Chapter- 8

La famille de Manuel

STUDY NOTES

In this chapter we will learn about

- A. ER verb
- B. La famille

ER VERB

There are three major groups of regular verbs in French: verbs with infinitives ending in -er. Since -er verbs are the most numerous, they are considered the first conjugation. To conjugate these verbs, drop the -er from the infinitive to form the stem. Next, add the -erendings to the stem. Different tenses have different endings.

EDUCATIONAL GROUP

The endings given below (-e, -es, -e, -ons, -ez, -ent) are for forming the present tense. The endings (-e, -es, -e, and -ent) are all silent. The only endings that are pronounced are the nous (-ons) and the vous (-ez) endings. The four silent endings form a boot shape in the verb conjugation. There are several thousand verbs that end in -er, the largest category of regular French verbs. To conjugate them, remove the infinitive ending and then add one of the following verb endings:

je	-е	nous	-ons
tu	-es	vous	-ez
il	-e	ils	-ent

Par exemple...



One of the interesting things about la famille and French family vocabulary is that the word parent means not just "parent" as in mother or father, but also "relative." It can be both a noun and an adjective. Par exemple...

J'ai un parent à Lille. I have a relative in Lille.

Nous sommes parents par mon père. We're related on my father's side.

LA FAMILLE

Close relations, next of kin = les proches

brother un frère sister une sœur

father un père mother une mère

son un fils daughter une fille

husband un mari une épouse wife

uncle un oncle aunt une tante

nephew un neveu niece une nièce

cousin – male un cousin cousin – f une cousine

grandfather un grand-père

grandmother une grand-mère

great grandfather arrière-grand-père

great grandmother arrière-grand-mère

grandson un petit-fils

granddaughter une petite-fille

great grandson arrière-petit-fils

great granddaughter arrière-petite-fille

Special family terms

Un aîné / une aînée can refer to an older brother/sister, the oldest brother/sister, or the first-born son/daughter.

Un cadet / une cadette can refer to a younger brother/sister or the second-born son/daughter in a family.

Le benjamin / la benjamine is the youngest child in a family.

