

Arithmetic Progressions.

Exercise 5.1.

(i)

(i) Taxi fare of each km = ₹15.
Additional fare = ₹8

$$= a_1 = 15$$

$$= a_2 = 15 + 8 = 23$$

$$= a_3 = 15 + 2 \times 8 = 15 + 16 = 31$$

$$= a_4 = 15 + 3 \times 8 = 15 + 24 = 39$$

AP: 15, 23, 31, 39.

∴ Yes it forms AP as each term is obtained by adding ₹8 to the preceding term.

(ii)

Let the volume be 16 l.

$$\text{Air removed by pump} = \frac{1}{4} \times 16 = 4 \text{ l.}$$

$$\text{Air present after removing} = 16 - 4 = 12.$$

AP: 16, 12, 9...

∴ The common difference is not same.

(iii)

Cost for first metre = ₹150.

Additional metre = ₹50.

$$a_1 = ₹150$$

$$a_2 = a + d = 150 + 50 = ₹200$$

$$a_3 = a + 2d = 150 + 2 \times 50 = 150 + 100 = ₹250$$

$$a_4 = a + 3d = 150 + 3 \times 50 = 150 + 150 = ₹300$$

AP: 150, 200, 250, 300.

Yes, because the cost can be obtained by adding the additional cost with the preceding cost.

$$\text{(iv)} \quad a_1 = ₹10000 \times \left[1 + \frac{8}{100}\right]^2 = 10000 \times \frac{108}{100} = ₹10800$$

$$a_2 = ₹10000 \times \left[1 + \frac{8}{100}\right]^2 = 10000 \times \left[\frac{108}{100}\right]^2 = ₹11664$$

$$a_3 = ₹10000 \times \left[1 + \frac{8}{100}\right]^2 = 10000 \times \left[\frac{108}{100}\right]^3 = ₹12597.12$$

AP: 10800, 11664, 12597.12.

∴ It does not form an AP.

(2)

(i) $a = 10, d = 10$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = 10$

$\Rightarrow a_2 = a + d = 10 + 10 = 20$

$\Rightarrow a_3 = a + 2d = 10 + 10 \times 2 = 10 + 20 = 30$

$\Rightarrow a_4 = a + 3d = 10 + 10 \times 3 = 10 + 30 = 40$

AP: 10, 20, 30, 40.

(ii) $a = -2, d = 0$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = -2$

$\Rightarrow a_2 = a + d = -2 + 0 = -2$

$\Rightarrow a_3 = a + 2d = -2 + 2 \times 0 = -2$

$\Rightarrow a_4 = a + 3d = -2 + 3 \times 0 = -2$

AP: -2, -2, -2, -2.

(iii) $a = 4, d = -3$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = 4$

$\Rightarrow a_2 = a + d = 4 + (-3) = 4 - 3 = 1$

$\Rightarrow a_3 = a + 2d = 4 + 2 \times (-3) = 4 - 6 = -2$

$\Rightarrow a_4 = a + 3d = 4 + 3 \times (-3) = 4 - 9 = -5$

AP: 4, 1, -2, -5

(iv) $a = -1, d = \frac{1}{2}$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = -1$

$\Rightarrow a_2 = a + d = -1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{-2+1}{2} = \frac{-1}{2}$

$\Rightarrow a_3 = a + 2d = -1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = -1 + 1 = 0$

$\Rightarrow a_4 = a + 3d = -1 + \frac{1}{2} \times 3 = \frac{-2+3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

$\therefore AP: -1, -\frac{1}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2}$

(v) $a = -1.25, d = -0.25$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = -1.25$

$\Rightarrow a_2 = -1.25 + (-0.25) = -1.25 - 0.25 = -1.5$

$\Rightarrow a_3 = -1.25 + 2 \times (-0.25) = -1.25 - 0.5 = -1.75$

$\Rightarrow a_4 = -1.25 + 3 \times (-0.25) = -1.25 - 0.75 = -2.00$

$\therefore AP: -1.25, -1.5, -1.75, -2.00$

③

(i) $3, 1, -1, -3, \dots$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = 3$

$\Rightarrow d = 1 - 3$

$d = -2$

(ii) $-5, -1, 3, 7, \dots$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = -5$

$\Rightarrow d = -1 - (-5)$

$d = 4$

(iii) $\frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{9}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, \dots$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{1}{3}$

$\Rightarrow d = \frac{5-1}{3}$

$d = \frac{4}{3}$

(iv) $0.6, 1.7, 2.8, 3.9, \dots$

$\Rightarrow a_1 = 0.6$

$d = 1.7 - 0.6$

$d = 1.1$

(iv) $-10, -6, -2, 2$.

$\Rightarrow -6 - (-10) = -6 + 10 = 4$.

$\Rightarrow -2 - (-6) = -2 + 6 = 4$

$d = 4$

$a_5 = a + 4d = -10 + 4 \times 4 = -10 + 16 = 6$.

