

**MONTH : NOVEMBER**

**SESSION : 8**

**CLASS : V**

**SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

**CHAPTER NUMBER: 12**

**CHAPTER NAME : SIMPLIFICATION : BODMAS**

**SUB-TOPIC : ORDER OF OPERATION: BODMAS**

**EXERCISE 12 B Q. 1 TO 4**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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## **LEARNING OBJECTIVE :**

### **Enable the students**

- To know the use of BODMAS
- To calculate through organizing its operations.

# ORDER OF OPERATION



If the word '**OF**' is used in any expression it means we have to do the **multiplication**.

## TYPES OF BRACKET

1. Bar bracket ——
2. Common bracket / Parentheses ( )
3. Curly bracket { }
4. Square bracket [ ]

**Expression given within the bracket must be simplified first.**



## Rules to be followed

- 1<sup>st</sup> Remove the brackets by simplifying all the operations inside it.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Perform operations involving ‘OF’
- 3<sup>rd</sup> Follow D M A S rule.

**Example:**  $25 - (19 + 8) \div \frac{1}{3}$  of 18 ( bracket)

$$= 25 - 27 \div \frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 18 \quad (\text{Of})$$

$$= 25 - 27 \div 6 \quad (\text{Divide})$$

$$= 25 - \frac{9}{2} = \frac{50 - 9}{2} \quad (\text{subtract})$$

$$= \frac{41}{2}$$

Rough

$$\frac{1}{3} \times 18 = 6$$

$$\frac{27}{6} = \frac{9}{2}$$



EXAMPLE:  $92 \div [ 18 + 4 \{ 6 + ( 12 - 10 + 1 ) \} ]$

(Bar bracket  $10 + 1 = 11$ )

$$= 92 \div [ 18 + 4 \{ 6 + ( 12 - 11 ) \} ]$$

(Common bracket  $12 - 11 = 1$ )

$$= 92 \div [ 18 + 4 \{ 6 + 1 \} ]$$

(Curly bracket  $6 + 1 = 7$ )

$$= 92 \div [ 18 + 4 \times 7 ]$$

Square bracket  $18 + 4 \times 7 = 18 + 28 = 46$

$$= 92 \div 46$$

$$= 2$$



## SIMPLIFICATION : BODMAS

### EXERCISE 12 B

$$1. 8 \frac{3}{5} - ( 6 \frac{1}{2} - 4 \frac{1}{4} - 3 \frac{3}{4} )$$

$$= \frac{43}{5} - \left( \frac{13}{2} - \frac{17}{4} - \frac{15}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{43}{5} - \left( \frac{13}{2} - \frac{2}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{43}{5} - \left( \frac{26 - 2}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{43}{5} - \frac{24}{4} = \frac{43}{5} - 6$$

$$= \frac{43 - 30}{5} = \frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$$



## SIMPLIFICATION : BODMAS

### EXERCISE 12 B

$$2. \quad 17 \frac{1}{3} \div \left\{ 6 \frac{2}{11} - \left( 4 - 2 \frac{3}{11} - 1 \right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{52}{3} \div \left\{ \frac{68}{11} - \left( 4 - \frac{25}{11} - 1 \right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{52}{3} \div \left\{ \frac{68}{11} - \left( 4 - \frac{14}{11} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{52}{3} \div \left\{ \frac{68}{11} - \left( \frac{44 - 14}{11} \right) \right\} = \frac{52}{3} \div \left\{ \frac{68}{11} - \frac{30}{11} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{50}{3} \div \frac{38}{11} = \cancel{\frac{52}{3}} \times \frac{11}{\cancel{38}} \quad | 19$$

$$= \frac{26 \times 11}{3 \times 19} = \frac{286}{57} = 5 \frac{1}{57}$$

## SIMPLIFICATION : BODMAS

### EXERCISE 12 B

$$\begin{aligned}
 3. \quad & 3.2 \div \{ 1.8 + ( 3 \div 1.5 + 0.6 - 0.4 ) \} \\
 = & 3.2 \div \{ 1.8 + ( 3 \div 1.5 + 0.2 ) \} \\
 = & 3.2 \div \{ 1.8 + \underbrace{\frac{2}{3}}_{+5} + 0.2 \} \\
 = & 3.2 \div \{ 1.8 + ( 2 + 0.2 ) \} \\
 = & 3.2 \div \{ 1.8 + 2.2 \} \\
 = & 3.2 \div 4 \quad = \mathbf{0.8}
 \end{aligned}$$



## EXERCISE 12 B

$$4. \ 8\frac{1}{4} + [ 4\frac{1}{2} + \{ 8\frac{1}{3} - ( 3\frac{1}{2} - 6\frac{3}{4} - 5\frac{1}{2} ) \} ]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{25}{3} - \left( \frac{7}{2} - \frac{27}{4} - \frac{11}{2} \right) \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{25}{3} - \left( \frac{7}{2} - \frac{27-22}{4} \right) \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{25}{3} - \left( \frac{7}{2} - \frac{5}{4} \right) \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{25}{3} - \left( \frac{14-5}{4} \right) \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{25}{3} - \frac{9}{4} \right\} \right]$$



## EXERCISE 12 B

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \left\{ \frac{100 - 27}{12} \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{9}{2} + \frac{73}{12} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \left[ \frac{54 + 73}{12} \right]$$

$$= \frac{33}{4} + \frac{127}{12}$$

$$= \frac{99 + 127}{12} = \frac{\cancel{226}}{\cancel{12}} = 18 \frac{5}{6}$$

113

6



$$5. \quad 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ 3 \frac{3}{5} - \{ 1 \frac{3}{8} - ( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} ) \} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ 3 \frac{3}{5} - \{ 1 \frac{3}{8} - ( \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} ) \} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ 3 \frac{3}{5} - \{ 1 \frac{3}{8} - \frac{2}{4} \} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ 3 \frac{3}{5} - \frac{7}{8} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ \frac{18}{5} - \frac{7}{8} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - [ \frac{18 \times 8 - 7 \times 5}{40} ] = 5 \frac{3}{8} + [ \frac{144 - 35}{40} ]$$

$$= 5 \frac{3}{8} - \frac{109}{40} = \frac{43}{8} + \frac{109}{40} = \frac{43 \times 5 - 109}{40}$$

$$= \frac{215 - 109}{40} = \frac{106 \div 2}{40 \div 2} = \frac{53}{20} = 2 \frac{13}{20}$$



## EXERCISE 12 B

$$\begin{aligned} 7. & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \text{ of } 10 - \{ 0.6 \div 0.3 - 0.8 - 0.6 \} ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \text{ of } 10 - \{ 0.6 \div 0.3 - 0.2 \} ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \text{ of } 10 - \{ \frac{0.6}{0.3} - 0.2 \} ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \text{ of } 10 - \{ 2 - 0.2 \} ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \text{ of } 10 - 1.8 ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 0.2 \times 10 - 1.8 ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + [ 2 - 1.8 ] \\ = & \quad 7.2 + 0.2 \\ = & \quad \mathbf{7.4} \end{aligned}$$





➤ **Complete exercise I2 B in the note book.**



# Learning Outcomes

**Students are able to:**

Calculate through organizing operations.

**THANKING YOU  
ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**