

1.9.21

Date

Page

18

daily hw
Exercises

4. Discuss the major reasons for poverty in India?

Ans - There were a number of causes for the wide-spread poverty in India. One historical reason is the low level of economic development under the British colonial administration. The low rate of growth persisted until the nineteen-eighties. This resulted in fewer job opportunities & a low growth rate of the population. The two combined to make the growth rate of per capita income very low. Another feature of high poverty rates has been the huge income inequalities. One of the major reasons for this is the unequal distribution of land & other resources.

Q8 Describe the current government strategy of poverty alleviation.

Ans- It's based on two pillars

i) Promotion of economic growth
ii) Targetted anti-poverty programs

i) India's economic growth has gained momentum since 1980 & from then it becomes one of the fastest in the world.

The growth rate almost doubled from the year 1970 to 1980 - 1990.

The higher growth ~~strengthens~~ ~~people to help them to get rid of~~ ~~poverty~~ rate has significantly helped in the ~~reduced~~ reduction of poverty. Economic growth strengthens people to help them to get rid of poverty.

ii) National Rural Employment or Guarantee Act 2005 (NREGA)

National Food to Work Act 2004 (NFWS)

Prime Minister Rojgar Yojana 1993.

Antyodaya Anna Yojana.

Q7 Describe global poverty trends.

Ans: There has been substantial reduction in global poverty, but there are regional disparities as described below

- i) Poverty declined in China & South-East Asian countries as a result of rapid economic growth & huge investments in the development of human resources.
- ii) In Latin America & the Caribbean, the ratio of poverty remained almost the same.
- iii) In sub-Saharan Africa, poverty saw an upward trend due to successive droughts. It rose from 51% in 1981 to 47% in 2008.
- iv) Poverty has again surfaced in some of the former socialist countries like Russia, where formerly it was non-existent.

Q9. (i) What do you ~~not~~ understand by human poverty?

Ans:- Human poverty refers to the denial of political, social & economic opportunities to an individual to maintain a 'reasonable' standard of living.

(ii) Who are the poorest of the poor?

Ans:- Women, female infants & elderly are considered as the poorest of the poor.

(iii) What are the main features of the National ~~Rate~~ Rural Employment Guarantee Act 2005?

Ans: i) To provide 100 days of wage employment to every household to ensure livelihood security.

2. sustainable development to address the cause of drought, deforestation & soil erosion.
3. one third of the proposed jobs under this scheme have been reserved for women.