbone.

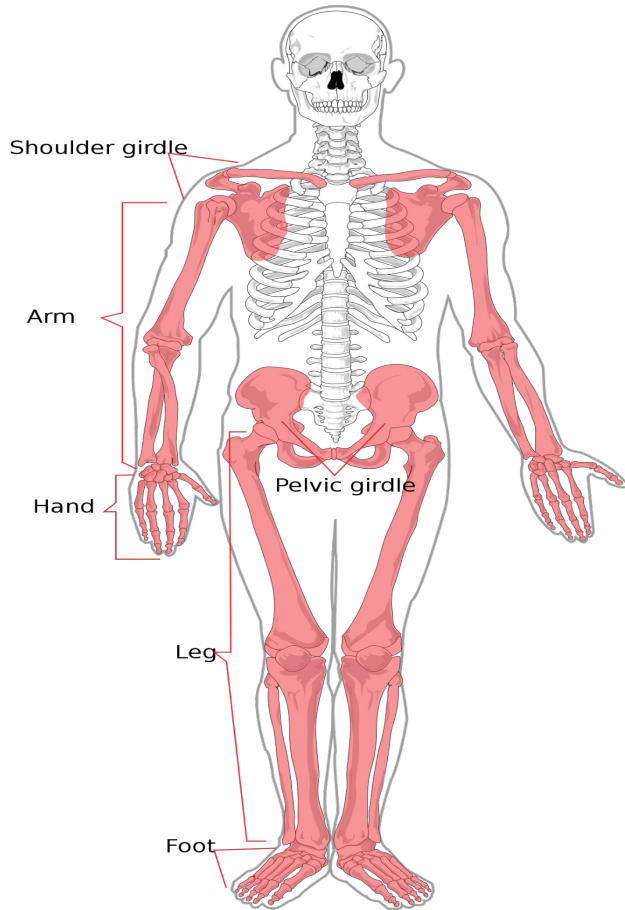
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**FLOATING RIBS**



# THE LIMBS



**FORELIMBS**

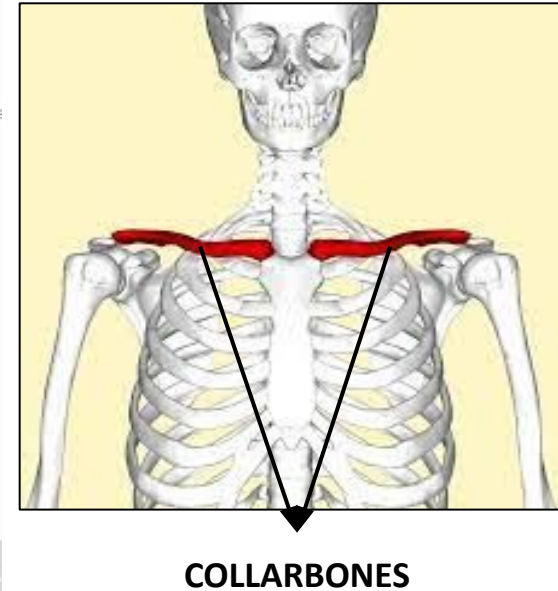
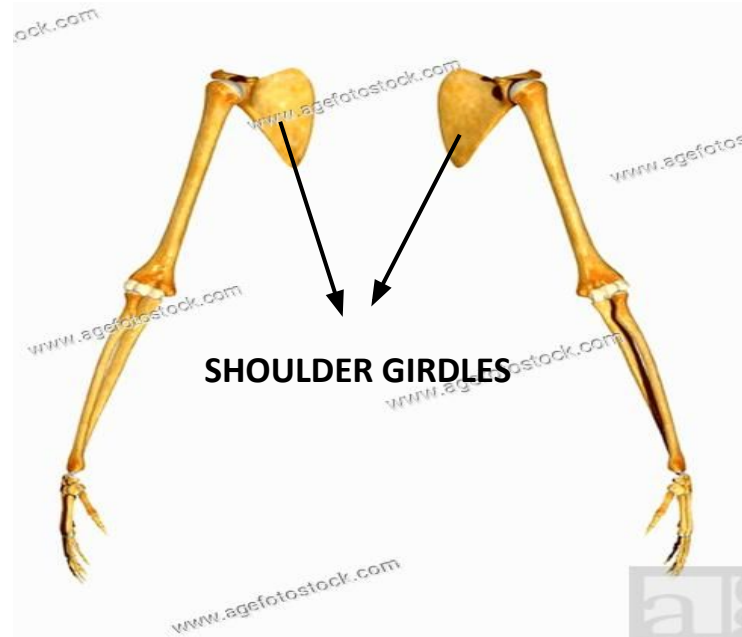
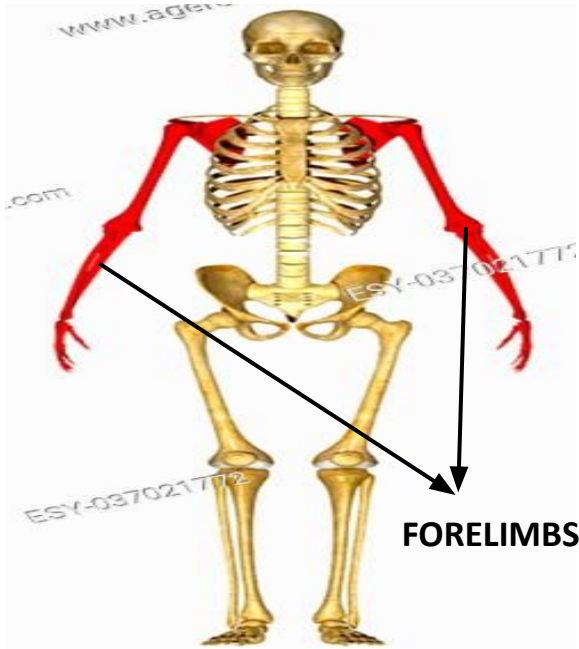


