

Chapter- 19

# Our Rights and Duties

## WORKSHEET

### Fill in the blanks:

1. Something that is passed on from parent to child is known as hereditary.
2. The directive principles give guidelines to the government for the welfare of the citizens.
3. The Constitution has given the right and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14.
4. The state is ruled by the king or queen is known as monarchy.
5. Our constitution is a set of rules based on which our government runs.

### Multiple Choice Questions:

1. Our Constitution was accepted on 26<sup>th</sup> January 1950 and we celebrate this day as Republic day.
  - a. Preamble
  - b. Independence Day
  - c. Republic day
  - d. Socialist
2. The secularism means that all the people in the country would be free to follow whatever religion they want.
  - a. Secularism
  - b. Socialism
  - c. Democratic
  - d. Republic
3. Ensuring that some people do not become rich by exploiting others is a directive principle.
  - a. preamble
  - b. Directive principle
  - c. right

d. duty

4. We must defend our country at the time of danger is our duty.

a. right

b. duty

c. directive principle

d. welfare

5. A kind of government where people vote to elect leaders who run the country is known as

democracy.

a. socialism

b. democracy

c. secularism

d. sovereign

6. Right to live and travel anywhere in the country is our right.

a. duty

b. right

c. monarchy

d. preamble

7. The preamble to our Constitution describes India as a democratic, socialist, secular, republic.

a. socialism

b. socialism

c. justice

d. preamble

8. We must defend our country at the time of danger is our duty.

a. right

b. duty

c. directive principle

d. welfare

9. A kind of government where people vote to elect leaders who run the country is known as

democracy

- a. socialism
- b. democracy
- c. secularism
- d. sovereign

10. Right to live and travel anywhere in the country is our right.

- a. duty
- b. right
- c. monarchy
- d. preamble

11. The preamble to or Constitution describes India as a democratic, socialist, secular, republic.

- a. socialism
- b. socialism
- c. justice
- d. preamble

12. Right to live and travel anywhere in the country is our right.

- a. duty
- b. right
- c. monarchy
- d. preamble

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Answer the following questions

1. Who is the Father of the constitution?

Ans- Dr. B.R. Ambedkar is the Father of the constitution.

2. 'Democracy is a better form of government than monarchy'. Why?

Ans- Democracy is a better form of government than monarchy because it gives the people power to determine how they ~~can~~ want to be governed and by whom.