$a_6 = a + 5d = -10 + 4 \times 5 = -10 + 20 = 10$.

$a_7 = a + 6d = -10 + 4 \times 6 = -10 + 24 = 12$.

AP: $-10, -6, -2, 2, 6, 10, 12$

(v) $3, 3 + \sqrt{2}, 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, 3 + 3\sqrt{2}, \dots$

$\Rightarrow 3 + \sqrt{2} - 3 = \sqrt{2}$.

$\Rightarrow 3 + 2\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$.

$d = \sqrt{2}$

$a_5 = a + 4d = 3 + 4 \times \sqrt{2} = 3 + 4\sqrt{2}$.

$a_6 = a + 5d = 3 + 5 \times \sqrt{2} = 3 + 5\sqrt{2}$.

$a_7 = a + 6d = 3 + 6 \times \sqrt{2} = 3 + 6\sqrt{2}$.

AP: $3, 3 + \sqrt{2}, 3 + 2\sqrt{2}, 3 + 3\sqrt{2}, 3 + 4\sqrt{2}, 3 + 5\sqrt{2}, 3 + 6\sqrt{2}$

(vi) $0.2, 0.22, 0.222, 0.2222, \dots$

$\Rightarrow 0.22 - 0.2 = 0.02$.

$0.222 - 0.22 = 0.002$

\therefore It is not an AP

(vii) $0, -4, -8, -12, \dots$

$$\Rightarrow -4 - 0 = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow -8 - (-4) = -8 + 4 = -4$$

$$\boxed{d = -4}$$

$$a_5 = a + 4d = 0 + 4 \times -4 = -16$$

$$a_6 = a + 5d = 0 + 5 \times -4 = -20$$

$$a_7 = a + 6d = 0 + 6 \times -4 = -24$$

$$\boxed{AP: 0, -4, -8, -12, -16, -20, -24}$$

(viii) $\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \dots$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{2} - \left[\frac{-1}{2} \right] = \frac{-1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{2} - \left[\frac{-1}{2} \right] = \frac{-1}{2} - \frac{-1}{2} = 0$$

$$\boxed{d = 0}$$

$$a_5 = a + 4d = \frac{-1}{2} + 4 \times 0 = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$a_6 = a + 5d = \frac{-1}{2} + 5 \times 0 = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$a_7 = a + 6d = \frac{-1}{2} + 6 \times 0 = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$\boxed{AP: \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}, \frac{-1}{2}}$$

(in) 1, 3, 9, 27...

→ $3 - 1 = 2$

→ $9 - 3 = 6$

It is not an AP.

(m) $a, 2a, 3a, 4a \dots$

→ $2a - a = a$

→ $3a - 2a = a$

$d = a$

$a_5 = a + 4d = a + 4 \times a = a + 4a = 5a$

$a_6 = a + 5d = a + 5 \times a = 6a$

$a_7 = a + 6d = a + 6 \times a = 7a$

∴ AP: $a, 2a, 3a, 4a, 5a, 6a, 7a$

(ni) $a, a^2, a^3, a^4 \dots$

→ $a^2 - a = a(a - 1)$

→ $a^3 - a^2 = a^2(a - 1)$

No, it is not an AP

(iii) $\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{8}, \sqrt{18}, \sqrt{32} \dots$

→ $\sqrt{2}, 2\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{2}, 4\sqrt{2}$

→ $2\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$

→ $3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$

$d = \sqrt{2}$

$a_5 = a + 4d = \sqrt{2} + 4 \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{2} = 5\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{50}$

$a_6 = a + 5d = \sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} = 6\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{72}$

$a_7 = a + 6d = \sqrt{2} + 6 \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2} = 7\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{98}$

AP: $\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{8}, \sqrt{18}, \sqrt{32}, \sqrt{50}, \sqrt{72}, \sqrt{98}$

$$\text{iii) } \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{6}, \sqrt{9}, \sqrt{12} \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3}, 2\sqrt{3}, \dots$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{3 \times 2} - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2} - 1)$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{9} - \sqrt{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{3 \times 3} - \sqrt{3 \times 2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})$$

\therefore It is not an AP.

$$\text{(iv) } 1^2, 3^2, 5^2, 7^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3^2 - 1^2 = 9 - 1 = 8$$

$$\rightarrow 5^2 - 3^2 = 25 - 9 = 16$$

Not an AP.

$$\text{(v) } 1^2, 5^2, 9^2, 13^2 \dots$$

$$\rightarrow 5^2 - 1^2 = 25 - 1 = 24$$

$$9^2 - 5^2 = 81 - 25 = 24$$

$$d = 24$$

$$a_5 = a + 4d = 1^2 + 4 \times 24 = 1 + 96 = 97$$

$$a_6 = a + 5d = 1^2 + 5 \times 24 = 1 + 120 = 121$$

$$a_7 = a + 6d = 1^2 + 6 \times 24 = 1 + 144 = 145$$

AP: 1, 25, 49, 73, 97, 121, 145