

Chapter- 2

Maps

WORKSHEET

I. Fill in the blanks:

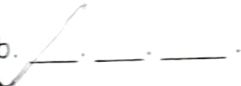


1. A globe is a representation of the earth.
2. Physical map shows different land forms in an area.
3. The science of making maps is called cartography.
4. Map is a representation of the earth, or a part of it, on a flat surface.
5. A map scale shown as a line with divisions marked on it is called graphical scale.

II. Cross out the wrong word from the bracket to make the sentence correct:

1. (A globe/a ~~map~~) is a model of the earth.
2. A map which shows the climate of a country is a (~~physical~~ map/thematic map).
3. Pictures or signs used in a map to represent something from the real world are (~~legend~~/symbols).
4. A book of maps is called (atlas/~~dictionary~~).
5. (~~Yellow~~/~~red~~) colours shows plateaus on map.

III. Choose the correct answer:

1. Which of these maps will always have some errors?
 - a. Map of your house
 - b. Map of your school
 - c. Map of your neighbourhood
 - d. Map of the world
2. What does a political map show?
 - a. Features such as mountains, plains and rivers

- b. Roads, railway and airline routes.
- c. Boundaries of countries, states and important cities.
- d. Number of seats won by political parties in an election.
3. On a map, 1000 km is shown as 1 CM. The scale of the map is :
- a. 1000 km : 1 CM
- b. 1 CM : 1000 km
- c. 100 km : 1 CM
- d. 1 CM : 100 km
4. Blue colour in a map always shows :
- a. Plain land
- b. Hills
- c. Water bodies
- d. Marshy land
5. Which of these symbols represents a boundary between countries?
- a. - - - - -
- b. 
- c. 
- d. 

IV. Match it:

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Light blue | a. railway line |
| 2. Physical maps | b. North |
| 3. Arrow marked N on map | c. shallow water |
| 4. Plains | d. mountains & rivers |
| 5. -- -- -- -- -- | a. Green |