

STATISTICS

INTRODUCTION

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

CHAPTER NUMBER: 14

CHAPTER NAME : STATISTICS

CHANGING YOUR TOMORROW

LEARNING OUTCOME

1. Students will be able to know the concept of mean , median and mode .
2. Students will be able to use the concept of mean , median and mode in daily life situations.

MEAN (AVERAGE): Mean [Ungrouped Data] – Mean of n observations, $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n$, is

$$\bar{X} = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum x \quad \therefore \quad \bar{X} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$$

MEAN [Grouped Data]: The mean for grouped data can be found by the following three methods:

- (i) **Direct Mean Method**
- (ii) **Assumed Mean Method**
- (iii) **Step Deviation Method**

Frequency of a class is centred at its mid-point called class mark.

What is mean:

<https://youtu.be/6DYtC7lrVuY> {6.52}

A survey was conducted by a group of students as a part of their environment awareness programme, in which they collected the following data regarding the number of plants in 20 houses in a locality. Find the mean number of plants per house.

No. of plants	No. of houses
0 - 2	1
2 - 4	2
4 - 6	1
6 - 8	5
8 - 10	6
10 - 12	2
12 - 14	3

Number of plants	Class mark (x_i)	Number of houses (f_i)	$f_i x_i$
0 - 2	1	1	01
2 - 4	3	2	06
4 - 6	5	1	05
6 - 8	7	5	35
8 - 10	9	6	54
10 - 12	11	2	22
12 - 14	13	3	39
Total		$\Sigma f_i = 20$	$\Sigma f_i x_i = 162$

We have, Mean (\bar{x}) = $\frac{\Sigma f_i x_i}{\Sigma f_i} = \frac{162}{20} = 8.1$ plants. The mean of the data is 8.1.

Since the values of x_i and f_i are small, so we have used direct method to find the mean.

Consider the following distribution of daily wages of 50 workers of a factory.

Daily wages (in ₹)	No. of workers
100 – 120	12
120 – 140	14
140 – 160	8
160 – 180	6
180 – 200	10

Find the mean daily wages of the workers of the factory by using an appropriate method.

Thirty women were examined in a hospital by a doctor and the number of heart beats per minute were recorded and summarised as follows. Find the mean heart beats per minute for these women, choosing a suitable method

Number of heart beats per minute	No. of women
65 – 68	2
68 – 71	4
71 – 74	3
74 – 77	8
77 – 80	7
80 – 83	4
83 – 86	2



Let us find the mean of the data by direct method.

Class interval	Frequency (f_i)	Class marks (x_i)	$f_i x_i$
65 – 68	2	66.5	133
68 – 71	4	69.5	278
71 – 74	3	72.5	217.5
74 – 77	8	75.5	604
77 – 80	7	78.5	549.5
80 – 83	4	81.5	326
83 – 86	2	84.5	169
	$\Sigma f_i = 30$		$\Sigma f_i x_i = 2277$

$$\therefore \text{Mean of data} = \frac{\Sigma f_i x_i}{\Sigma f_i} = \frac{2277}{30} = \mathbf{75.9}$$

A class teacher has the following absentee record of 40 students of a class for the whole term. Find the mean number of days a student was absent.

No. of days	No. of students
0 – 6	11
6 – 10	10
10 – 14	7
14 – 20	4
20 – 28	4
28 – 38	3
38 – 40	1

Class interval	Frequency (f_i)	Class marks (x_i)	$f_i x_i$
0 – 6	11	3	33
6 – 10	10	8	80
10 – 14	7	12	84
14 – 20	4	17	68
20 – 28	4	24	96
28 – 38	3	33	99
38 – 40	1	39	39
	$\Sigma f_i = 40$		$\Sigma f_i x_i = 499$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Mean number of days} &= \frac{\Sigma f_i x_i}{\Sigma f_i} = \frac{499}{40} \\ &= \mathbf{12.48 \text{ days.}} \end{aligned}$$

HOME ASSIGNMENT Ex. 14.1 Q. 1 to Q 5

THANKING YOU
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