**HINDLIMBS**



# THE FORELIMBS

- The forelimbs or the arms are joined to spine with the help of the shoulder girdle which consist of a pair of shoulder blades and a pair of collarbones.

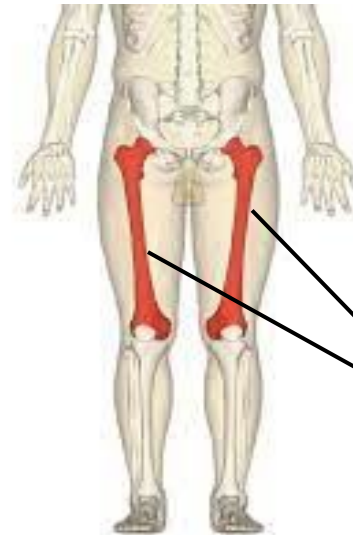


# THE HINDLIMBS

- The powerful thigh bone called femur bears the weight of the whole body.
- Femur is the longest bone in human body.



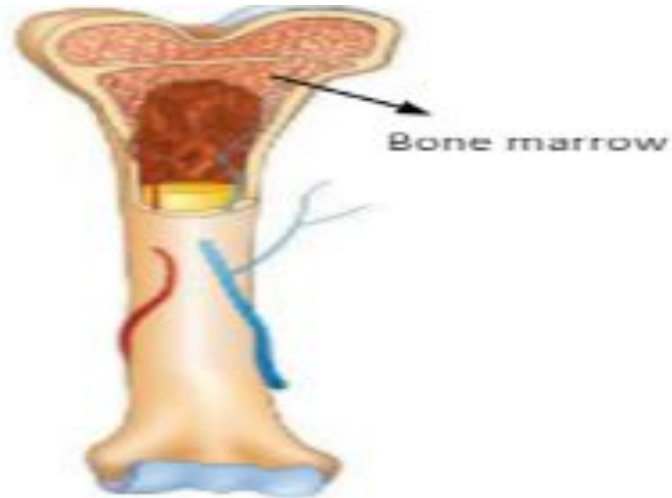
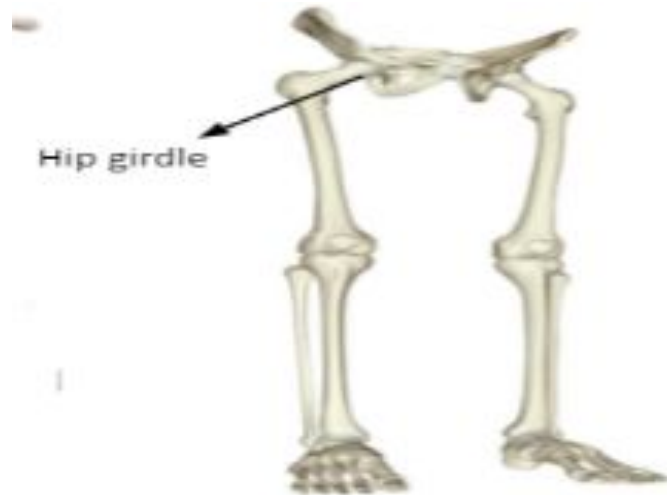
**HINDLIMBS**



**FEMUR**

# THE HINDLIMBS

- It fits into the hip girdle with a ball and socket joint and is connected to the lower leg at the knee joint.
- The long bones of the skeleton are hollow and are filled with a soft fatty substance called bone marrow.



