

Why did some industrialist in 19th century preferred hand labour

they preferred hand labour as there was plenty of labour and needed large capital investment of used machines

1. Machines were costly ineffective difficult to repair and required huge capital investment
2. Labour was available at low wages
3. In seasonal industries only seasonal labour was required
4. Common people demand of a variety of designs and colour and specific type clothes intricate designs and colour could be done by human skill only
5. In Victorian an age the aristocrats and other upper class people preferred things made by hands only

Q) Describe the life of workers in Victorian Britain
(or)

~~The actual~~ Abundance of labour in market affected the life of workers. Example
The actual possibility of getting a job depended on existing network of friendship and kin relations.

Many job seekers had to wait weeks spending nights under bridges or at shelters. Seasonality of work in many industries meant prolonged periods without work. Wages were low but still people were working for long hours. Increased wages bought a little about welfare of workers.

The fear of unemployment made workers hostile to introduction of new technologies.

The upper class in Victorian preferred hand woven clothes why?

It was because hand woven clothes had intricate designs and specific shapes

The upper class preferred it as they

symbolised refinement and class
They were individually produced and carefully
designed.

century