

HOME ASSIGNMENT

- A ball is thrown upward with an initial velocity of 10 ms^{-1} from the top of a 50 m tall building.
- (a) With ~~no~~ what velocity will the ball strike the ground?
- (b) How long does it take the ball to strike the ground?



Given,

$$(a) u = 10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$s = -50 \text{ m}$$

$$a = -g = -10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$(a) 2as = v^2 - u^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times (-10) \times (-50) = v^2 - 100$$

$$\Rightarrow 1100 = v^2$$

$$\Rightarrow v^2 = 1100$$

$$\Rightarrow v = \sqrt{1100} = 10\sqrt{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow v = 10 \times 3.21 = 32.1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$(b) s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow -50 = 10t + \frac{1}{2} \times (-10) \times t^2$$

$$\Rightarrow -50 = 10t - 5t^2$$

$$\Rightarrow -50 = 5(2t - t^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 50 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 200}}{2} = 2s$$

2. A stone is dropped freely in the river from a bridge. It takes 5s to reach the water surface in the river.

Calculate :-

- (i) the height of the bridge from water level.
- (ii) the distance covered by stone in last second? (~~$g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$~~) ($g = 9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

Given,

$$t = 5\text{s}$$

$$a = -g = -9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$u = 0 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$(i) \quad s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = \frac{1}{2} \times -9.8 \times 5^2$$

$$\Rightarrow s = -4.9 \times 25$$

$$\Rightarrow s = -12.25 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow s = -h = -(-12.25 \text{ m})$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 12.25 \text{ m}$$

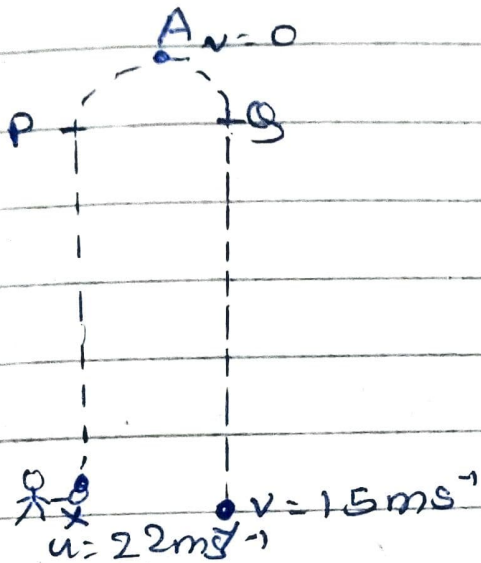
$$(ii) \text{ Distance travelled in last second} = s_{nth}$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{5th} = 0(5) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8)(9)$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{5th} = -4.9 \times 9$$

$$\Rightarrow s_{5th} = -44.1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

3. A tennis ball is struck with a racket, firing it straight upward at 22 meters per second. After how much time will it be falling at 15 ms^{-1} ?



~~Given,~~
~~so = 22 ms⁻¹~~

Case - 1

$$u = 22 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$v = 0 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$t_1 = ?$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow t_1 &= \frac{v - u}{a} \\ &= \frac{0 - 22}{-9.8} \\ &= \frac{22}{9.8} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2.24 \text{ s} \quad \ominus$$

\therefore The tennis ball takes 2.24 s to go up at a velocity of 22 ms^{-1} .

• Case-2

$$u = 0 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$v = 15 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$a = -9.8 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{v-u}{a}$$

$$= \frac{15}{-9.8}$$

$$= -1.53 \text{ s}$$

$$= 1.53 \text{ s} \quad (\because t_2 \text{ can't be -ve)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total time} = t &= t_1 + t_2 = 2.24 + 1.53 \\ &= 3.77 \text{ s} \\ &= 3.8 \text{ s (approx.)} \end{aligned}$$

= x =