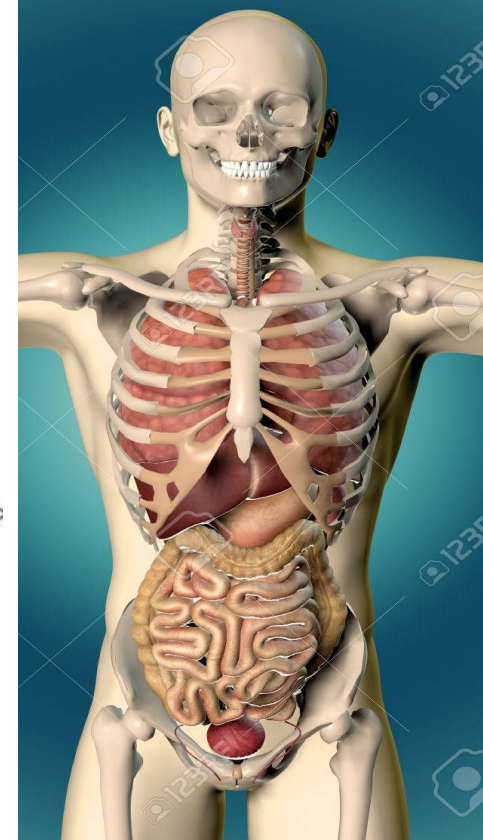
# FUNCTIONS OF THE SKELETON

- It gives shape, strength and support to our body.
- It also protects our internal organs.
- The skull protects the delicate brain.
- The eyeballs rest inside the bony eye sockets.



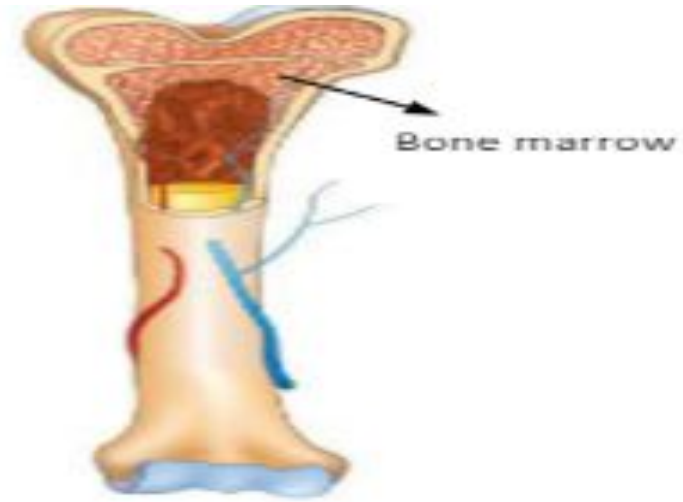
# FUNCTIONS OF THE SKELETON

- The backbone protects the spinal cord.
- The rib cage protects the lungs and the heart.
- The hip girdle protects the urinary bladder.



# FUNCTIONS OF THE SKELETON

- Muscles are attached to bones and make movement possible.
- White blood cells and red blood cells are produced by the bone marrow in hollow bones.
- White blood cells fight for an organism that invade our body.





# SUMMARY

- **There are 12 pairs of bow-shaped bones which form rib cage.**
- **Rib cage protects the internal organs like heart, lungs, etc.**
- **There are two types of limbs- forelimbs and hindlimbs.**
- **Femur is the longest bone in human body.**
- **Skeleton gives shape, strength and support to our body.**



READY FOR A  
**QUIZ** ?

**1. The soft, spongy material found inside the cavities of long bones.**

**Ans: Bone marrow**

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ ribs are joined only to the backbone.

**Ans: Floating**

**3. Bow-shaped bones that encloses the heart and the lungs.**

**Ans: The rib cage**

**4. The forelimbs are attached to the spine with the help of the \_\_\_\_\_.**

**Ans: Shoulder girdle**

# **HOMEWORK**

**Do the oral Q & A of page no. 85.**

# LEARNING OUTCOME

**The learner will be able to:**

- **recognize the different kinds of bones found in our skeleton**
- **learn about the function of each bone.**
- **know the importance of the skeleton.**



**THANKING YOU**  
**ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**