## [INDIAN NUMBER SYSTEM] MATHS | CLASS - V

## Chapter- 2 INDIAN NUMBER SYSTEM

## WORKSHEET

a. The numeral for twenty- lakh twenty-thousand two hundred is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

b. The largest eight digit number with all the digits different is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

c. Smallest 9-digit number is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- d. The smallest 7-digit number without a zero and all different digits
- e. One subtracted from the smallest 6 digit number is
- 2. Choose the correct answer:

is .

i) How many hundreds are there in one-lakh?

a) 100 b) 1000 c) 10.000 d)	) 2000
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- ii) The numeral for six crore seventy five lakh thirty four thousand six hundred eighteen is:
- a) 6007534618 b) 60,75,34,618 c) 67,53,618 d) 6,75,34,618
- iii) The face value of 5, in 11,25,678 is

a) 5000 b) 5 c) 1000 d) 50000

iv) The place value of 3, in 23,25,570 is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) 300000 b) 100000 c) 30000 d) 3

v) The place of 8, in 65,84,273 is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

a) 80000 b) 8 c) 8000 d) 10000

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3. Write the number name and expanded form of 82,34,456.
Ans. Number name:
Expanded form:
4. Write the numerals for :
a. Five crore seventy three thousand two hundred
b. Two crore three lakh thirty thousand 6 hundred five
5. Do these :
a. Successor of 2,24,999 is
b. Predecessor of 56,68,900 is
6. Compare the numbers and fill in the blanks with <, >, =
a. 25,76,682 25,76,862
b. 34,56,689 44,56,689
7. Use the digit bellow to make the greatest and smallest 5-digit number without repeating
Digits- 3,0,4,6,5 OCATIONAL GROUP
Greatest: Changing your Tomorrow
Smallest:
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