

ASSIGNMENT

1) $u = (-45 \text{ cm})$
 $v = 90 \text{ cm}$

$$\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{90} - \frac{1}{(-45)} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{90} + \frac{1}{45} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1+2}{90} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{90 \cdot 30} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = 30 \text{ cm}$$

\therefore focal length of the convex lens is 30 cm.

$$m = \frac{v}{u} = \left(\frac{90}{-45} \right) = (-2)$$

$$m = \frac{h'}{h}$$

$$\frac{h'}{h} = (-2) \Rightarrow \frac{h'}{5} = (-2) \Rightarrow h' = (-10 \text{ cm})$$

\therefore height of img. is (10 cm) and
img. is real and inverted.

$$u = (-45 \text{ cm}) \quad v = 90 \text{ cm}, \quad f = 30 \text{ cm}$$

when the object is moved 5 cm away,
from the lens.



$$u = -(45 + 5) \text{ cm} = (-50 \text{ cm})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{v'} &= \frac{1}{f} + \frac{1}{u'} = \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{(-50)} = \frac{1}{30} - \frac{1}{50} \\ &= \frac{5 - 3}{150} = \frac{2}{150} = \frac{1}{75} \end{aligned}$$

$$v' = 75 \text{ cm}$$

$$2) \quad P_1 = 3D \quad P_2 = (-1.5D)$$

$$P_n = P_1 + P_2 = 3D + (-1.5D) = (+1.5D)$$

$$P_n = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.5D = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{15}{10} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow f = \frac{10}{15} \Rightarrow f = \left[\frac{(2)}{(3)} 100 \right] \text{ cm}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = \frac{200}{3} \text{ cm}$$

∴ convex lens as power is positive.
focal length is $(\frac{200}{3})$ cm.

$$\text{Combined power} = (+1.5D)$$

3) Concave lens, focal length = $(-25\text{cm}) = 0.25\text{m}$.

$$\text{Power} = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{-1}{25\text{cm}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-1}{0.25} \right) \text{ m} = \frac{-1}{\frac{25}{100}} = -4D$$

In Combination,

Object distance = (-20 cm)

Image distance = v

$$\text{magnification} = \frac{\text{height of image}}{\text{height of object}} = \frac{v}{u}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{-5} \quad m = \frac{v}{-20} = \frac{v}{u}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{-5} = \frac{v}{-20}$$

$$\Rightarrow v = (-100 \text{ cm})$$

$$\frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow v = \frac{uf}{u+f}$$

$$m = \frac{v}{u} \Rightarrow m = \frac{f}{f+u}$$

$$\Rightarrow (-5) = \frac{f}{f-0.2}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = 1.5f$$

$$\Rightarrow 6f = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow f = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P_{\text{comb}} = P_1 + P_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{(1/6)} = \frac{1}{0.25} + \frac{1}{f_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6 = 4 + \frac{1}{f_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{f_2} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow f_2 = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5 \text{ m}$$

Convex lens as f is (+ve).
Focal length = 0.5 m

$$4) \text{ Total power} = (\text{Power}_1) + (\text{Power}_2)$$

$$P_{\text{net}} = P_1 + P_2$$

$$(i) \text{ focal length} = 20 \text{ cm} = 0.2 \text{ m} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$\bullet P = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{(1/5)} = 5 \text{ D}$$

$$\text{So } \bullet P_1 = 10 \text{ D and } P_2 = (-5 \text{ D}).$$

(ii) focal length = $(-10 \text{ cm}) = (-0.1 \text{ m})$

$$= \left(\frac{-1}{10} \right) \text{ m}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-1}{10} \right)} = (-10) \text{ D}$$

So $P_1 = (-20) \text{ D}$ and $P_2 = (+10 \text{ D})$

(iii) focal length = $(-20 \text{ cm}) = (-0.2 \text{ m})$

$$= \left(\frac{-2}{10} \right) \text{ m} = \left(\frac{-1}{5} \right) \text{ m}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-1}{5} \right)} = -5 \text{ D}$$

So $P_1 = (-10 \text{ D})$ and $P_2 = (+5 \text{ D})$

(iv) focal length = $\left(\frac{20}{3} \text{ cm} \right) = \left(\frac{20}{300} \right) \text{ m}$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{30} \right) \text{ m}$$

$$P = \frac{1}{f} = \left(\frac{15}{2} \right) \text{ D} = 15 \text{ D}$$

Either $P_1 = 20 \text{ D}$, $P_2 = (-5 \text{ D})$

or $P_1 = 10 \text{ D}$, $P_2 = 5 \text{ D}$