

CUBES AND CUBE ROOTS PERIOD 4

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS CHAPTER NUMBER: 4 CHAPTER NAME : CUBES AND CUBE ROOTS

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

Website: www.odmegroup.org Email: info@odmps.org Toll Free: **1800 120 2316** Sishu Vihar, Infocity Road, Patia, Bhubaneswar- 751024

Previous concept

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$$(i) -216 = \sqrt[3]{-216} = \sqrt{-6 \times -6 \times -6} = -6$$

$$(ii) -512 = \sqrt[3]{-512} = \sqrt{-8 \times -8 \times -8} = -8$$

$$(iii) -1331 = \sqrt[3]{-1331}$$

$$= \sqrt{-11 \times -11 \times -11} = -11$$

$$(iv) -\frac{27}{125} = -\frac{\sqrt{27}}{\sqrt{125}} = -\sqrt{\frac{3 \times 3 \times 3}{5 \times 5 \times 5}} = -\frac{3}{5}$$

$$(v) \frac{-64}{343} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{-64}}{\sqrt[3]{343}} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{-4 \times -4 \times -4}}{\sqrt[3]{7 \times 7 \times 7}} = \frac{-4}{7}$$

$$(vi) -\frac{512}{343} = -\sqrt[3]{\frac{512}{343}} = -\sqrt[3]{\frac{8 \times 8 \times 8}{7 \times 7 \times 7}} = -\frac{8}{7}$$



Learning outcome

- Students will able to know about properties of cubes
- Students will be able to find the cube root of a perfect cube using prime factorization method.
- Students will be able to find the cube root of a negative perfect cube using prime factorization method.



Recapitulation

- 1. By what smallest number should 3600 be multiplied, so that the quotient is a perfect cube? Also, find the cube root of the quotient.
- **Sol:** Prime factors of 3600 = 2x2x2x2x3x3x5x5

We know that, if a number is to be a perfect cube, then each of its prime factors must occur thrice.

We find that 2 occurs once 3 and 5 occurs twice only.

Hence, the smallest number, by which the given number must be multiplied in order that the product is a perfect cube = $2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$

Also, product = $3600 \times 60 = 216000$

Now, arranging into triplets of equal prime factors, we have

 $216000 = \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{2 \times 2 \times 2} \times \underline{3 \times 3 \times 3} \times \underline{5 \times 5 \times 5}$

Taking one factor from each triplets, we get $\sqrt[3]{216000} = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$



Evaluation Questions

Exercise-4(B

5. Find the smallest number by which 26244 may be divided so that the quotient is a perfect cube.



$$(iv) -\frac{27}{343} = \frac{3 \times 3 \times 3}{7 \times 7 \times 7} = -\frac{3}{7}$$

$$(v) \frac{729}{-1331} = \frac{(9 \times 9 \times 9)}{-(11 \times 11 \times 11)} = -\frac{9}{11}$$

$$(vi) 250.047 = \frac{250047}{1000}$$

$$\frac{3 | 250047}{3 | 83349}$$

$$\frac{3 | 250047}{3 | 27783}$$

$$\frac{3 | 9261}{3 | 3087}$$

$$\frac{3 | 1029}{7 | 343}$$

$$\frac{7 | 49}{7 | 7}$$

$$= \frac{(3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (7 \times 7 \times 7)}{(10 \times 10 \times 10)}$$
$$= \frac{3 \times 3 \times 7}{10} = \frac{63}{10} = 6.3$$



7)

Home assignment

Exercise 4(B)

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- 1. Using prime factorisation, find the cube root of 5832.
- **2.** If the surface area of a cube is 486 cm², find its volume.



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