

Chapter- 15

# Geometry

WORKSHEET

A. FILL IN THE BLANKS :

1. An angle measuring  $180^\circ$  is called a straight angle.
2. The common starting point of an angle is called the vertex of the angle.
3. A right angle measures  $90^\circ$ .
4. To measure an angle in degrees, we use a protractor.
5. A triangle whose all sides are equal is called a equilateral triangle.

B. CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER :

6. A line segment has \_\_\_\_\_  
 i) One end point    ii) no end points     iii) two end points    iv) none of these
7. Which of the following represents a line? \_\_\_\_\_  
 i) Side of a square    ii) edge of cube     iii) axis of earth
8. A point has no length, breadth or thickness.  
 i) point    ii) line    iii) line segment    iv) ray
9. Identify which of the following is symmetrical?

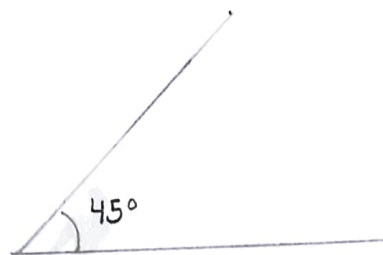
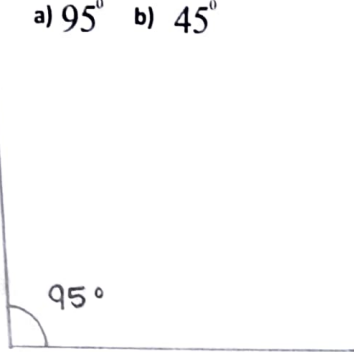


C. DO AS DIRECTED:

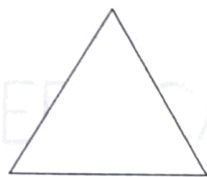
10. Draw the following angles using a protractor :

a)  $95^\circ$    b)  $45^\circ$

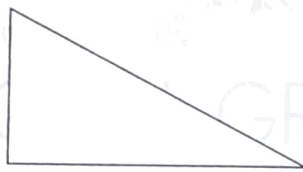
Ans.



11. What type of triangles are these?

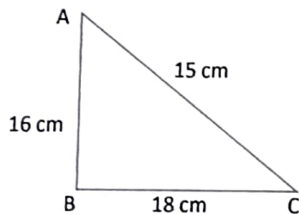


Equilateral



Right angle triangle (scalene)

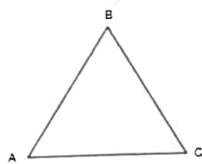
12. Find the area of the triangle.



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area} &= \frac{1}{2} \times BC \times BA \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 18 \times 16 \\ &= 144 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

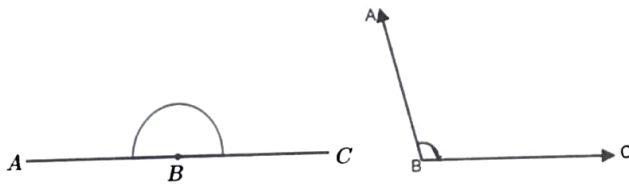
Ans.

13. Name the sides, angles, and vertices of the given triangle.



Sides = AB, BC, CA Angles =  $\angle ABC, \angle BCA, \angle CAB$  Vertices = A, B, C

14. Classify each angle as acute, obtuse, right or straight.



straight

obtuse

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