

## ● Reasons for growth of nationalism.

→ Awakening of Indians to their rich cultural heritage.

✗ The work of Theosophical society, the Prabhakar Samaj, the Arya Samaj and the Ramakrishna mission awoke a feeling of pride in Indians.

✗ Western scholars like Max Muller and William Jones translated the Vedas, the Upanishads and other works of Indian literature into English.

✗ Their research and writing made Indians aware of their great cultural heritage and made them realise that they were in no way inferior to the Europeans.

→ Exposure to western ideas of democracy and nationalism.

✗ The new system of education exposed the Indian leaders to western ideas of democracy and nationalism.

✓ English became a common medium of exchange of thoughts and ideas for people from different parts of the country which helped unite them.

✓ Indians learnt ~~off~~ and were inspired by the freedom struggles taken place in America and France.

→ Better means of transport and communication

○ ✓ The rail and road networks, the post and telegraph systems established by the British helped to unite the Indians.

✓ Support for revolutionary ideas could spread faster now from one part of the country to another.

## → Growth of regional press and literature

✗ Growth of vernacular journalism and literature was major factor for rise of nationalism.

✗ People like Lokamanya Tilak, Subramanya Bharati, Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, inspired people with their fiery writings in their mother tongue.

✗ Regional press was able to reach a far greater audience with its revolutionary ideas than the English language press.