

# GRAMMAR

## STD-VI

**SUBJECT : ENGLISH**  
**CHAPTER NUMBER:**  
**PERIOD NUMBER : 1**  
**CHAPTER NAME : DETERMINERS**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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# EXPECTED LEARNING OUTCOMES

## **General Objective: -**

1. Students will understand the meaning of determiners.
2. They will learn different types of determiners.
3. They will learn the ways in which they work in sentences.

## **Specific or Extended objectives: -**

1. Know that a determiner appears before a noun (and its adjectives) to help us identify which person or thing the sentence is about, or how much or how many of them there are
2. Identify determiners within sentences
3. Use determiners accurately within sentences

## **Demonstratives: This, These, That, Those**

The demonstrative determiners are used to talk about persons or things that have already been mentioned.

This and These refer to the things that are near and can be seen. 'That' and 'Those' are used to refer to the things that are at a distance but can be seen.

- We lived in this house for four years.
- She bought these books.
- Those boys are very mischievous.
- I like this school.
- I met her this week.

This' and 'that' are used for singular nouns and "these" and 'those' for plural nouns.

- Can you lift that box?
- Would you like to buy those books?
- These boys have done their work.
- I have already met that man.

**Possessives: My, our, your, his, her, its, their.** The possessives are used to show possession.

- He is my uncle.
- Our neighbour is a rich man.
- Your daughter is beautiful.
- What is her age?
- What is his name?
- Do you know its value?
- Their house is very big.

**Ordinals: first, second, next, last, etc.**

- The ordinals show what position something has in a series:
- He is the first boy who has joined this school.
- I shall meet him the next week.
- He is the last man to help you.

**Cardinals: one, two, three, hundred, etc.** Cardinals are ordinary numbers like one, two, three, etc. They show how many of something there are:

- There were only ten boys in the class.
- She lived for eighty years.
- He has two daughters.
- I met three young men at the station.
- He balanced himself on one foot.

**Quantifiers: much, some, several, a lot of, both, all, etc.** The quantifiers refer to the quantity of things or amount of something.

- There were some people at the airport.
- Plenty of people would like to have your job.
- They didn't make much progress.
- There is no milk in the bottle.
- There is enough powder in the can.
- I have forgotten some of the details.
- They had enough guests already.
- All children enjoyed the show.
- There was little water in the jug.
- It has not made any difference to me. He drank a lot of water.

## **Distributives: each, every, either, neither.**

Distributive determiners refer to each single member of a group.

- Each is used when we talk about the members of a group individually and every when we make a general statement. Both are followed by a singular countable noun: He met each guest.
- The minister visited every flood-affected area. I agree with every word he says.
- Each request will be considered.

Either is used to talk about two things, but usually indicates that only one of the two is involved. Either of the two girls should come here.

- Neither is the negative of Neither member came to attend the meeting.
- Either can also mean People stood in either side (both sides) of the road.

Neither is followed by a singular noun.

- Neither boy said anything.
- Neither answer is correct.

## **Interrogatives: what, which, whose, etc.**

The interrogative determiners are used for asking questions:

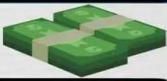










- What subjects are you studying? Which colour do you like the most?

Whose house is this?

A determiner is a word used before a noun to give more information about the noun.

## Types of Determiners



Types of Determiners		Ex amples	Phrases
Pre-Determiner	Multiplier	Once, twice, three times...	<u>Twice</u> the money 
	Fraction	Half, one fourth...	<u>Half</u> an orange 
	Intensifier	What, such, rather, quite...	<u>What</u> a mess! 
	Quantifier	both, all, each, any, every, some, many...	<u>Both</u> my ears 
Central Determiner	Article	A, an, the.	All <u>the</u> factories 
	Demonstrative Adjective	This, that, these, those	Half <u>this</u> page 
	Possessive Adjective	My, our, her, his, its, their, our.	Both <u>her</u> parents 
Post-Determiner	Cardinal number	One, two, three...	The <u>three</u> zebras 
	Ordinal number	First, second, third...	The <u>first</u> room 
	General ordinal	Last, next, previous...	The <u>next</u> generation 
	Quantifier	A few, another, enough, more, several...	His <u>several</u> sweaters 



## Several classes of words come under the heading 'Determiners'

<i>Pre-determiners</i>	<i>Articles</i>	<i>Demonstratives</i>	<i>Possessives</i>	<i>Ordinals</i>	<i>Cardinals or Numerals</i>	<i>Quantifiers</i>	<i>Distributives</i>	<i>Interrogatives</i>
all, all of, half, half of, both, double, twice, quite, rather, such, what, etc.	a, an, the	this, these, that, those	my, our, your, his, her, its, their	first, second, next, last, etc.	one, two, three, ten, hundred, thousand, etc.	much, some, no, any, many, enough, several, lot of, plenty of, little, few, all, both, another, etc.	each, every, either, neither	what, which, whose, etc.

HOME-ASSIGNMENT: Exercise 2, Page 34, one page handwriting



**THANK YOU**  
**ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**