

Homework

14. When was BJP formed? Mention its major ideologies?

ans - * BJP was founded in 1980

* Its major ideologies are:-

- To build a strong and modern India by drawing inspiration from India's ancient culture and values; and Deendayal Upadhyaya's ideas of integral humanism and Ambedkar.
- Cultural Nationalism (or 'Hindutva') is an important element in its conception of Indian nationalhood and politics.

24. Which national party of India opposes imperialism and communalism? Discuss two of its main features?

ans - * ~~Comm~~ The Communist Party of India-Marxist (CPI-M) opposes imperialism and communalism

* Two of its main features are:-

- It believes in Marxism-Leninism.
- Accepts democratic elections as a useful and helpful means for securing the objective of

Socio-economic justice in India.

3) Write about the emergence and objectives of CPI.

ans- * Communist Party of India (CPI) was formed in 1925.

* It believes in Marxism-Leninism, secularism and democracy.

* Opposed to the forces of secessionism and communalism.

* Accepts parliamentary democracy as a means of promoting the interests of the working class, farmers and the poor.

4) Examine the objectives of NCP. When did it become a member of the United Progressive Alliance?

ans- * NCP espouses democracy, Gandhian secularism, equity, social justice and federalism.

* Wants that high offices in government be confined to natural born citizens of the country.

* It became a member of the United Progressive Alliance in 2004.