

# **SQUARES AND SQUARE ROOTS**

## **PERIOD 2**

**SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

**CHAPTER NUMBER: 3**

**CHAPTER NAME : SQUARES AND SQUARE ROOTS**

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**CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW**

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# Learning outcome

Students will be able to understand the properties of square number.

# Properties of square numbers

[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yMrXa\\_0TcDs](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yMrXa_0TcDs) (3:32)

# Evaluation Questions

## Ex 3C

1 .(v) Seeing the value of the digit at unit's place, state which of the following can be square of a number 50699

Sol: We know that a Square number can only end with digits 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, 9.

So, 50699 can be square of a number.

Question 7.

If the square of a number ends with 10 zeroes, how many zeroes will the number have?

Sol: The **number of zeros at the end** of a perfect **square** is always even.

2.(ii)

	23.06
2	531.7636
	4
43	131
	129
4606	2.7636
	2.7636
	x

Required square root =23.06

### Exercise-3(B)

(iv) 0.2916

	0.54
0.5	0.2916
	0.25
0.104	416
	416
	x

Required square root = 0.54

(v) 0.001225

	0.035
0.03	0.001225
	9
0.065	325
	325
	x

Required square root = 0.035

(vi) 0.023104

	0.152
0.1	0.023104
	0.01
.25	131
	125
.302	604
	604
	x

$$\sqrt{7} = 2.645 = 2.65$$

	<b>2.645</b>
2	<b>7.00 00 00</b>
	<b>4</b>
46	<b>300</b>
	<b>276</b>
524	<b>2400</b>
	<b>2096</b>
5285	<b>30400</b>
	<b>26425</b>
	<b>3975</b>

Now,  $\sqrt{\frac{4+\sqrt{7}}{4-\sqrt{7}}}$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(4+\sqrt{7})(4+\sqrt{7})}{(4-\sqrt{7})(4+\sqrt{7})}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(4+\sqrt{7})^2}{(4)^2 - (\sqrt{7})^2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(4+\sqrt{7})^2}{16-7}} = \sqrt{\frac{(4+\sqrt{7})^2}{9}}$$

$$= \frac{4+\sqrt{7}}{3} = \frac{4+2.65}{3} = \frac{6.65}{3} = 2.22$$

# Square root of decimal

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tRHLEWSUjrQ> (3:03)



## Exercise-3(B)

10)

Square root of 7.832

$$\begin{array}{r} 2.7985 \\ 4 \overline{) 7.832000} \\ \underline{4} \phantom{000} \\ 49 \phantom{00} \underline{383} \\ \phantom{00} \underline{329} \\ 549 \phantom{00} \underline{5420} \\ \phantom{00} \underline{4941} \\ 5588 \phantom{00} \underline{47900} \\ \phantom{00} \underline{44704} \\ 5596 \phantom{00} \underline{319600} \\ \phantom{00} \underline{279825} \\ \phantom{00} \phantom{00} \underline{39775} \end{array}$$

$\sqrt{7.832} = 2.80$  upto two decimal places  
 $= 2.8$  upto two significant places

11) Find the least number which must be subtracted from 1205 so that the resulting number is a perfect square.

Sol:

Clearly, if 49 is subtracted from 1205, the number will be a perfect square.

$$\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 3 \overline{) 1205} \\ \underline{9} \phantom{00} \\ 64 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{305} \phantom{00} \\ 256 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{\phantom{256} 49} \phantom{00} \end{array}$$

$$\therefore 1205 - 49 = 1156 \text{ and } \sqrt{1156} = 34$$

12) Find the least number which must be added to 1205 so that the resulting number is a perfect square.

Sol:

Clearly, 1205 is greater than  $34^2$

$$\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 3 \overline{) 1205} \\ \underline{9} \phantom{00} \\ 64 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{305} \phantom{00} \\ 256 \phantom{00} \\ \underline{49} \phantom{00} \end{array}$$

- $\therefore$  On adding the required number to 1205, we shall be getting  $35^2$  *i.e.*, 1225
- $\therefore$  The required number =  $1225 - 1205 = 20$

# Home assignment

Exercise 3(B) -1 to 6

1. Find the side of a square, whose area is equal to the area of a rectangle with sides 6.4m and 2.5m.
2. Find the number of plants in each row, if 1024 plants are arranged, so that number of plants in a row is the same as the number of rows.
3. A hall has a capacity of 2704 seats. If the number of rows is equal to the number of seats in each row, then find the number of seats in each row.

**THANKING YOU**  
**ODM EDUCATIONAL GROUP**

