

Homework

1. Describe the process of unification of Germany?

Ans: i) In the 1800s, nationalist feelings were strong in the hearts of the middle-class Germans.

ii) During the Vienna Congress in 1815, Germany was identified as a loose confederation of 39 states.

iii) They united in 1871 to create a nation-state out of the numerous German states.

iv) Prussia soon became the leader of German unification movement.

v) In January 1871, the Prussian king, William I, was proclaimed the German Emperor in a ceremony held at Versailles.

2. Describe the process of unification of Italy?

Ans: i) There were 3 main leaders were Giuseppe Garibaldi, C. Cavour, and Victor Emmanuel.

ii) Italy was divided into 7 states in which only Sardinia-Piedmont was the only region ruled by an Italian princely house.

iii) The unification of Italy started with the secret societies formed by Mazzini like the Young Italy and the Young Europe.

3. Describe the process of unification of Britain

Ans - * Britain was not a nation state prior to 18th century. The primary identities were based on ethnicity such as English, Welsh, Scot or Irish.

* The steady growth of power made the English nation extend its influence over the other parts of Britain and Islands.

* In 1688, England established a nation state. English parliament seized power from Monarchy.

* In 1707, the United Kingdom of Great Britain formed with the Act of the union between England and Scotland.

* England dominated Scotland and Ireland in all spheres. Britain Parliament was dominated by English members.