

## **WORKSHEET**

SUBJECT: CIVICS
STD: VI

## Chap:-2 DIVERSITY, PREJUDICE & DISCRIMINATION

- 1. What is diversity?
- 2. Define Prejudice.
- 3. Why is prejudice bad for the society?
- 4. What is meant by stereotype?
- 5. Explain the term 'discrimination'.
- 6. How caste forms a basis for discrimination?
- 7. What do you mean by economic inequality?
- 8. Give two examples to show how girls and women are treated unfairly.
- 9. Mention the steps taken by the government for the girl child.
- 10. Who is called as father of the Indian Constitution?
- 11. What is a preamble?
- 12. What do you mean by the fundamental rights?
- 13. Name any two political leaders who fought against untouchability.
- 14. How does the Indian Constitution prevent discrimination?
- 15. What id gender inequality?

## **MCQ**

- 16. A biased opinion based on insufficient knowledge is called
  - (i)Discrimination (ii) stereotype (iii)prejudice (iv) apartheid
- 17. The Constitution of India provides (i)equal opportunities to all (ii) freedom of religion (iii) right to equality (iv) all of these

- 18. Gender inequality means (i)discrimination against women (ii)boys are stronger than girls (iii) the killing of babies (iv) girls can do things better than boys
- 19. A patriachal society is one where (i) a man is the head of the family (ii) a woman is the head of a society (iii) a man alone can inherit the property (iv) a man alone can take part in religious functions.
- 20. 'Dalit' is the term used for people belonging to the (i) So- called lower classes (ii) Middle classes (iii) Middle class families (iv) Higher classes