

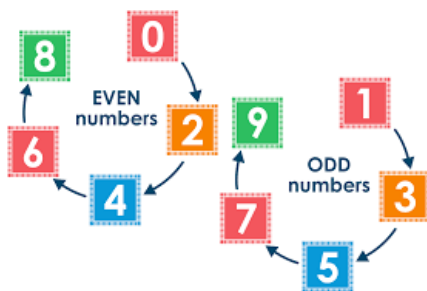
Chapter- 9

Tests of divisibility

STUDY NOTES

LEARN ABOUT:

- ❖ EVEN AND ODD NUMBERS
- ❖ TESTS OF DIVISIBILITY RULES



- **EVEN NUMBERS –**

Numbers having 2, 4, 6, 8 and 0 as their one's digit are known as even numbers.

– **EXAMPLE-** 78, 120, 438, 1744, 1800 etc.

- **ODD NUMBERS –**

Numbers having 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 as their one's digit are known as odd numbers.

EXAMPLE- 47, 139, 665, 2481 etc.

Even and Odd Numbers	
<p>Even Numbers end in</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="border: 1px solid purple; padding: 2px;">0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid purple; padding: 2px;">2</div> <div style="border: 1px solid purple; padding: 2px;">4</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid purple; padding: 2px;">6</div> <div style="border: 1px solid purple; padding: 2px;">8</div> </div> <p>Examples: 4, 56, 730</p>	<p>Odd Numbers end in</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 2px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 2px;">3</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 2px;">5</div> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 2px;">7</div> <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 2px;">9</div> </div> <p>Examples: 9, 83, 641</p>

- **TESTS OF DIVISIBILITY RULES –**

DIVISIBILITY BY 2: A number is divisible by 2 if its last digit is an even number or zero; e.g. 24, 92, 178, 2480, 9000 etc.

Divisibility by 2

A number *is* divisible by 2 if the number is *even*.

$\underline{18} \div 2 = 9$ ☺
 $\underline{22} \div 2 = 11$ ☺

(Notice that both of these numbers are even.)

$\underline{21} \div 2 = 10 \text{ R}1$
 (Not an even number.)

DIVISIBILITY BY 4: A number is divisible by 4 if the number formed by its last two digits is divisible by 4 or if the last two digits are both zeroes, e.g. 116, 300, 2148, 6100 etc.

DIVISIBILITY BY 3: A number is divisible by 3 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3.

e.g. $18 = 1 + 8 = 9$ (divisible by 3)

$243 = 2 + 4 + 3 = 9$ (divisible by 3)

$6472 = 6 + 7 + 4 + 2 = 19$ (not divisible by 3)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50

DIVISIBILITY BY 6: A number is divisible by 6 if it is divisible by 2 and 3 i.e. its last digit (one's digit) must be an even number and the sum of its digits must be divisible by 3. e.g. 84, 264, 2142 etc.

DIVISIBILITY BY 5: A number is divisible by 5 if its last digit (one's digit) is either zero or 5, e.g. 60, 200, 455, 1045 etc.

Divisibility Rule of 5



The last digit should be 0 or 5

$\underline{315}$ ✓ Divisible by 5

$\underline{1630}$ ✓ Divisible by 5

$\underline{502}$ ✗ Not divisible by 5

DIVISIBILITY BY 9: A number is divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9.

e.g. $4158 = 4 + 1 + 5 + 8 = 18$ (divisible by 9)

$8464 = 8 + 4 + 6 + 4 = 22$ (not divisible by 9)

DIVISIBILITY BY 10: A number is divisible by 10 if its last digit (one's digit) is zero, e.g.

90, 180, 3700, 58120 etc.

EXAMPLE-

Check the divisibility of the following numbers.

(i) 7122 by 3

(ii) 79684 by 4

(iii) 2712 by 6

SOLUTION-

(i) $7 + 1 + 2 + 2 = 12$ (divisible by 3). The number 7122 is divisible by 3.

(ii) 79684, 84 is divisible by 4. $4 \times 21 = 84$. The number 79684 is divisible by 4.

(iii) 2712- To check its divisibility, we will first look at the last digit and then add all the digits together. Since the last digit is even, it is divisible by 2. $2 + 7 + 1 + 2 = 12$. 12 is divisible by 3. So the number 2712 is divisible by 6.

MIND MAP-

